Annual Performance Report for IDEA Part B

Iowa Department of Education



FFY 2010 (2010-2011) Submitted February 1, 2012

IOWA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

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Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The SEA staff developed the Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities, and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the state Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), the Area Education Agencies (AEA) administration, the Iowa Department of Education staff, AEA High School Reform Consultants, and the Learning Supports Advisory Team.

Consistent with comments in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Table from OSEP, for Indicator 1, the SEA will report on progress or slippage on the required measurement, on improvement activities described in the State Performance Plan that were implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the outcomes of improvement activities implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and changes to improvement activities to be reported on for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbook-application&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: FAPE in the LRE

Indicator 1: Percent of youth with IEPs graduating from high school with a regular diploma.

(20 U.S.C. 1416 (a)(3)(A))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report. In addition, the following data source is required in the current Part B Measurement Table (OMB NO: 1820-0624 / Expiration Date: 2/29/2012).

Measurement: States must report using the graduation rate calculation and timeline established by the Department under the ESEA.

Data Source: Same data as used for reporting to the Department under Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA).

The percent of youth with IEPs graduating from high school is a performance indicator, and states must align the targets for this measure to the measureable objectives for all students and subgroups used in

the state's Accountability Workbook under the ESEA. After alignment, lowa's targets for the remainder of this SPP range from 81.00% to 85.00%.

Graduation in the State of Iowa is defined as (1) a student who has received a regular diploma who completed all unmodified district graduation requirements in the standard number of four years, or (2) students receiving a regular diploma from an alternative placement within the district, or who have had the requirements modified in accordance with a disability. Students who have finished the high school program but did not earn a diploma, or earned a certificate of attendance or other credential in lieu of a diploma are not considered graduates (Iowa NCLB Accountability Workbook).

This is the first year that Iowa has reported using the Title I cohort graduation rate. The four-year fixed cohort graduation rate is calculated for the class of 2010 by dividing the number of students in the cohort (denominator) who graduate with a regular high school diploma in four years or less by the number of first-time 9th graders enrolled in the fall of 2006 minus the number of students who transferred out plus the total number of students who transferred in.

Title I Cohort Graduation Rate = (FG + TIG) / (F + TI - TO)

FG = First-time 9th grade students in fall of 2006 and graduated in 2010 or earlier

TIG = Students who transferred in grades 9 to 12 and graduated in 2010 or sooner

F = First-time 9th grade students in fall of 2006

TI = Transferred in the first-time 9th graders' cohort in grades 9 to 12

TO = Transfer out (including emigrates and deceased)

First-time freshmen and transferred-in students include: resident students attending a public school in the district; non-resident students open-enrolled in, whole-grade sharing in, or tuition in; and foreign students on Visa. Those excluded are: home-schooled and nonpublic schooled students; public school students enrolled in another district but taking courses on a part-time basis; and foreign exchange students.

Students receiving regular diplomas are included as graduates in the numerator. Early graduates are included in the original cohort. All students who take longer to graduate (including students with IEPs) are included in the denominator but not in the numerator for the four-year rate.

The five-year fixed cohort graduation rate, or extended rate, is calculated using a similar methodology as the four-year fixed cohort rate. The extended rate for the cohort of 2005 is calculated by dividing the number of students in the cohort (denominator) who graduate with a regular high school diploma in five years or less (by the 2009-2010 school year) by the number of first-time 9th graders enrolled in the fall of 2005 minus the number of students who transferred out plus the total number of students who transferred in. The five-year fixed cohort rate will maintain the same denominator as the previous year's four-year cohort rate, simply adding students who graduate in the fifth year to the numerator.

Equation B1.3 lowa Four-Year Cohort Rate Using Four Years of Data FFY 2008 (2008-2009)

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2009 (2009-2010)	The percent of youth with IEPs graduating high school with a regular diploma will be greater than or equal to 83.00%.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Actual target data for Indicator B1 for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) are summarized in Figures B1.1 and B1.2.

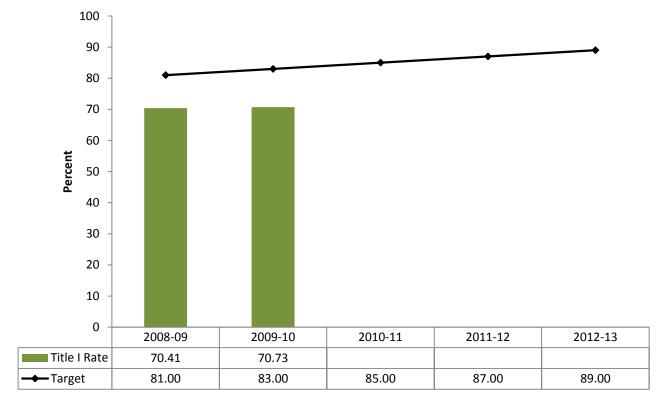


Figure B1.1. Percent of youth with IEPs graduating high school with a regular diploma based on the Title I Rate. Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER, FFY 2008 (2008-2009) through FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

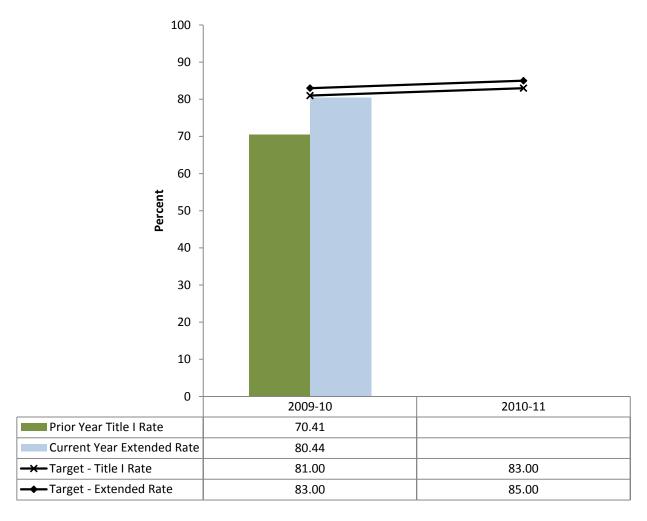


Figure B1.2. Percent of youth with IEPs graduating high school with a regular diploma based on the Title I Rate and Extended Rate. Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER, FFY 2008 (2008-2009) through FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

As depicted in Figure B1.1, Iowa did not meet the target for Indicator 1 for FFY 2009 (2009-2010)¹. The actual data showed 70.73% of students with IEPs graduating high school with a regular diploma while the measureable and rigorous target was 83.00%. In order to determine if this represents progress or slippage from FFY 2008 (2008-2009) we use the comparison of the prior year's Title I rate of 70.41. Figure B1.1 shows a moderate increase of 0.32% from the prior fiscal year.

Figure B1.2 shows both the Title I rate and the extended rate for the cohort of students who entered the ninth grade in 2005. The data demonstrate that when these students were given an additional year to complete graduation requirements the percentage of students graduating with a regular high school diploma increased 10.03%. The state still did not meet the extended rate target of 83.00%.

Tables B1.1 through B1.3 provide numbers and percentages for each AEA and the State for: (a) Number of students with IEPs graduating with a regular high school diploma (b) Number of students in the cohort,

¹ Iowa is submitting data for FFY 2009 (2009-2010) in alignment with data submitted in the State Report Card for NCLB and the state's accountability workbook plan.

(c) Number of students with IEPs transferring out of the cohort (d) Number of students with IEPs transferring into the cohort, and (e) Percent of youth with IEPs graduating with a regular diploma for FFY 2008 (2008-2009) and 2009 (2009-2010). Numbers and percentages are provided for both the Title I and extended rates. (Note: AEAs are the subrecipients of Part B funds in the state of lowa and are considered lowa's LEAs for the purposes of reporting in the SPP and APR, as per the State Eligibility Document.)

Table B1.1

Number and Percent of Students with IEPs Graduating with a Regular Diploma, by AEA

Title I Rate FFY 2008 (2008-2009)

AEA	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	State
(a) n of on-time graduates in 2009	346	275	524	285	447	945	321	234	108	319	3804
(b) n of 9th graders in fall 2005	475	445	900	607	936	1613	529	459	166	571	6701
(c) n of students transferred out	60	76	158	140	228	314	98	94	24	106	1298
(d) n of students transferred in	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(e) Percent of youth with IEPs graduating with a regular high school diploma	83.37%	74.53%	70.62%	61.03%	63.14%	72.75%	74.48%	64.11%	76.06%	68.60%	70.41%

Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER, FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

Table B1.2

Number and Percent of Students with IEPs Graduating with a Regular Diploma, by AEA

Title I Rate FFY 2009 (2009-2010)

	•	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	State
299	228	590	279	406	994	269	223	126	285	3699
429	413	884	586	898	1556	451	442	178	551	6388
67	90	124	130	149	276	85	89	34	114	1158
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20.000/	70.500/	77 000/	04.4007	54 O40/	77 000/	70.500/	00.470/	07.500/	05 000/	70.73%
32	429 67	429 413 67 90 0 0	429 413 884 67 90 124 0 0 0 2.60% 70.59% 77.63%	429 413 884 586 67 90 124 130 0 0 0 0 2.60% 70.59% 77.63% 61.18%	429 413 884 586 898 67 90 124 130 149 0 0 0 0 0	429 413 884 586 898 1556 67 90 124 130 149 276 0 0 0 0 0 2.60% 70.59% 77.63% 61.18% 54.21% 77.66%	429 413 884 586 898 1556 451 67 90 124 130 149 276 85 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2.60% 70.59% 77.63% 61.18% 54.21% 77.66% 73.50%	429 413 884 586 898 1556 451 442 67 90 124 130 149 276 85 89 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2.60% 70.59% 77.63% 61.18% 54.21% 77.66% 73.50% 63.17%	429 413 884 586 898 1556 451 442 178 67 90 124 130 149 276 85 89 34 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2.60% 70.59% 77.63% 61.18% 54.21% 77.66% 73.50% 63.17% 87.50%	429 413 884 586 898 1556 451 442 178 551 67 90 124 130 149 276 85 89 34 114 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2.60% 70.59% 77.63% 61.18% 54.21% 77.66% 73.50% 63.17% 87.50% 65.22%

Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER, FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

Table B1.3

Number and Percent of Students with IEPs Graduating with a Regular Diploma, by AEA Extended Rate FFY 2009 (2009-2010)

				iaca itate	000	(2000 20.0	<u>''</u>				
AEA	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	State
(a) n of on-time graduates in 2010	367	313	585	333	566	1040	370	285	116	371	4346
(b) n of 9th graders in fall 2005	475	445	900	607	936	1613	529	459	166	571	6701
(c) n of students transferred out	60	76	158	140	228	314	98	94	24	106	1298
(d) n of students transferred in	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(e) Percent of youth with IEPs graduating with a regular high school diploma	88.43%	84.82%	78.84%	71.31%	79.94%	80.06%	85.85%	78.08%	81.69%	79.78%	80.44%

Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER, FFY 2008 (2008-2009).

Figure B1.3 depicts performance for each AEA and the State of Iowa in FFY 2008 (2008-2009) and 2009 (2009-2010) using the Title I rate, against the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) target of 83.00%.

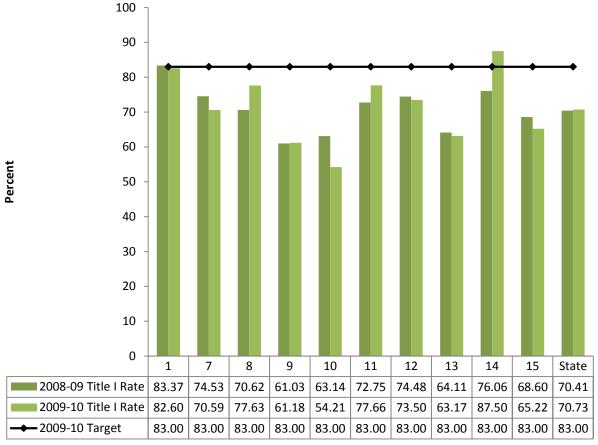


Figure B1.3. Percent of youth with IEPs graduating high school with a regular diploma based on the Title I rate, by AEA. Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER, FFY 2008 (2008-2009), and FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

Figure B1.3 indicates that for FFY 2009 (2009-2010), one AEA met the Measurable and Rigorous Target of 83.00%. Four of ten AEAs showed improvement from FFY 2008 (2008-2009) data.

Figure B1.4 depicts performance for each AEA and the State of Iowa in FFY 2008 (2008-2009) and 2009 (2009-2010) using the Title I rate and extended rate for students who entered the ninth grade in 2005. All AEAs showed a measurable increase in the percent of students graduating with a regular diploma using the extended rate. Three of nine AEAs met the extended rate target.

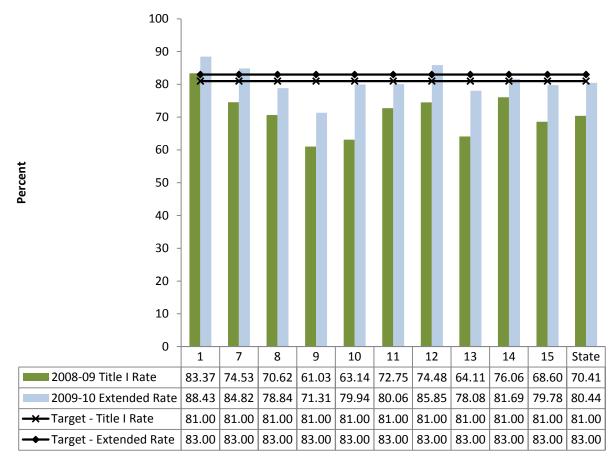


Figure B1.4. Percent of youth with IEPs graduating high school with a regular diploma based on the Title I Rate and Extended Rate, by AEA. Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER, FFY 2008 (2008-2009), and FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B1.4.

Table B1.4 mprovement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)									
Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps							
Evaluation. Data were verified within the Project EASIER system.	Improved accuracy of graduation data.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013)							
Evaluation. Graduation data and related results (e.g., Compulsory Age Study) were analyzed across the following key stakeholders: Special Education Advisory Panel, SEA Staff, Iowa Collaboration for Youth Development, Iowa Rapidly Improving Schools Consultants, and the Learning Supports Advisory Team.	Stakeholders determined actions for 2010-2011 should include: (1) Work within the Learning Supports Implementation Teams (a team of 3 consultants in each AEA in the areas of Learning Supports, PBIS and Challenging Behavior) should continue in the areas of Supports for Instruction and Safe, Healthy, Caring Learning Environments; (2) The Iowa Rapidly Improving Schools should continue with results reported at the conclusion of 2010-2011 to determine the extent of continued resources/support; (3) Based on data, reviewed school communities should be identified based on established criteria, such as those with the lowest graduation rates across subgroups, to study, support and provide intense technical assistance as partners with the AEA using a strong; continuous improvement model (4) A cross-state agency resource directory and implementation manual should be developed to facilitate agency coordination and local community access to supports.	Evaluation of data is ongoing through FYI 2012 (2012-2013); data analysis for FFY 2010 indicated work should continue as indicated below: (1) Work with the Area Education Agency consultants and the lowa Department of Education is focused on Supports for Instruction and Safe, Healthy, Caring Learning Environments (2) Iowa Rapidly Improving Schools (IRIS) provided the department with the following critical information: (a) a tiered-model of prevention and intervention is critical to student academic and behavioral progress; and (b) consistent data support across the system provides the foundation for data-based decision-making. It was determined that IRIS will sunset, and the information gleaned will be used to inform lowa's Response to Intervention initiative (3) Twenty high schools were identified based on the following data: attendance, graduation, dropout, suspensions/expulsions and survey results across the domains of Safety, Engagement and Environment (Conditions for Learning); these schools are being supported with technical assistance in the continuous improvement model (4) The cross-state agency resource directory is in progress; it will be an online, searchable database by 2012.							
Provide technical assistance. The SEA continued to develop and provide technical assistance for LEAs to (a) appropriately use lowa's reporting process, and (b) appropriately identify	 (1) Alignment of identified student needs to appropriate practices is continuing through FFY 2010; (2) Provided direct technical assistance to each of lowa's LEAs. 	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)							

students at-risk of school failure and select appropriate interventions/strategies supported by appropriate resources.					
Improve systems administration and monitoring. The SEA used graduation data in making annual AEA and LEA determinations.	All LEAs and AEAs were notified of determinations status. Three districts are being monitored for performance on graduation based on FFY 2007 data. The districts have developed a corrective action plan and are receiving technical assistance from the AEA and SEA.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)			
Provide technical assistance. Develop supports and targeted technical assistance to communities in most need: (1) Identify communities in most need as either (a) districts with the lowest graduation rates across subgroups, highest dropout rates across subgroups, and highest minority enrollments, or (b) schools/districts in need of assistance/persistently lowachieving schools. (2) Conduct community conversations in select sites to determine what supports are needed to reach a 95% graduation rate. (3) Based on results of conversations as well as results from survey of Conditions for Learning (referred to in B2) —develop/coordinate supports and targeted technical assistance with communities in most need.	(1) Communities Identified (2) Conversations conducted; results to guide supports/direct technical assistance (3) 2011-supports coordinated and technical assistance provided in collaboration with AEA LSIT and state agencies; 2012 direct impact on graduation rates for students with IEPs	 Schools/communities were initially identified for community conversations as indicated; targeted schools/communities were identified based on the following data: attendance, graduation, dropout, suspensions/expulsions and survey results across the domains of Safety, Engagement and Environment (Conditions for Learning) Community conversations across 12 communities were conducted to focus support cross-state agency Through 2011-2014, supports will be coordinated and technical assistance provided in collaboration with the Area Education Agencies 			
Provide technical assistance. Develop cross-state agency resource directory and implementation manual to facilitate agency coordination and local community access to supports.	 (1) Manual developed (2) Training developed and delivered (3) Increased awareness and access to supports for students and families 	The cross-state agency resource directory is in progress; it will be an online, searchable database by 2012.			
Provide technical assistance. Engage national/local experts in the areas of Supports for Instruction; Safe, Healthy, and Caring Learning Environments and Youth Engagement for the purpose of identifying (a) Key indicators and thresholds, (b) Effective practices that match needs.	(1) Key indicators established(2) Thresholds established(3) Practices identified	 (1) Key Indicators have been established for Conditions for Learning (2) Thresholds have been established (3) Beginning FFY 2011 (2011-2012) 			

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The analyses of FFY 2009 (2009-2010) data form the basis of discussion that follows.

For FFY 2009 (2009-2010), the Actual Target Data for the State of Iowa was 70.73%, while the Measurable and Rigorous Target for FFY 2009 (2009-2010) was 83.00%. Iowa did not meet the target but showed 0.32% improvement in the Title I cohort rate from Actual Target Data obtained in FFY 2008 (2008-2009). The SEA attributes the modest improvement of the graduation rate for students with IEPs to beginning efforts to establish targeted assistance to identified districts through the use of continuous improvement processes (data-based decision-making processes) which include ongoing review of data, identification of needs/gaps based on data review, identification of interventions/solutions based on need, implementation of solutions and ongoing review of effects that would then result in needed revision.

Revisions, wi	ith Justification,	to Proposed	Targets /	Improvement	Activities /	Timelines /
Resources fo	r FFY 2011 (201	1-2012):	_	-		

No new activities are proposed for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The SEA staff developed the Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) by reviewing baseline data, proposed targets, and improvement activities, and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the state Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), the Area Education Agencies (AEA) administration, the Iowa Department of Education staff, Learning Supports Coordinators at the AEAs, and the Learning Supports Advisory Team.

Consistent with comments in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Table from OSEP, for Indicator 2, the SEA will report on progress or slippage on the required measurement, on improvement activities described in the State Performance Plan that were implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the outcomes of improvement activities implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and changes to improvement activities to be reported on for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of lowa Department of Education website (<a href="http://www.iowa.gov/educate/index.php?option=com_content&task=category§ionid=22&id=552<emid=592">http://www.iowa.gov/educate/index.php?option=com_content&task=category§ionid=22&id=552<emid=592) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to lowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

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http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbook-application&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: FAPE in the LRE

Indicator 2: Percent of youth with IEPs dropping out of high school.

(20 U.S.C. 1416 (a)(3)(A))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report. In addition, the following data source is required in the current Part B Measurement Table (OMB NO: 1820-0624 / Expiration Date: 2/29/2012).

Measurement: States must report using the dropout data used in the ESEA graduation rate calculation and follow the timeline established by the Department under the ESEA.

Data Source: Same data as used for reporting to the Department under Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA).

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2009 (2009-2010)	The percent of youth with IEPs dropping out of high school will be less than or equal to 12.90%.

The percent of youth with IEPs dropping out of high is a performance indicator. Therefore, each state is allowed by OSEP to set their own target from baseline data. Measurable, rigorous targets range from 12.90% to 11.73% for the remainder of the six-year State Performance Plan.

lowa's process for determining which students count as dropouts has not changed. The measurement and targets we use for this indicator have changed, therefore we are submitting this indicator summary with a new measurement aligned with lowa's reporting under the ESEA and proposed targets.

Students who satisfy one or more of the following conditions are considered dropouts:

- 1. Was enrolled in school at some time during the previous school year and was not enrolled by October 1 of the current school year; or
- 2. Was not enrolled by October 1 of the previous school year although was expected to be enrolled sometime during the previous school year (*i.e.*, not reported as a dropout the year before; and
- Has not graduated from high school or completed a State or district-approved educational program; and
- 4. Does not meet any of the following exclusionary conditions:
 - a) Transfer to another public school district, private school, or State or district-approved educational program,
 - b) Temporary school-recognized absence due to suspension or illness,
 - c) Death.
 - d) Moved out of the State or Country.

A student who left the regular program to attend an adult program designed to earn a General Educational Development (GED) or an adult high school diploma administered by a community college is considered a dropout. A student who enrolls in an alternative school administered by a public school district is not considered a dropout.

The dropout rate is calculated using the same data used in the Title I cohort graduation rate for Indicator B1. The resulting calculation is a four-year dropout cohort rate, measured as shown below for the graduating class of 2010.

Iowa Four-Year Fixed Cohort Dropout Rate = DO/(F + TI - TO)

DO = Dropouts among first-time 9th grade students in fall of 2006

F = First-time 9th grade students in fall of 2006

TI = Transferred in the first-time 9th graders' cohort in grades 9 to 12

TO = Transfer out (including emigrates and deceased)

First-time freshmen and transferred-in students include: resident students attending a public school in the district; non-resident students open-enrolled in, whole-grade sharing in, or tuition in; and foreign students on Visa. Those excluded are: home-schooled and nonpublic schooled students; public school students enrolled in another district but taking courses on a part-time basis; and foreign exchange students.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Actual target data for Indicator B2 for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) are summarized in Figure B1.1.

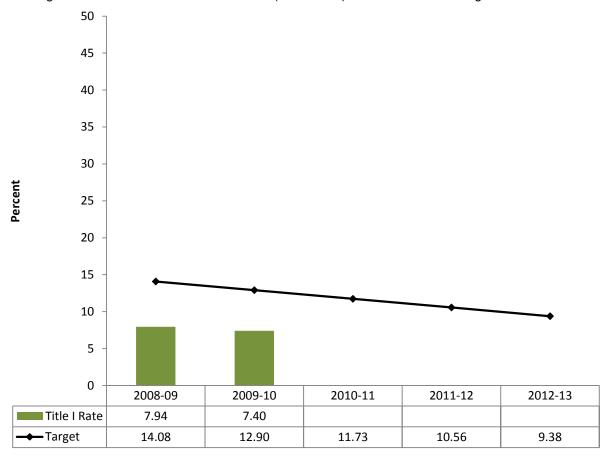


Figure B2.1. State Percent of Students with IEPs Dropping Out. Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER Tables, FFY 2008 (2008-2009) through FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Note. Target range is less than or equal to target value.

For FFY 2009 (2009-2010), the four-year cohort dropout rate was 7.40%. The four-year cohort dropout rate based decreased from 7.94% in FFY 2008 (2008-2009) to 7.40% in FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

Table B2.1 provides dropout data calculated for each Area Education Agency (AEA) and the State. (Note: AEAs are the subrecipients of Part B funds in the state of Iowa and are considered Iowa's LEAs for the purposes of reporting in the SPP and APR, as per the State Eligibility Document).

Data in table B2.1 represent: (a) the number of students with IEPs in the cohort dropping out, (b) the number of students with IEPs in the cohort, (c) the number of students with IEPs transferring out, (d) the number students with IEPs transferring in, (e) the percent of students with IEPs dropping out.

² Iowa is submitting data for FFY 2009 (2009-2010) in alignment with data submitted in the State Report Card for NCLB and the state's accountability workbook plan.

Table B2.1 Number and Percent of Students with IEPs Dropping Out, by AEA Title I Rate FFY 2008 (2008-2009)

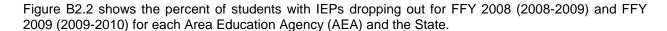
AEA	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	State
(a) n of dropouts in 2009	29	22	75	58	39	100	21	26	12	47	429
(b) n of 9th graders in fall 2005	475	445	900	607	936	1613	529	459	166	571	6701
(c) n of students transferred out	60	76	158	140	228	314	98	94	24	106	1298
(d) n of students transferred in	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(e) Percent of youth with IEPs dropping out	6.99%	5.96%	10.11%	12.42%	5.51%	7.70%	4.87%	7.12%	8.45%	10.11%	7.94%

Source. lowa Department of Education Project EASIER Tables, FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

Table B2.2 Number and Percent of Students with IEPs Dropping Out, by AEA Title I Rate FFY 2009 (2009-2010)

AEA	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	State
(a) n of dropouts in 2010	25	23	59	54	41	85	19	40	5	36	387
(b) n of 9th graders in fall 2006	429	413	884	586	898	1556	451	442	178	551	6388
(c) n of students transferred out	67	90	124	130	149	276	85	89	34	114	1158
(d) n of students transferred in	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(e) Percent of youth											
with IEPs dropping out	82.60%	70.59%	77.63%	61.18%	54.21%	77.66%	73.50%	63.17%	87.50%	65.22%	7.40%

Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER Tables, FFY 2009 (2009-2010).



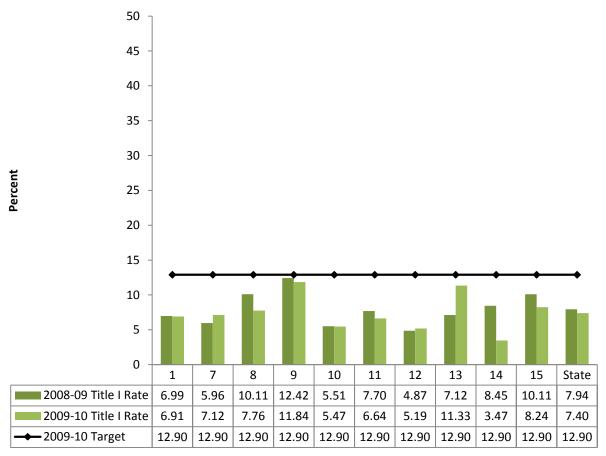


Figure B2.2. Percent of Students with IEPs Dropping Out Across AEAs and the State, FFY 2008 (2008-2009) and FFY 2009 (2009-2010). Source. lowa Department of Education Project EASIER Tables, FFY 2008 (2008-2009).

Figure B2.2 indicates that the percent of students with IEPs dropping out ranged from a low of 3.47% to a high of 11.84% among the state's AEAs. All AEAs met the target, and seven of ten AEAs showed improvement from FFY 2008 (2008-2009) data.

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2009 (2009-2010):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B2.4.

Table B2.4 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) Improvement Activity Measurable Outcomes Status/Next Steps									
•	ivieasurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps							
Evaluation. Data were verified within the Project EASIER system.	Improved accuracy of dropout data.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013)							
Evaluation. Dropout data, results of community conversations and compulsory age focus groups, and Learning Supports data across 6 result areas were analyzed with the following key stakeholders: SEA Staff, lowa Collaboration for Youth Development, and the Learning Supports Advisory Team.	Stakeholders determined that the Learning Supports Advisory Team should continue as an active team to provide critical input/direction to Learning Supports, and the indicators of Graduation, Dropout and Suspension/Expulsion. Further, interventions/work should focus on schools in most need of assistance within a strong continuous improvement model.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013)							
Evaluation. The Learning Supports Advisory Team was convened bi-monthly to investigate additional initiatives/technical assistance/programs to support all children/youth and prevent them from dropping out of school.	Bi-monthly meetings were convened; meeting results were analyzed and reported back to LSAT to improve process, function and products; state data were analyzed; the following were specific recommendations from LSAT: (1) Learning Supports should continue to be supported within the AEAs through FTE, and the Learning Supports Implementation Teams at each AEA (Teams of 3 consultants in Learning Supports, PBIS and Challenging Behaviors) should continue; (2) Learning Supports should continue to be embedded into existing programs/initiatives at the Department. (3) Learning Supports Advisory Team should continue with an active role in determining #4 below. (4) To impact the culture/climate of schools and support the skills necessary to remain in school, the SEA should develop/establish (a) Culture/climate standards, (b) social/emotional learning Core Curriculum, and (c) measures for Conditions for Learning to provide data for schools to make critical decisions, and follow impact/progress over time.	Evaluation of data is ongoing through FYI 2012 (2012-2013); data analysis for FFY 2010 indicated work should continue as indicated below: (5) Work with the Area Education Agency consultants and the Iowa Department of Education is focused on Supports for Instruction and Safe, healthy, Caring Learning Environments (6) Learning Supports are continuing to be embedded into the Departmental structure, specifically in the area of Safe, Healthy, Caring Learning Environments (7) The Learning Supports Advisory Team meets bi-monthly to advise, vet and provide input son Safe, Healthy, Caring Learning Environments (8) Measures for Conditions for Learning were established; further analyses to establish constructs will occur in FFY 2011 and FFY 2012. Subsequent to determining the final survey for Conditions for Learning, standards and core curriculum will be established.							
Program Development Engage in three broad goals with related activities to develop/sustain Learning Supports: (1) Establish infrastructure to support the Mission and Vision of state-wide Learning Supports – Develop, pilot, revise and implement: a. Standardized data reporting tools across audience, use and message type; b. A comprehensive list of programs/strategies within Core/Universal, Supplemental/Secondary and Intensive/Tertiary and across the 6 content areas of Learning Supports; c. An online tool to access (b)	 (1) Infrastructure established and maintained for sustainability (2) Learning Supports Self-Study Guide and Implementation Guide (3) Standardized communication plan established 	 (1) Prototype completed; statewide release in FFY 2012 (2) Draft completed; statewide release in FFY 2012 (3) Completed (communication is ongoing) 							

d. Content and Connections with the lowa Core Curriculum (2) Establish tools to guide implementation of state-wide Learning Supports – Develop, pilot, revise and implement: a. Systems of Learning Supports Self-Study Guide which includes the Learning Supports Implementation Checklist as recommended by stakeholders b. Systems of Learning Supports Implementation Guide which includes the recommended products from stakeholder input (e.g., Cohesive Intervention Framework, Alignment Document, etc.) (3) Establish communication plan for state-wide Learning Supports – Develop, pilot, revise and implement: a. Standardized communication tools b. Case for change and awareness of Learning Supports c. Annual Conference structure and format d. Website for the general public e. Wiki for state-led Learning Supports development/collaborations Program Development Develop Component Recovery content units aligned with the lowa Core		Units are completed and posted; the SEA
Curriculum to provide students options to complete unit credits by: (1) Developing content units (2) Reviewing content units for lowa Core alignment and best practices (3) Posting units on content website for statewide access	 (1) At least 20 content units developed (2) Units reviewed and revised (3) Units posted on website for statewide access 	provided the foundation for unit development. Currently units are being developed across the state for review and posting. Unit development/posting will be ongoing outside of the SEA.
Program Development Develop a statewide Learning Supports network (1) Learning Supports FTE secured at each AEA (2) Develop Learning Supports Implementation Team (LSIT) at each AEA to increase capacity and sustainability (FTE for Learning Supports, Positive Behavioral Supports and Challenging Behaviors secured at each AEA). (3) Provide training for AEA teams (4) Embed Learning Supports into existing Department initiatives (e.g., Schools In Need of Assistance; Iowa Core Curriculum; School Improvement) (5) Skill-building workshops provided to network focused on mental health wraparound, PBIS, challenging behavior, transition, parent engagement and community partnerships	(1) Learning Supports FTE secured (2) Learning Supports Implementation Team in place (3) SEA and AEA Accountability system developed (4) Learning Supports framework/strategies embedded within other major DE initiatives (5) Skill-building workshops provided; workshop evaluations	 (1) Learning Supports FTE has been secured (2) Learning Supports Implementation Team is in place (3) SEA and AEA accountability system is in development through FFY 2010 (4) Learning Supports framework/strategies were embedded within the Iowa Core Curriculum, the Iowa Rapidly Improving Schools project, PBIS, Olweus, and the Challenging Behavior project – work at embedding across further state initiatives is ongoing (5) 6 workshop dates were provided in 2009-2010 focused on mental health wraparound, PBIS, challenging behavior, transition, parent engagement and community partnerships; between 100-400 attendees from across the state attended each workshop series.
used dropout data in making annual AEA	determinations status. One district is	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013)

and LEA determinations during FFY 2010 (2010-2011).	being monitored for performance on dropout based on FFY 2007 data. The district has developed a corrective action plan and is receiving technical assistance from the AEA and SEA.	
Provide technical assistance. Learning Supports workshops days coordinated across several SEA staff will be provided across six days of training, focused on mental health wraparound, PBIS, challenging behavior, autism, transition, supports for instruction, parent engagement and community partnerships.	Increased skills in specific areas, such as MH Wraparound, PBIS secondary and tertiary supports, social skills, parent and community engagement techniques and supports for instruction	Six workshop days were provided in 2010-2011 focused on mental health wraparound, PBIS, challenging behavior, autism/communication, and parent/community partnerships
Program Development. Develop a strong continuous improvement model using existing SEA models: Instructional Decision-Making (IDM) and Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports across the six Learning Supports content areas	Model developed and used within select schools in most need of assistance	Continuous improvement model framework developed; select schools in most need of assistance selected based on results of the measurement of conditions for learning; framework implemented FFY 2011
Improve Data Collection and Reporting The following will be developed: (1) Measures for Conditions for Learning to provide data for schools to make critical decisions, and follow impact/progress over time, (2) Culture/climate standards, (3) Social/emotional learning Core Curriculum.	 Established reliable/valid measures of Conditions for Learning used at the individual student, school, LEA, AEA and SEA level Standards established Social/emotional learning Core Curriculum developed linked to standards and measures of Conditions for Learning 	Measures for Conditions for Learning were established; further analyses to establish constructs will occur in FFY 2011 and FFY 2012. Subsequent to determining the final survey for Conditions for Learning, standards and core curriculum will be established.

Discussion of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Iowa met the target for Indicator B2 for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) based on FFY 2009 (2009-2010) data. Actual data showed 7.40% of students with IEPs dropping out, while the target was 12.90%. Data also show that FFY 2008 the state also showed improvement from 7.94% dropping out in FFY 2008 (2008-2009) to 7.40% in FFY 2009 (2009-2010). The SEA attributes progress to (a) SEA efforts to strengthen the guidance and reporting system that LEAs use to identify how categorical funds for dropouts and dropout prevention are used, (b) beginning efforts to establish targeted assistance to identified districts through the use of continuous improvement processes (data-based decision-making processes) which include ongoing review of data, identification of needs/gaps based on data review, identification of interventions/solutions based on need, implementation of solutions and ongoing review of effects that would then result in needed revision.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

There are no new proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012). Activities listed as ongoing in Table B2.4 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) was developed by State Education Agency (SEA) staff reviewing (a) trend data, (b) targets, and (c) improvement activities, and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these components (a) through (c), and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the State of Iowa Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), Area Education Agency (AEA) administration, and staff of the State Education Agency (SEA).

Consistent with comments in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Table from OSEP, for Indicator 3, the SEA will report on progress or slippage on the required measurement, on improvement activities described in the State Performance Plan that were implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the outcomes of improvement activities implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and changes to improvement activities to be reported on for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of lowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to lowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbook-application&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: FAPE in the LRE

Indicator 3: Participation and performance of children with IEPs on statewide assessments:

- A. Percent of the districts with a disability subgroup that meets the State's minimum "n" size that meet the State's AYP targets for the disability subgroup.
- B. Participation rate for children with IEPs.
- C. Proficiency rate for children with IEPs against grade level, modified and alternate academic achievement standards.

(20 U.S.C. 1416 (a)(3)(A))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report.

Measurement:

A. AYP percent = [(# of districts with a disability subgroup that meets the State's minimum "n" size that meet the State's AYP targets for the disability subgroup) divided by the (total # of districts that have a disability subgroup that meets the State's minimum "n" size)] times 100.

- B. Participation rate percent = [(# of children with IEPs participating in the assessment) divided by the (total # of children with IEPs enrolled during the testing window, calculated separately for reading and math)]. The participation rate is based on all children with IEPs, including both children with IEPs enrolled for a full academic year and those not enrolled for a full academic year.
- C. Proficiency rate percent = ([(# of children with IEPs enrolled for a full academic year scoring at or above proficient) divided by the (total # of children with IEPs enrolled for a full academic year, calculated separately for reading and math)].

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

Indicator B3A is a performance indicator for which states were allowed to set their own targets with the input of stakeholders. Indicators B3B and B3C are performance indicators for which the targets are aligned to the Annual Measureable Objectives for all students that are found in Iowa's Accountability Workbook for the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA). Targets for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) are summarized in the table below.

Measurable and Rigorous Target								
A.	A. 64% percent of the districts with a disability subgroup that meets the State's minimum "n" size will meet the State's AYP targets for the disability subgroup.							
B.	B. 95% percent of students with IEPs will participate in the regular statewide assessment with no accommodations, the regular assessment with accommodations, the alternate assessment against grade level standards, or the alternate assessment against alternate achievement standards.							
C.						eas, target	s for the p	ercent of
	Grade	3	4	5	6	7	8	11
	Reading	80.60%	82.00%	82.30%	77.30%	78.70%	80.00%	84.50%
	Math 80.50% 81.00% 82.50% 79.60% 79.00% 79.00% 84.50%						84.50%	
	Note: These ESEA.	targets are	aligned to	lowa's appr	oved target	s for all stu	dents unde	r the
	A. B.	A. 64% percer minimum "n B. 95% percer assessment accommoda alternate as C. For each of students pro Grade Reading Math Note: These	A. 64% percent of the disminimum "n" size will B. 95% percent of studer assessment with no a accommodations, the alternate assessment C. For each of the follow students proficient will Grade 3 Reading 80.60% Math 80.50% Note: These targets are	A. 64% percent of the districts with minimum "n" size will meet the S B. 95% percent of students with IE assessment with no accommod accommodations, the alternate alternate assessment against al C. For each of the following grade students proficient will be greate Grade 3 4 Reading 80.60% 82.00% Math 80.50% 81.00% Note: These targets are aligned to the size of the students of the size of the s	A. 64% percent of the districts with a disabilit minimum "n" size will meet the State's AY B. 95% percent of students with IEPs will par assessment with no accommodations, the accommodations, the alternate assessment against alternate accommodations, the alternate assessment against alternate accommodations will be greater than or extended to students proficient will be greater than or extended as a second of the following grade level and or extended as a second or extended as a second or extended as	A. 64% percent of the districts with a disability subgrou minimum "n" size will meet the State's AYP targets f B. 95% percent of students with IEPs will participate in assessment with no accommodations, the regular as accommodations, the alternate assessment against alternate assessment against alternate achievement. C. For each of the following grade level and content are students proficient will be greater than or equal to: Grade 3 4 5 6 Reading 80.60% 82.00% 82.30% 77.30% Math 80.50% 81.00% 82.50% 79.60% Note: These targets are aligned to lowa's approved target	A. 64% percent of the districts with a disability subgroup that meet minimum "n" size will meet the State's AYP targets for the disability subgroup that meet minimum "n" size will meet the State's AYP targets for the disability subgroup that meet minimum "n" size will meet the State's AYP targets for the disability subgroup that meet minimum "n" size will meet the State's AYP targets for the disability subgroup that meet minimum "n" size will participate in the regular assessment assessment against grade level accommodations, the regular assessment against grade level alternate achievement standards alternate assessment against alternate achievement standards. C. For each of the following grade level and content areas, target students proficient will be greater than or equal to: Grade 3 4 5 6 7 Reading 80.60% 82.00% 82.30% 77.30% 78.70% Math 80.50% 81.00% 82.50% 79.60% 79.00% Note: These targets are aligned to lowa's approved targets for all students.	 A. 64% percent of the districts with a disability subgroup that meets the State minimum "n" size will meet the State's AYP targets for the disability subgroup. B. 95% percent of students with IEPs will participate in the regular statewid assessment with no accommodations, the regular assessment with accommodations, the alternate assessment against grade level standard alternate assessment against alternate achievement standards. C. For each of the following grade level and content areas, targets for the p students proficient will be greater than or equal to: Grade 3 4 5 6 7 8 Reading 80.60% 82.00% 82.30% 77.30% 78.70% 80.00% Math 80.50% 81.00% 82.50% 79.60% 79.00% 79.00% Note: These targets are aligned to lowa's approved targets for all students unde

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

The first measurement (A) of Indicator 3 is the percent of districts meeting AYP for the subgroup of students with disabilities (SWD).

Data summarizing number of districts in Iowa meeting minimum cell size requirements, and the number of those districts meeting Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) in reading and math, are summarized in Figure B3.1 and in Table B3.1.

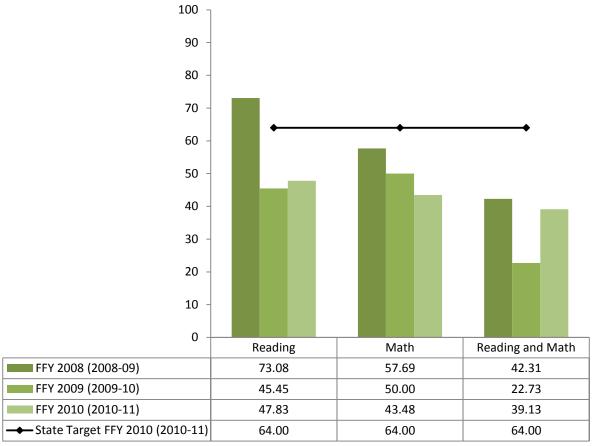


Figure B3.1. Percent of Districts with Minimum N that Met Adequate Yearly Progress, FFY 2008 (2008-2009) through FFY 2010 (FFY 2010-2011), Against State Target. Source. Iowa Department of Education AYP Database, FFY 2008 (2008-2009) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B3.1
Districts Meeting AYP in Reading and Math for Students with Disabilities

Districts Meeting AYP for SWD	Met AYP for SWD	Met AYP for SWD	Met AYP for SWD
	Reading	Math	Reading and Math
23 districts met N of 30 in grade spans 3-5, 6-8, and 11	11 of 23 districts 47.83%	10 of 23 districts 43.48%	9 of 23 districts 39.13%

Source. Iowa Department of Education AYP Database, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

The State did not meet the target of 64.00% for Indicator B3A with 39.13% of districts meeting AYP.

The second measurement (B) of Indicator 3 is the participation of students with disabilities in statewide assessments of reading and math. Participation is defined as: (a) participating in regular assessment with no accommodations; (b) participating in regular assessment with accommodations; (c) participating in alternate assessment against grade level standards; or (d) participating in alternate assessment against alternate achievement standards.

Data on participation in statewide reading assessments are summarized in Figure B3.2 and in Table B3.2. Data on participation in statewide math assessments are summarized in Figure B3.3 and Table B3.3. Please note that a total percentage for participation in grades 3-8 and 11, inclusive, for math and for reading is included in each table, but lowa does not report on targets for these totals. Iowa set targets for each grade level and subject in the state's accountability workbook for ESEA, and those targets are reported here.

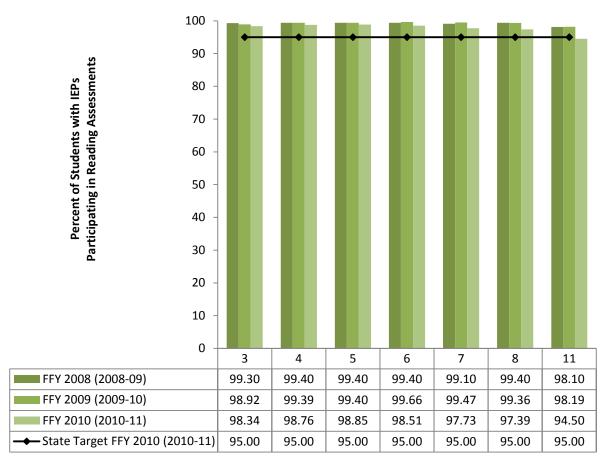


Figure B3.2 Participation Rate in Reading, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (FFY 2010-2011), Against State Target. Source. Iowa Department of Education AYP Database, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B3.2 FFY 2010 (2010-2011) Participation Rates in Statewide Assessments: Reading

	3	4	5	6	7	8	11	Total
(a) # of children with IEPs in assessed grades	4580	4996	5124	5113	5066	5126	4561	34566
(b) # of children with IEPs in regular assessment with or	4219	4628	4766	4776	4680	4730	4071	31870
without accommodations (percent = [(b) divided by (a)] times 100)	92.12%	92.63%	93.01%	93.41%	92.38%	92.27%	89.26%	92.20%
(d) # of children with IEPs in alternate assessment against	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*
grade level achievement standards (percent = [(e) divided by (a)] times 100)								
(e) # of children with IEPs in alternate assessment against alternate achievement standards	285	306	299	261	271	262	239	1923
(percent = [(f) divided by (a)] times 100)	6.22%	6.12%	5.84%	5.10%	5.35%	5.11%	5.24%	5.56%
(f) Children included in "a" but not included in "b", "c", "d", or "e" above	76	62	59	76	115	134	251	773
(g) Overall Participation Rate	4504	4934	5065	5037	4951	4992	4310	33793
[=(b+c+d+e)/a]	98.34%	98.76%	98.85%	98.51%	97.73%	97.39%	94.50%	97.76%

Source. Information Management System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011); Iowa Department of Education AYP Database, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). * Indicates that Iowa's assessment is currently in development.

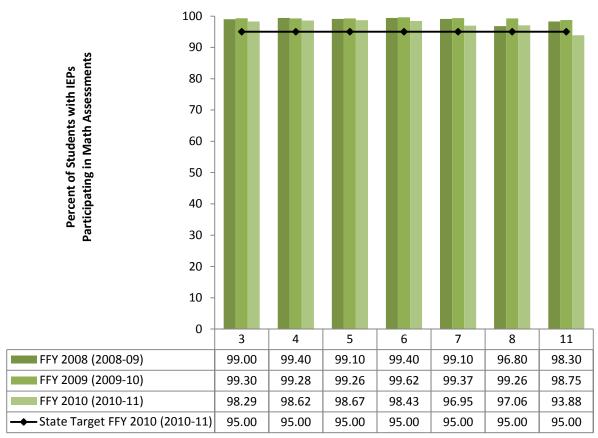


Figure B3.3 Participation Rate in Math, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (FFY 2010-2011), Against State Target. Source. Iowa Department of Education AYP Database, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B3.3 FFY 2010 (2010-2011) Participation Rates in Statewide Assessments: Mathematics

	3	4	5	6	7	8	11	Total
(a) # of children with IEPs in assessed grades	4573	4994	5124	5107	5056	5101	4589	34544
(b) # of children with IEPs in regular assessment with or without	4211	4623	4759	4773	4632	4691	4068	31757
accommodations (percent = [(b) divided by (a)] times 100)	92.08%	92.57%	92.88%	93.46%	91.61%	91.96%	88.65%	91.93%
(d) # of children with IEPs in alternate assessment against grade level achievement standards (percent	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*
= [(e) divided by (a)] times 100) (e) # of children with IEPs in alternate assessment against alternate achievement standards	284	302	297	254	270	260	240	1907
(percent = [(f) divided by (a)] times 100)	6.21%	6.05%	5.80%	4.97%	5.34%	5.10%	5.23%	5.52%
(f) Children included in "a" but not included in "b", "c", "d", or "e" above	78	69	68	80	154	150	281	880
(g) Overall Participation Rate	4495	4925	5056	5027	4902	4951	4308	33664
[=(b+c+d+e)/a]	98.29%	98.62%	98.67%	98.43%	96.95%	97.06%	93.88%	97.45%

Source. Information Management System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011); Iowa Department of Education AYP Database, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). * Indicates that Iowa's assessment is currently in development.

For FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the State of lowa exceeded measurable and rigorous targets for participation rates in reading and math in grades three through eight, but not grade 11.

The third measurement (C) of Indicator 3 is the performance of students with disabilities in statewide assessments of reading and math. Reading performance is summarized in Figure B3.4 and Table B3.4, while math performance is summarized in Figure B3.5 and Table B3.5. Please note that a total percentage for proficiency in grades 3-8 and 11, inclusive, for math and for reading is included in each table, but lowa does not report on targets for these totals. Iowa set targets for each grade level and subject in the state's accountability workbook for ESEA, and those targets are reported here.

Figure B3.4 summarizes the trend for reading performance of students with disabilities from FFY 2009 (2009-2010) to FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

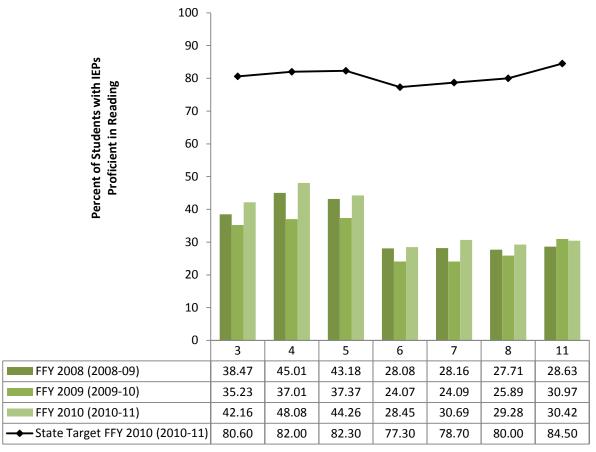


Figure B3.4. Percent of Students with Disabilities Proficient on Regular and Alternate Assessments, Reading, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011), Grades 3-8 and 11. Source. Iowa Department of Education AYP Database, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B3.4 presents FFY 2010 (2010-2011) reading performance data for children with disabilities regarding: (a) the number of children with IEPs in assessed grades; and (b) the overall number and percent of children with IEPs proficient.

Table B3.4
Performance of Children with Disabilities in Reading, Regular and Alternate Assessment

	3	4	5	6	7	8	11	Total
(a) # of children with IEPs in assessed grades	4080	4434	4582	4548	4431	4440	3797	30312
(b) # of children with IEPs in assessed grades who are proficient or above as measured by the regular assessment with or without accommodations (percent =	1720	2132	2028	1294	1360	1300	1155	10989
[(b) divided by (a)] times 100)	42.16%	48.08%	44.26%	28.45%	30.69%	29.28%	30.42%	36.25%

Source. Iowa Department of Education AYP Database, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). * Indicates that Iowa's assessment is currently in development.

The State of Iowa did not meet the target in reading for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for any grade. Performance in reading for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) improved from performance in reading for FFY 2009 (2009-2010), however, for grades 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8.

Figure B3.5 summarizes trend for mathematics performance of students with disabilities from FFY 2009 (2009-2010) to FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

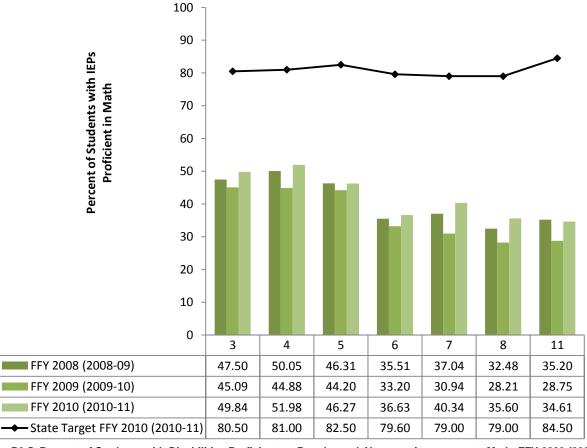


Figure B3.5. Percent of Students with Disabilities Proficient on Regular and Alternate Assessments, Math, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011), Grades 3-8 and 11. Source. lowa Department of Education AYP Database, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B3.5 presents FFY 2010 (2010-2011) math performance data for children with disabilities regarding: (a) the number of children with IEPs in assessed grades; and (b) the overall number and percent of children with IEPs proficient.

Table B3.5
Performance of Children with Disabilities in Mathematics, Regular and Alternate Assessment

				<u> </u>				
	3	4	5	6	7	8	11	Total
(a) # of children with IEPs in								
assessed grades	4073	4425	4575	4543	4390	4410	3800	30216
(b) # of children with IEPs in assessed grades who are proficient or above (percent =	2030	2300	2117	1664	1771	1570	1315	12767
[(b) divided by (a)] times 100)	49.84%	51.98%	46.27%	36.63%	40.34%	35.60%	34.61%	42.25%

Source. Iowa Department of Education AYP Database, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). * Indicates that Iowa's assessment is currently in development.

The State of Iowa did not meet the target in math for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for any grade. Performance in reading for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) improved from performance in reading for FFY 2009 (2009-2010), however, for all grades.

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B3.6.

Table B3.6 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/ Next Steps
Program Development: During the 2009-2010 School year, Muscatine School District began participating in a 3+ year professional development opportunity in the area of special education mathematics. This project will help the state of lowa create a center of excellence in the area of special education mathematics. We will be doing the research on what is the professional development needed to help teachers meet the needs and raise scores of students with disabilities.	Special education teachers will improve their understanding of mathematics and learn pedagogy in order to improve students with IEPs' ITBS/ITED scores.	This project has ended as of June 2011.
Program Development. A workgroup was established that was responsible for a special education strategic plan for achievement	Comprehensive ten-year plan to improve special education for students with disabilities with the result of improved reading and mathematics achievement.	This workgroup met at the beginning of the 2010 school year and then it separated into two workgroups, one for Literacy and one for Math.
Provide Training and Professional Development:	Establishment of Specially Designed Instruction in	Year 1 of two years of direct

Improvement Activity	Massurable Outcomes	Status/
Improvement Activity The Vinton-Shellsburg School District began working with the DE on an Action Research Project for Literacy at the end of the 2010 school year.	Measurable Outcomes Reading Action Res. Site by May of 2010.	Next Steps work with the DE was completed. The district will be in year 2 – the Implementation Year during the 2011-2012
Provide training/professional development. Between 2009 and 2010, One Action Research Site was established to determine the effect of implementing school wide the Content Literacy Continuum (CLC) from KU.	Data will be gathered and will be analyzed at the end of the school year 2011.	school year. This project support was completed at the end of the 2010-11 school year. Data is in the process of being analyzed by the LEA/AEA and SEA during the 2011-12 school year.
Provide training/professional development. Between 2009 and 2010, Two Action Research Sites were established to determine the effect of Fusion Reading (KU) when used with adolescent students with IEPs.	Two school districts which were Action Research sites, trained in Fusion Reading. During the summer of 2010 there were also 20 educators trained to be trainers and Coaches of Fusion Reading,	These projects were completed at the end of the 2010-11 school year. Data is in the process of being analyzed by the LEA/AEA and SEA during the 2011-12 school year.
Provide training/professional development. Between 2009 and 2010, focus on Instructional Coaching and having coaching as an integral part of professional learning being developed by the SEA.	During the 2009-2010 school year 1 Consultant from the DE has attended all the trainings that have taken place across the state.	A workgroup has completed a set of online materials that covers the Instructional Coaching materials presented by Jim Knight. This is ready to be shared with all the AEAs in the fall of 2011. Each AEA is determining how their staff is going to be trained in Instructional Coaching and how that will be impacting their work. At the SEA, the Literacy TA that is provided embeds Instructional Coaching into all of its training,

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/
		Next Steps and is a main focus for how this work will change practices with teachers.
Improve Systems Administration and Monitoring. Increase coordination of initiatives and efforts that promote and produce increased collaboration and efficiency that leads to greater outcomes for students with disabilities.	Alignment of efforts across all entities, SEA, AEAs, LEAs, and Institutes of Higher Education (IHE). Increased collaborative efforts. Increased student on IEP achievement.	August 2010 – July 2013
Improve Systems Administration and Monitoring. Increase knowledge and support of researched, evidenced based and promising best practice through data analysis and investigation.	Increased alignment of resources and projects toward sustainable outcomes. Increased achievement for students with IEPs at supported sites.	August 2010 – July 2013
Provide Training/Professional Development. Increase the capacity of AEA and LEA educators that work with students on IEPs to work with one another in improving the outcomes of students with disabilities.	The Iowa Core Curriculum /Common Core aligned to the continuum of students with disabilities. The performance of students with disabilities increased in reading and math on state assessments.	August 2010 – July 2013
Provide Training and Professional Development. Continue with the Action Research Site, year one of a possible 5-year plan.	This project in Vinton-Shellsburg, will help the state determine what types of supports and learning is needed in order to close the gap in reading for persistently struggling students. This will also help the state to create a center of excellence in the area of Specially Designed Instruction in Reading within one of the AEAs in the state. Data will be gathered and analyzed and an evaluation plan is established. In addition: four smaller rural districts in lowa are also participating in a similar project.	The Vinton-Shellsburg District and four smaller districts are all in Year 2/Implementatio n year of the lowa Foundations in the Specially Designed Instruction in Rdg, project. Teachers are implementing Instructional Plans. Information and data is gathered this year on Implementation across the system.

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/
Professional Development. Specially Designed Instruction in Mathematics. Continue with the Action Research Site and year 1of 3.	During the 2010-11 School year, Muscatine School District will participate in a 3+ year professional development opportunity in the area of special education mathematics. This project will help the state of lowa create a center of excellence in the area of special education mathematics. We will be doing the research on what is the professional development needed to help teachers meet the needs and raise scores of students with disabilities.	Next Steps This project ended in June of 2011.
Provide Training and Professional Development. Closing the gap with adolescent literacy.	During the summer of 2011 a group of educators from Iowa will be trained to be official KU trainers in the Content Enhancement Routines from KU. Use of CE will grow and be sustained. Maintain data on districts receiving training and determine method for data analysis.	This training was conducted and lowa now has a group of 10 educators trained to deliver PD and support for the Content En. Routines as we assist districts with the lowa Core.
Provide Training and Professional Development. Closing the gap with adolescent literacy. Complete year 2 of Fusion Reading initiative in Dubuque.	Complete year two and analyze student data for effect.	This project was completed and data is being analyzed during the 2011-12 school year.
Professional Development. Use of Instructional Coaches to change practice.	The SEA is interested in building the skills of special educators to coach one another on strategies that are needed to accelerate progress for students with IEPs. The SEA is using content from the Dr. Jim Knight training that is currently being conducted in lowa on Instructional Coaching. The AEAs in Iowa have sent teams through this training during the last 2 years. On-site Coaching is being used in the Action Research Sites in the state.	This continues to be a major area of our work.
Program Development /Provide Training and Professional Development. Diagnosis, assessment, analysis, and matching to specially designed instruction.	During the 2010-2011 school year a work team is developing tools, materials, guidance and PD for LEAs and AEAs for skills in the following areas: diagnosis, assessment, analysis, and matching to specially designed instruction. Tools will be delivered and training provided.	Jan. 2011- July 2013

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/ Next Steps
Provide Training and Professional Development. Connection with IHEs across the state that provide pre-service training in literacy to special educators.	During the summer of 2011 the SEA is providing professional learning opportunities with many of the IHEs across the state of lowa. This will enhance the pre-service learning of entering special ed. Teachers in regards to the teaching of reading. There are plans for future collaborative work also.	This 5 day learning opportunity took place in June and July of 2011. There were 5 different IHEs that sent staff.
Provide Training and Professional Development: Literacy, Language, & Communication for Students with Significant Developmental Disabilities: Reading Potential through Systemic & Sustainable Statewide Professional Development Project In partnership with University of Northern Iowa and Dr. Karen Erickson, Director, Center for Literacy and Disabilities Studies, UNC Chapel Hill Professional development that targets and delivers a range of instructional topics and methods to increase the literacy and communication skills of students who participate in the Iowa Alternate Assessment	Teams of educators comprised of interdisciplinary teams of AEA and LEA members participated in 5 Day Literacy course with ongoing instructional coaching and support to deliver comprehensive literacy instruction An online literacy course was developed and offered by the University of Northern Iowa's Student Literacy Assessments Iowa Alternate Assessment Data	July 1, 2010, June 30, 2011 Cohort III Professional development with instructional coaching/suppor t in order build the knowledge and skills of AEA and LEA personnel Increase statewide capacity of experts in the area of literacy and communication for students with significant disabilities
Provide Training and Professional Development: Comprehensive Communication Course: Students with Significant Disabilities In partnership with University of Northern Iowa, Gayle Porter Senior Clinician Speech Pathology Cerebral Palsy Education Centre Australia & Linda Burkhart, Simplified Technology, MD Participants demonstrate understanding in the delivery of communication systems, techniques for expanding communication communities and methods to increase student engagement and communicative competencies	Teams of educators comprised of interdisciplinary teams of AEA and LEA members participated in 5 Day Communication Course with ongoing instructional coaching and support to deliver comprehensive communication Iowa Alternate Assessment Data IEP Goals Student Communication Assessments	July 1, 2010,- June 30, 2011 Cohort II Professional development with instructional coaching/suppor t in order build the knowledge and skills of AEA and LEA personnel Increase statewide capacity of experts in the area of comprehensive communication
Provide Training and Professional Development. Scaling Up Student Achievement for Students with Significant Disabilities: Framework for Effective Instruction Professional development on specially designed instruction for students for students who participate in the Iowa Alternate Assessment through the use of research based strategies that create a solid link between learner characteristics of students and access methodologies to grade level Iowa Core standards. The Framework for Effective Instruction includes the components of Universal Design for Learning and a 5 step process that merges	Establishments of Content Area Teacher Networks Iowa Alternate Assessment Data	July 1, 2010, June 30, 2011 Cohort I Professional development with instructional coaching/suppor t in order builds the knowledge

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/ Next Steps
content, instruction, and assessment.		and skills of AEA and LEA personnel.
		Increase statewide capacity of experts understanding how students with significant disabilities can access, participate, and demonstrate performance of the lowa Core
Iowa Alternate Assessment	Iowa Alternate Assessment	Continue to provide
The Iowa Alternate Assessment promotes fair measurement of student knowledge on the Iowa Core Content Standards and Benchmarks. The Iowa Alternate Assessment is for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities who academic performance is appropriately judged against alternate achievement standards.	. To some and a second	oversight and technical assistance/ professional development in administration of the lowa Alternate Assessment

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The analyses of data form the basis of discussion that follows. On Indicator 3A, slippage is attributed to districts being held to higher targets to make AYP. Targets increased significantly in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), reducing the number of districts that were able to meet AYP. On Indicator 3B, high performance was essentially maintained in FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and no discussion of progress or slippage is warranted. On Indicator B3C, the SEA noted improvement only in grade 11 in reading. The SEA attributes this lack of improvement to a lack of focused strategies for improving instruction for students with disabilities in the state.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

Proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012) are discussed in Table B3.7. These activities are consistent with what was proposed in the FFY 2005 (2005-2012) State Performance Plan and describe activities to be implemented in FFY 2011 (2011-2012) that will allow lowa to meet measureable and rigorous targets for both FFY 2011 (2011-2012) and the targets continuing in the SPP through FFY 2013 (2013-2014).

(Note: Activities listed as ongoing in Table B3.6 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012), and are not listed in Table B3.7).

Proposed Activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)

Proposed Activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)			
Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Provide Training/PD :	2 SEA Consultants	November 2011-June	The state will have an additional 30 LETRS Certified Trainers.
The SEA /DE is contracting with Sopris/Cambium Learning to train a Second Cohort of LETRS Certified Trainers for the	AEA Staff LEA Staff	2012	These trainers will provide LETRS Professional Dev. For LEA and AEA staff as part of a System Wide Approach to Improving Lit. for SWD.

	Proposed	Proposed	
Proposed Activity	Personnel Resources	Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
state of Iowa.			
These people are from AEAs and LEAs that have made a commitment to train certain staff and then utilize them to provide PD for educators that support students with disabilities in the areas of literacy.			
Provide Technical Assistance: The SEA /DE is currently overseeing and coordinating the development of a Team of Educators that are highly trained in Literacy Instruction for Students with Disabilities. This development and oversight will continue into the future.	2 SEA Consultants	July 2011- June 2012	The state will have: 1. Cohort 1 of LETRS Certified Trainers-Fully Certified by Nov. 2011 in Modules 1-12. There are 14 Trainers. 2. Cohort LETRS Trainers will begin working with teachers in selected districts. LETRS Training and System Level work will begin in Fall of 2011 and continue into 2012-13 school year. 3. Cohort 2 – Certified in Modules 1-3 and 4, 7 & 8 by June of 2012. 4. Iowa Foundations in Specially Designed Lit. – There is the original site in Vinton who is in Year 2 and Implementing. There is also a new site in the Benton CSD in Year 1. 5. A database set up that houses the information about these Trainers and their Sites of implementation. 6. An established Learning Community with the LETRS and Iowa Foundations Trainers that meets periodically through the year and provides support to one another.
Evaluation: The SEA has established methods and developed tools that will be used to assess the impact of the professional learning in the sites where LETRS Trainers and Iowa Foundations Trainers are working. This information will be gathered and organized during this year.	2 – 3 SEA Consultants and their support staff.	June 2011- July 2012	The state will have: 1. A process outlined as to the evaluation information that will be required of each LETRS and Iowa Foundations Site/Trainer. 2. Tools for the Trainers to use. 3. The methods in place for gathering and processing the data gathered. 4. The beginnings of a database of Evaluation data for these projects.
Provide Training and Professional Development: The Vinton-Shellsburg School District began working with the DE on an Action Research Project for Literacy at the end of the 2010 school year it is now in Year 2 of this project which is the Implementation Year.	2 SEA Consultants LEA SPED Teachers AEA staff that serve V-S	Year 2 is June 2011- 2012	During Year 2 /implementation the participants in t The participants in this project will be: 1. Implementing instructional methods and materials with students with IEPS. 2. Monitoring progress and making instructional decisions based on data. 3. Continuing the learning and knowledge building around literacy instruction for persistently struggling readers. 4. Improved outcomes for students and changes in system and teachers skills, beliefs, and practices.
Professional Development. Use of	2 SEA Consultants	June 2011- July 2012	Continue to embed the Instructional Coaching Training into the Literacy Training going on across

Instructional Coaches to change practice.	Resources		
			the state.
Program Development /Provide Training and Professional Development. Diagnosis, assessment, analysis, and matching to specially designed instruction and quality IEPS and goals.	2 SEA Consultants	June 2011- July 2012	Pilot the tools that have been developed and processes decided upon in the sites this year. Make changes and revisions as needed.
Improve Systems Administration and Monitoring. Increase coordination of initiatives and efforts that promote and produce increased collaboration and efficiency that leads to greater outcomes for students with disabilities.	2 SEA Consultants	June 2011- July 2012	Alignment of efforts across all entities, SEA, AEAs, LEAs, and Institutes of Higher Education (IHE). Increased collaborative efforts. Increased student on IEP achievement.
Provide Training/Professional Development. Increase the capacity of AEA and LEA educators that work with students on IEPs to work with one another in improving the outcomes of students with disabilities. Assisting these educators with delivering the lowa Core so that all learners have access.	2 SEA Consultants	June 2011- July 2012	Students with disabilities will have access to the skills and knowledge in the lowa Core.
Provide Training/Professional Development	1 SEA Consultant	July 1, 2011- June 30,	July 1, 2010, June 30, 2011 Cohort III & IV
Literacy, Language, & Communication for Students with Significant Developmental Disabilities: Reading Potential through Systemic & Sustainable Statewide Professional Development Project		2012	Professional development with instructional coaching/support in order build the knowledge and skills of AEA and LEA personnel Increase statewide capacity of experts in the area of literacy and communication for students with
In partnership with University of Northern Iowa and Dr. Karen Erickson, Director, Center for Literacy and Disabilities Studies, UNC Chapel Hill			significant disabilities
Professional development that targets and delivers a range of instructional topics and methods to increase the literacy and communication skills of students who participate in the Iowa Alternate Assessment			
Provide Training and Professional Development:	1 SEA Consultant	July 1, 2011- June 30,	June 30, 2011 Cohort I & II
Comprehensive Communication Course: Students with Significant Disabilities		2012	Professional development with instructional
In partnership with University of Northern Iowa, Gayle Porter Senior Clinician Speech Pathology Cerebral Palsy Education Centre Australia & Linda Burkhart, Simplified Technology, MD Participants demonstrate understanding in the delivery of communication systems, techniques for expanding communication communities and methods to increase student engagement and communicative competencies			coaching/support in order build the knowledge and skills of AEA and LEA personnel Increase statewide capacity of experts the area of communication
Provide Training and Professional Development. Scaling Up Student Achievement for	1 SEA Consultant	July 1, 2011- June 30, 2012	Cohort I & Cohort II Professional development with instructional coaching/support in order builds the knowledge

Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Students with Significant Disabilities: Framework for Effective Instruction Professional development on specially designed instruction for students for students who participate in the lowa Alternate Assessment through the use of research based strategies that create a solid link between learner characteristics of students and access methodologies to grade level lowa Core standards. The Framework for Effective Instruction includes the components of Universal Design for Learning and a 5 step process that merges content, instruction, and assessment.			and skills of AEA and LEA personnel. Increase statewide capacity of experts understanding how students with significant disabilities can access, participate, and demonstrate performance of the Iowa Core
Iowa Alternate Assessment The Iowa Alternate Assessment promotes fair measurement of student knowledge on the Iowa Core Content Standards and Benchmarks. The Iowa Alternate Assessment is for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities who academic performance is appropriately judged against alternate achievement standards.	1 SEA Consultant	July 1, 2011-June 30, 2012	Technical assistance and professional Development for administration of the Iowa Alternate Assessment

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) was developed by SEA staff reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities, and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the State Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), the Area Education Agencies (AEA) administration, and the Iowa Department of Education staff.

In this APR, Iowa will: (a) report on efforts to improve performance, (b) report on the correction of noncompliance identified in FFY 2009 based on FFY 2008 data as a result of the review conducted pursuant to 34 CFR §300.170(b), including the specific actions that were taken to verify the correction.

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbookapplication&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: FAPE in the LRE

Indicator 4: Rates of suspension and expulsion:

A. Percent of districts that have a significant discrepancy in the rate of suspensions and expulsions of greater than 10 days in a school year for children with IEPs.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(A); 1412(a)(22))

The following measurement was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report.

Measurement:

A. A. Percent = [(# of districts that have a significant discrepancy in the rates of suspensions and expulsions for greater than 10 days in a school year of children with IEPs) divided by the (# of districts in the State)] times 100.

*Significant discrepancy is defined as 2% above the state average in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year.

The percent of districts identified as having a significant discrepancy in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities is a performance indicator. Therefore, each state was allowed by OSEP to set their own target from baseline data. The SEA, with input from stakeholder groups, established measurable rigorous targets ranging from 1.50% to 1.00% of districts identified as having

significant discrepancy in suspensions and expulsions over the span of the six-year State Performance Plan. The SEA's definition of significant discrepancy is 2.00% above the state average in the rate of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year. The state uses both in-school and out-of-school suspensions as well as expulsions in making this calculation.

In-school and out-of-school suspension are both defined as an "administrative or school board removal of a student from school classes or activities for disciplinary reasons," with a student still being under the supervision of school officials during an in-school suspension. Expulsion is defined as "a school board removal of a student from school classes and activities for disciplinary reasons," (Collecting and Reporting Juvenile Incident and Discipline Data in Iowa Schools, 2006).

The percent of districts with significant discrepancy is calculated by (1) identifying districts 2.00% or more above of the SEA's rate of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year, (2) dividing the number of districts with this significant discrepancy by the total number of districts in the state, and (3) multiplying by 100.

For Indicator 4A, Iowa does not determine a district to have a significant discrepancy unless the district has a minimum of ten students with disabilities enrolled and has suspended or expelled a minimum of three students with disabilities for greater than ten days in the school year. These criteria excluded eight districts from the analysis for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	A. 1.00% or less of districts are identified as having a significant discrepancy of 2.00% above the State average in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2009 (2009-2010):

Figure B4.1 depicts suspension and expulsion data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) as the percent of districts identified as having a significant discrepancy of 2.00% above the state average in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year. Data are for the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) target year but reflect 2009-2010 data, as indicator B4A lags one year.

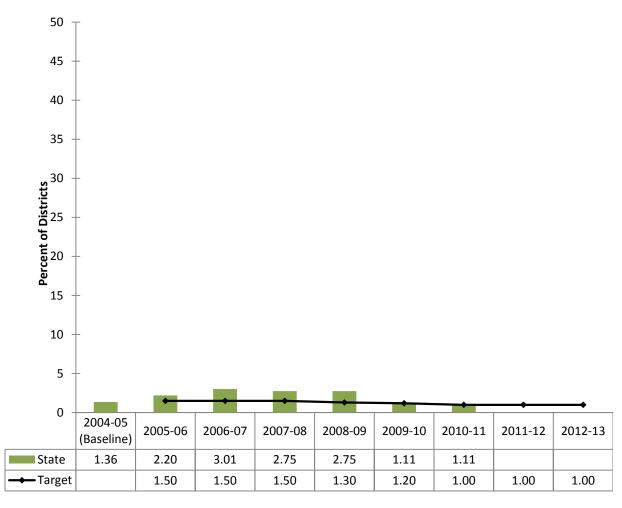


Figure B4.1. SEA Percent of Districts Identified with Significant Discrepancy of Suspensions and Expulsions and the SEA Target. Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER Tables, FFY 2004 (2004-2005) through FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

Figure B4.1 shows that the SEA met the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) target of 1.20 percent of districts having a significant discrepancy of 2.00% above the state average in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year, with the actual target data being 1.11% of districts. Performance in FFY 2010 (2010-2011) is the same as performance in FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

Table B4.1 provides the actual numbers used to address the measurement for Indicator 4A.

Table B4.1

Number of Districts Exceeding Measurement, Total Number of Districts, and Percent of Districts Exceeding Measurement

Description	Number
(a) Number of students with IEPs enrolled, ages 6-21	60369
(b) Number of students with IEPs suspended or expelled for greater than 10 days	447
(c) State average percent of students with IEPs suspended or expelled for greater than ten days [c=(b/a) * 100]	0.74
(d) threshold for significant discrepancy	2.74
(e) Number of districts with an average suspension/expulsion rate greater than the threshold (d)	4
(f) Total number of districts in 2008-2009	361
(g) B4A percent = e/f *100	1.11

Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER Tables and Iowa 618 Table 4, FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

State Review of Policies, Procedures, and Practices Relating to the Development and Implementation of IEPs, the Use of Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports, and Procedural Safeguards to Ensure Compliance with Part B of the IDEA as Required by 34 CFR §300.170(b)

Districts identified as significantly discrepant based on FFY 2009 (2009-2010) data participated in a district review consisting of the following areas relating to discipline/suspensions and expulsions:

- (1) A review and examination of district discipline data,
- (2) A review of policies, procedures and practices,
- (3) A review of documents (i.e., individual IEPs, student handbook to ensure alignment with board polices, etc.),
- (4) A review of the district Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports, and
- (5) The development of a Corrective Action Plan, if necessary.

Attached is a copy of the *District Review Protocol for Suspension and Expulsions*. The same review is conducted for Indicator B4B.

The completed reviews and corrective action plan were reviewed by the SEA and an onsite visit was conducted to verify findings. The onsite visit consisted of the review of individual IEPs, review of documents (i.e., prior written notice, change in placement and manifestation determinations, functional behavioral assessments, behavior intervention plans, etc.). A final determination of findings was made by the SEA and a review of the Corrective Action plan was conducted to ensure alignment with the findings.

Results from the review of policies, procedures and practices conducted by the SEA for districts identified as significantly discrepant for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) are provided in Table B4.2.

Table B4.2 Findings for Indicator B4, FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Compliance Requirement	Number of Programs Monitored	Number of Programs Reviewed	Number of Findings
Review and Revision of Policies 34 CFR § 300.170(b)	361	4	3
Prior Notice by the Public Agency 34 CFR § 300.503	361	4	3
Authority of School Personnel 34 CFR § 300.530	361	4	3

Source. Iowa Project EASIER, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) and Indicator B4 Review Protocol FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Data in Table B4.2 indicate that for FFY 2010 (2010-2011), 4 districts were reviewed and nine findings were issued. As corrective action, the SEA required the district to develop a corrective action plan to address all areas of noncompliance with corrections to be made as soon as possible, but no later than one year. All individual student noncompliance was required to be corrected as soon as possible but no later than one year from the date of issuance of the finding.

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B4.3.

Table B4.3 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps
Improve data collection and reporting. Review changes to data proposed by OSEP and ensure measurement addresses OSEPs definitions, if approved.	Capability of reporting on and being in compliance for B4B in FFY 2010 (2010-2011)	Ongoing
Improve data collection and reporting. Data were verified within the Project EASIER system.	Improved accuracy of suspension and expulsion data.	Ongoing
Improve systems administration and monitoring. Suspension and expulsion data, as well as progress Monitoring/outcome data from School-wide Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports, and the Challenging Behavior Project, were analyzed with the following key stakeholders: Special Education Advisory Panel, SEA Staff, statewide PBIS Leadership Team, and Learning Supports Advisory Team.	Stakeholders determined that (1) the Challenging Behavior Project should continue in order to increase statewide capacity to work with students with significant challenging behaviors, and (2) PBIS should continue their focus on targeted and intensive levels of support, and should continue providing AEA training by increasing LEA participation by one new cohort (10 Schools) per year.	Ongoing as data indicate need
Improve systems administration and monitoring.	A newly developed and implemented	Completed

Clarify/examine/develop policies and procedures. Modified and developed a new review protocol to assist districts in the review of policies, procedures and practices related to Indicator B4	review protocol for Indicator B4.	
Program development. Restructure/strengthen PBIS: (1) Complete a comprehensive PBIS program review (2) Use results of program review to restructure/strengthen lowa's PBIS initiative (3) Establish standardized and online core content training for statewide PBIS trainers	 Completed review Results used to inform SEA of gaps, needs, and strengths of the statewide PBIS system; results used to develop technical assistance and sustainability of efforts Standardized and accessible core content training across the state 	Activities 1 and 2 occur each year and are completed. Activity 3 was scheduled for completion in 2010-2011, however this activity has taken longer than anticipated. Universal PBIS content is currently available; the projected completion date for targeted and intensive training content is 2012.
Program development. Restructure/strengthen secondary level of supports: (1) Develop a comprehensive list of programs/strategies within targeted supports across the 6 content areas of Learning Supports (2) Develop an online tool to access (3) Use results of PBIS program review to address targeted level of supports	(1) Comprehensive list of programs/strategies for targeted supports completed (2) Comprehensive list accessible (3) Results of PBIS program review analyzed and recommendations to PBIS Leadership Team for consideration in technical assistance and sustainability of efforts	Activities 1 and 2 are completed across state agencies in one content area. The SEA obtained two grants—a Building Capacity grant and Safe and Supportive Schools grant to focus efforts in the content area of Safe, Healthy and Caring Learning Environments. Therefore the state will focus resources across universal, targeted and intensive supports in this area across the next 4 years. Activity 3 is completed annually.
Program development. Restructure/strengthen intensive level of supports specific to discipline and behavior through the implementation of 4 goals which all contain similar activities [(a)Develop/implement content materials, (b)Develop online support materials and training, (c) Develop evaluation processes/materials]: (1) Establish Technical Assistance Consultant (TAC) Professional Development to develop behavioral specialists within the AEA In addition: (2) Develop a comprehensive list of programs/strategies within Intensive/Tertiary Supports across the 6 content areas of Learning Supports (3) Develop an online tool to access (4) Use results of PBIS program review to address targeted level of supports	 Targeted training and support developed for Lead Technical Assistance Consultants and AEA TAC Teams (see Challenging Behavior below) Comprehensive list of programs/strategies for secondary supports completed Comprehensive list accessible Results of PBIS program review analyzed and recommendations to PBIS Leadership Team for consideration in technical assistance and sustainability of efforts 	 Discipline brochure Ongoing (see Challenging Behavior Project below) Completed annually. Completed across state agencies in one content area. The SEA obtained two grants—a Building Capacity grant and Safe and Supportive Schools grant to focus efforts in the content area of Safe, Healthy and Caring Learning Environments. Therefore the state will focus resources across universal, targeted and intensive supports in this area across the next 4 years.
Program development. Restructure the Challenging Behavior Project, to establish Technical Assistance Consultant (this position is now referred to as AEA Behavior Specialists) Professional Development: (1) Establish 3-tiered partnership to implement appropriate behavioral supports Completed (2) Develop and implement TAC specialized content and practicum/ internship curricula (3) Develop/implement evaluation processes/materials	(1) Partnerships for the project have been established Completed (2) The structure and process for the Challenging Behavior project have been established (3) Evaluation structure established; initial results obtained.	(1) Completed (2) Completed (3) Completed (3) Completed The Challenging Behavior Project has been established; Completed. In 2011 43 AEA Behavior Specialists participated in clinical experiences and training; 223AEA Behavior Specialists and other personnel have participated in direct training on behavior principles and strategies via distance education (lowa Communications Network) This project is ongoing through FFY 2010. Continue project through 2012.
Program development. Continue Project LINCS: (1) Strengthen cross- agency/organization collaboration (through the Learning Supports Advisory Team)	Overall - Increased number of educational personnel trained in the referral of students with mental health needs. Specifically - (1) Established crossagency/organization collaboration to	Cross-agency/organization collaboration established Linguistically/culturally competent rating rubric developed and applied

 (2) Develop linguistically appropriate and culturally competent guidelines (3) Establish a statewide Crisis Intervention Program (4) Establish a Family-Centered, School-based Mental Health Wraparound Model (5) Evaluate collaborative processes, training/TA and impact on systemlevel responsiveness to mental health needs 	continue to develop tertiary system for mental health supports (2) Completed linguistically and culturally competent guidelines (3) Established crisis intervention program by Fall 2009 (4) 6 pilot sites with established wrap processes by 2009-2010 (5) Results from evaluation used to develop state-wide tertiary system for mental health supports within schools by 2010-2011	across training materials (3) Crisis intervention plan training developed and delivered (4) Pilot sites (6) have been established; personnel have attended 4-6 training and direct technical assistance dates (5) Evaluation indicates increase in the number of personnel trained in the referral of students with mental health needs; evaluation is ongoing through FFY 2010 (2010-2011)
Transition Project LINCS into statewide implementation of Mental Health Wraparound within the PBIS model by continuing with Cohort 3.	 (1) Increase in school personnel skill to implement Mental Health Wraparound (2) Decrease in suspension/expulsion and dropouts of students with significant behavioral/mental health issues. (3) Embedded wraparound in the PBIS model as year three through five training. 	Transition is complete with the exception of Wraparound embedded within lowa's PBIS system (see Mental Health Wraparound in proposed activities)
Clarify/examine/develop policies and procedures. Any identified refinement of LEA Review process for suspensions and expulsions will be developed during FFY 2009-2010 with implementation in fall of 2010. Completed	Implementation of any new processes and or technical support in Fall of 2010 Completed	Ongoing through FFY 2010 (2010-2011) Completed
Provide technical assistance. The SEA uses suspension and expulsion data in making annual AEA and LEA determinations regarding districts in need of review of policies, procedures and practices	All LEAs and AEAs were notified of determinations status.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013)
Provide six workshop training dates for PBIS Statewide trainers and coaches in the area of secondary supports; beginning tertiary supports training for select AEA personnel FFY 2011 Provide 8 workshop days from November 2011 through October 2012. Provide additional technical assistance and training through webinars.	Increase in AEA skills in secondary and tertiary supports Completed, delete	FFY 2010 6 PBIS workshops were held from June 2010 through October 2011 with a total of 370 participants trained.
Develop additional suspension and expulsion protocols for districts that have been identified as having a significant discrepancy for more than 1 year	Provide support to AEAs and districts regarding the monitoring and continuous improvement activities regarding B4	Fall 2012

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The analyses of data form the basis of discussion that follows.

The state percent of districts identified as having significant discrepancies in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year stayed the same at 1.11% in both FFY 2009 (2009-2010) and FFY 2010 (2010-2011), meeting the state target. Maintenance on this indicator is attributed to (a) continued efforts by the SEA to provide technical assistance to both AEAs and LEAs regarding discipline, (b) continued efforts by the SEA to promote the adoption of PBIS and/or other positive behavior supports and interventions in districts, (c) continued efforts by the SEA and AEAs to help districts understand discipline data.

SEAs are required to report for Indicator B4 the following specifics around correction of noncompliance from the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Annual Performance Report using FFY 2008 (2008-2009) data:

	Number of findings of noncompliance the State made during FFY 2009 (the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010) using 2008-2009 data	1
	Number of FFY 2009 findings the State verified as timely corrected (corrected within one year from the date of notification to the LEA of the finding)	1
	Number of FFY 2009 findings <u>not</u> verified as corrected within one year [(1) minus (2)]	0
	Number of FFY 2009 findings not timely corrected (same as the number from (3) above)	0
	Number of FFY 2009 findings the State has verified as corrected beyond the one-year timeline ("subsequent correction")	0
6. I	Number of FFY 2009 findings not yet verified as corrected [(4) minus (5)]	0

Actions Taken Regarding Noncompliance:

The SEA uses data from Project EASIER to track the number of students with IEPs suspended and expelled for greater than 10 days by district to determine (a) the statewide rate of suspensions and expulsions, and (b) district rates of suspensions and expulsions. The percent of districts with significant discrepancy was then calculated by (1) identifying districts above 2% of the SEA's rate of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year, (2) dividing the number of districts with this significant discrepancy by the total number of districts in the state, and (3) multiplying by 100. The SEA conducts a review of policies, procedures, and practices in order to determine noncompliance for districts identified as exceeding the state's average by 2% or more.

The SEA determined that for FFY 2009 (2009-2010), districts were considered noncompliant in this area primarily due to lack of (a) review and revision of policies, procedures and practices relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, (b) the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports (PBIS), and procedural safeguards, and (c) training of staff regarding the discipline provisions of IDEA 2005 and PBIS.

For FFY 2009 (2009-2010), districts (a) reviewed and revised policies, procedures and practices relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports, and procedural safeguards, (b) reviewed and/or revised procedures for giving parents prior written notice for students involved in change of placements consistent with the discipline provisions of IDEA 2005, and (c) reviewed and revised district policies, procedures and practices regarding the discipline provisions of IDEA 2005.

As part of a corrective action plan, districts are required to provide evidence to the SEA that any required corrections were completed and when the corrections were completed. The SEA also verified that in each program for which noncompliance was identified, the specific regulatory requirements were being correctly implemented by ensuring that the LEA had adopted and been trained in statewide procedures for the development and implementation if IEPs that are aligned with lowa's Special Education Rules, lowa Code, and Federal Code. Monitoring of corrective actions is carried out by the SEA's monitoring consultant.

While lowa was able to verify correction of all noncompliance for FFY 2009 (2009-2010), the state has procedures in place should timely correction not take place in the future. Iowa's Administrative Rules of Special Education provide the SEA with the latitude to take enforcement actions in cases of noncompliance with the IDEA, including, but not limited to, requiring a corrective action plan, withholding

payments under Part B, and referring the matter for enforcement to the department of justice or state auditor. [IAC 281–41.604]

Verification of Correction (either timely or subsequent):

lowa verified the correction of noncompliance identified in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) APR by (a) verifying that all child-specific noncompliance was corrected to 100%, and (b) verifying that each LEA that was performing below 100% compliance in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) is correctly implementing the regulatory requirements.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

Proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012) are discussed in Table B4.4. (Note: Activities listed as ongoing in Table B4.3 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012), and are not listed in Table B4.4).

Table B4.4 Improvement Activities Proposed for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)

B	Proposed Personnel	Proposed		
Proposed Activity	Resources	Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes	
Continue training and implementation of Mental Health Wraparound within the PBIS model with Cohort 3 schools.	LEA teams of 3-5 people with AEA support. Lucille Eber and/or Diane McDonald will provide 4-6 days of face-to-face trainings and 3-4 Go-To meetings per school year. Three AEA/LEA PBIS trainers to provide TA for wrap around teams.	FFY 2012- 13	Increase in school personnel skills to implement Mental Health Wraparound; Decrease in suspension/expulsion and dropouts of students with significant behavioral/mental health issues; and Wraparound embedded within lowa's PBIS system is anticipated for completion by 2013.	
Explore the development of systems to expand and sustain PBIS and to allow greater accessibility to resources (e.g., shared training).	Evaluate current status of sustainability through the AEAs; Research the factors needed for sustainability; Review the success and plans of other states; In coordination with other state initiatives develop a PBIS sustainability/expansion plan.	FFY 2012	Development of a realistic plan to sustain and expand PBIS.	
Develop a Corrective Action Plan template for districts in need of assistance (Year 2).	Review other state Corrective Action Plans; Coordinate the process with other corrective action to be taken by a district (e.g., SINA, DINA).	Spring 2012	Corrective Action Plan and process which will improve outcomes for students with IEPs.	

IOWA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION



District Review Protocols SUSPENSIONS AND EXPULSIONS

2011 - 2012 School Year

(FFY 2009 Data)

Discipline

Suspensions and Expulsions

Suspension and expulsion rates refer to the number of students with disabilities suspended or expelled for greater than 10 days. Both In-School and Out-of-School suspensions are included in Indicator B4. Out-of-School suspensions are instances in which a child is temporarily removed from his/her regular school for disciplinary purposes to another setting (e.g., home, behavior center). This includes both removals in which no IEP services are provided because the removal is 10 days or less, as well as removals in which the child continues to receive services according to his/her IEP. The same is true for In-School suspensions, and includes removals in which no IEP services are provided because the removal is 10 days or less, as well as removals in which the child continues to receive services according to his/her IEP. Note: Up to half a day of suspension is counted as half a day; half a day or more is counted as a full day.

Expulsion is defined as "a school board removal of a student from school classes and activities for disciplinary reasons," (Collecting and Reporting Juvenile Incident and Discipline Data in Iowa Schools, 2005).

A district may be found to have significant discrepancy in the rate of Suspensions and Expulsions as outlined in the Annual Performance Report, IDEA Part B for Indicator B4A or Indicator B4B or for both B4A and B4B as defined below.

B4A – A significant discrepancy above the State average for the rate of Suspensions and Expulsions for students with an Individual Education Program (IEP) for greater than 10 days in a school year; and/or

B4B – A significant discrepancy above the State average for the rate of Suspensions and Expulsions for students with an Individual Education Program (IEP) of a race/ethnic subgroup for greater than 10 days in a school year

Reviewing Suspension and Expulsion

The Iowa Department of Education has identified certain activities that assist districts in looking at the root causes for a higher than desirable rate of Suspensions/Expulsions. The review is a focused review of a school district's policies, procedures and practices that closely impact the incidence, duration and type of disciplinary action. It also includes analyzing district data, reviewing district documents, reviewing student IEPs, and examining related issues and practices.

INSTRUCTIONS

Carefully read the following directions.

IMPORTANT: Contact Ellen McGinnis-Smith at the lowa Department of Education to verify receipt of this document!

ellen.mcginnis-smith@iowa.gov

STEP 1: Complete all 3 Sections as follows:

Section 1: Review of Data

- Examine district discipline data noting areas of concern or areas in need of further investigation
- Complete the table by answering the questions with a brief explanation/answer

Section 2: Review of Policies. Procedures and Practices

- · Complete chart of yes/no questions
- Any question answered 'no' is considered a finding of <u>non-compliance</u> and shall be corrected as soon as possible, but no later than one year from the data of such finding
- The district must provide documentation of correction to the department

Section 3: Review of documents and Individual IEPs

- Complete table of yes/no questions
- Complete list of students suspended/expelled for more than 10 days (consecutive and cumulative)
 - Complete IEP file reviews
 - Must complete IEP/file reviews of students with IEPs suspended/expelled for more than 10 days during 2010--2011 school year and the current 2011-2012 school year
 - Any finding of noncompliance on a current IEP shall be corrected immediately and documentation of correction must be provided to the department

Section 4: Review of Positive Behavior Strategies

• Complete table of yes/no questions

STEP 2:

- Review findings from each section
- Complete Summary of Findings Form

STEP 3:

Following Section 4 is a Corrective Action Plan template

• Based on the review and summary of findings from Step 2, develop a **Corrective Action Plan**.

STEP 4:

- Complete the Revisions of Policies, Procedures and Practices form
- If applicable, attach revisions to the form
- Attach copies of completed IEP review forms

STEP 5:

- Complete Statement of Assurances (<u>Superintendent Signature required</u>)
- Mail a completed copy of the entire document and required attachments to the Iowa Department of Education at the following address:

Ellen McGinnis-Smith, Consultant Bureau of Student and Family Support Services Iowa Department of Education 400 E. 14th Street Des Moines, IA 50319

NOTE: An electronic version of this document may be obtained by e-mailing <u>ellen.mcginnis-smith@iowa.gov</u>

REVIEWER INFORMATION SHEET

School District	AEA_	Date
Completed		
Contact/Lead Person	Position	
E-mail	Ph#	

Please list all individuals involved in the completion of this review.

Name	Position	AEA or District	Building	Sections Reviewe d
				Į.

SECTION 1

DATA REVIEW

Section 14: Review of Data

P	lease provide a brief explanation/answer regarding the following questions.
1)	How does the district tracks and monitors rates of suspension and expulsions? Please describe. Who is responsible for this activity?
2)	How does the district ensure that data are entered into the system in a timely and accurate manner? Please describe. Who is responsible for this activity?
3)	Describe how the district monitors and reviews suspension and expulsion data disaggregated by students with and without IEPs? Who is responsible for this activity?
4)	Describe how the district monitors and reviews suspension and expulsion data by students disaggregated by racial/ethnic subgroups? Who is responsible for this activity?
5)	How often do principals review disaggregated discipline data by buildings and/or classrooms?
6)	How often are disaggregated data shared and analyzed among both regular and special educators within the district?

7)	How are buildings with problematic rates of suspensions of students with an IEP identified? Describe any past interventions implemented to address problematic rates.
8)	Is the district currently implementing PBIS?
	If yes, what buildings and for how long?
9)	Is the district currently implementing other forms of school-wide behavioral initiatives?
	If yes, please describe.
10	Are there suspension trends or other areas that need to be further analyzed?
	If yes, please list or describe.

SECTION 2

POLICIES, PROCEDURES AND PRACTICES REVIEW

- ◆ Any question answered 'No' is considered a finding of <u>non-compliance</u> and the district shall revise or develop new policies, procedures and/or practices that are in alignment with federal and state laws and regulations. Corrections shall be made as soon as possible, but no later than one year from the data of finding/s.
- Districts shall publicly report changes and provide a copy of changes to the Iowa State Department of Education.
- During site visits districts will be required to provide copies of policies and procedures to the Department of Education as well as provide evidence of implementation of any practice in which there is a 'Yes' response.

Aı	Are the district's policies, procedures and practices in alignment with federal and state law and regulations?							
Fo	ocus Area - Authority of school personnel IAC 281-41.530	Policy	Proce	dure	Practice			
1.	School personnel consider any unique circumstances on a case- by-case basis when determining whether a change in placement, is appropriate for a student with a disability who violates a code of student conduct (<i>Case-by-case determination</i>) [IAC 281- 41.530(1)].	Yes No	Yes	No	Yes No			
2.	Suspensions and expulsions are applied to students with disabilities to the extent they are applied to students without disabilities (as long as no removal constitutes a change of placement) [IAC 281-41.530(2)].	Yes No	Yes	No	Yes No			
3.	Services are provided to a student with a disability after the student has been removed from his or her current placement for ten school days (consecutive or cumulative) in the same school year and during any subsequent days of removal [IAC 281-41.330(4)].	Yes No	Yes	No	Yes No			
4.	When a suspension would exceed ten consecutive school days, and the behavior that gave rise to the violation of the school code is determined not to be a manifestation of the child's disability, school personnel may apply disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to children without disabilities, except as provided in subrule 41.530(4) [IAC 281-41.530(3)].	Yes No	Yes	No	Yes No			
5.	Services. 41.530(4) a. A child with a disability who is removed from the child's current placement pursuant to subrule 41.530(3) or 41.530(7) must receive the following: (1) Educational services: as provided in subrule 41.101(1), so	Yes	Yes	No	Yes			
	(1) Educational services, as provided in subrule 41.101(1), so as to enable the child to continue to participate in the	No			No			

Are the district's policies, procedures and practices in alignment with federal and state law and regulations?

	state law and regulations?				
	general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP; and	Yes No	Yes	No	Yes No
	(2) As appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment, and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
	not recur.	No	Yes	No	No
	 b. The services required by 41.530(4) "a" and "c" to "e" may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting. 	Yes No	Yes	No	Yes No
	c. A public agency is required to provide services during periods of removal to a child with a disability who has been removed from his or her current placement for ten school days or less in that school year, only if it provides services to a child without disabilities who is similarly removed.	Yes No			Yes No
			Yes	No	
	 d. After a child with a disability has been removed from his or her current placement for ten school days in the same school year, if the current removal is for not more than ten consecutive school days and is not a change of placement under rule 281—41.536(256B,34CFR300), school personnel, in consultation with at least one of the child's teachers, shall determine the extent to which services are needed, as provided in subrule 41.101(1), so as to enable the child to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP. e. If the removal is a change of placement under rule 281—41.536(256B,34CFR300), the child's IEP team determines appropriate services under 41.530(4) "a." 	Yes No			Yes No
	Focus Area – Manifestation Determination IAC 281-				
6.	a. Within ten school days of any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the AEA, the LEA, the parent, and relevant members of the child's IEP team, as determined by the parent and the AEA and LEA, review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:	Yes No	Yes	No	Yes No

Are the district's policies, procedures and practices in alignment with federal and state law and regulations? Yes No (1) If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and Yes Yes substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or No No No Yes (2) If the conduct in question was the direct result of the failure by Yes Yes the AEA or LEA to implement the IEP. No No No Yes b. The conduct must be determined to be a manifestation of the Yes child's disability if the AEA, the LEA, the parent, and relevant Yes members of the child's IEP team determine that a condition in No No either 41.530(5)"a"(1) or (2) was met. c. If the AEA, the LEA, the parent, and relevant members of the child's IEP team determine the condition described in 41.530(5)"a"(2) was met, the public agency must take immediate steps to remedy those deficiencies. Determination that behavior was a manifestation. If the AEA, the LEA, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP team proceeds as follows: Yes Yes No Yes No No a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment, unless the AEA or LEA had conducted a functional behavioral assessment before the behavior that resulted in the change of placement occurred. Yes No and implement a behavioral intervention plan for the child; or Yes Yes No No b. If a behavioral intervention plan already has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan and modify it, as necessary, Yes No to address the behavior; and Yes Yes c. Except as provided in subrule 41.530(7), return the child to the No No placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent and the public agency agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan. [IAC 281-41.3530(6)]. Focus Area - Prior Notice by the Public Agency 41.530(8) Notification. On the date on which the decision is made to make a removal that constitutes a change of placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the Yes Yes LEA must notify the parents of that decision and provide the parents Yes No No No the procedural safeguards notice described in rule 281-41.504(256B,34CFR300).

SECTION 3 DOCUMENT AND IEP REVIEW

The following items will apply only to School Board Policies.

School Board Policy Review						
The following is regarding discriminatory practices.						
Is there a policy to ensure that students are free from discriminatory practices in the educational program?	Yes No					
Does the district have policies or documentation related to the provision of the following special education and related services?						
Provision of a free and appropriate public education.	Yes No					
Provision of special education and related services.	Yes No					
Provision of special education and related services in the least restrictive environment.	Yes No					
Protecting the confidentiality of personally identifiable information.	Yes No					
Graduation requirements for eligible individuals.	Yes No					
Requirements for administration of medications, including a written dedication administration record.	Yes No					
Special health services.	Yes No					
Documentation that the Board of Education provides special education programs and services for its resident children that comply with rules of the State Board of Education implementing Iowa Code chapters 256, 256B, 273, and 280.281-	Yes No					
Letter from the AEA Education Agency Special Education Director indicating the district is in compliance.	Yes No					
Documents which address the provisions for meeting the needs of at-risk students.	Yes No					
Valid and systemic procedures and criteria to identify at-risk students throughout the district's school-age population.	Yes No					
Determination of appropriate ongoing educational strategies for alternative options education programs.	Yes No					
The following is pertaining to Title IV-A						
A crisis management plan and security procedures for the time when students are at school and on their way to and from school.	Yes No					

Yes No

You will need <u>both</u> School Board Policies and Student Handbook for this section of the review.

Issue	School Board Policy	Student Handbook
Graduation requirements- • Are they present? • Are they clearly stated?	Yes No Yes No	Yes No
Requirements meet current state mandates?	Yes No	Not applicable

The following refers to student responsibility and discipline, including attendance.

SBP= School Board Policy

SH= Student Handbook

Issue			ressec or No)	Is the policy and handbook in alignment?		
	SBP		SH			
Attendance – tardy policy	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Attendance- truancy policy	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Use of tobacco	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Use or possession of alcoholic beverages or any controlled substance	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Violent, destructive, and seriously disruptive behavior	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Suspension, expulsion, emergency removal, and physical restraint	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Weapons	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Out-of-school behavior	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Participation in extracurricular activities	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Academic progress	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Citizenship	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No

Briefly describe the district's practice for informing students about the content of the student handbook and ensuring their understanding?

Provide a list of all students with an IEP suspended and/or expelled for more than 10 days (consecutive or cumulative) during the 2010-2011 school year and for the current 2011-2012 school year. Review all files using the IEP review form on the following page.

2010 – 2011										
Student Name	Date of Birth	Race/Ethnicity	Grade	Building	Total # Days Suspended/Expelled					

2011 – 2012										
Student Name	Date of Birth	Race/Ethnicity	Grade	Building	Total # Days Suspended/Expelled					

Expand table or make copies as needed

All IEPS must be reviewed using the following form

INDIVIDUAL IEP REVIEW FORM

Suspensions and Expulsions 2011-2012 School Year (FFY09 Data)

District/AEA		
	Date of Review	
Reviewer Name & Title		
	Building	

IEP Review for Suspension and Expulsions								
Indicator B4	Studen t Initials	Studen t Initials	Studen t Initials	Studen t Initials	Studen t Initials	Studen t Initials		
	DOB	DOB	DOB	DOB	DOB	DOB		
Procedural Integrity	Y = Yes N = No N/A = Not Applicable							

IEP Review for Suspension and Expulsions								
		Studen t Initials	Studen t Initials	Studen t Initials	Studen t Initials	Studen t Initials	Studen t Initials	
	Indicator B4							
		DOB	DOB	DOB	DOB	DOB	DOB	
	Procedural Integrity			N =	Yes No Applicable			
1.	For more than 10 <u>consecutive</u> days (an automatic change in placement) was a manifestation determination meeting convened?							
2.	For more than 10 <u>cumulative</u> days, did the district determine if it constituted a change of placement?							
3.	If the decision above (the 10 cumulative days) was determined a change of placement, was a manifestation determination meeting held and a decision made?							
4.	If the behavior <u>was</u> a manifestation, did the IEP team conduct a review of an existing the Behavior Intervention Plan? Or if no BIP existed, did the team conduct a Functional Behavior Assessment to develop one?							
5.	If the behavior <u>was</u> a manifestation, was the child returned to his/her educational placement?							
6.	If the behavior was <u>not</u> a manifestation, did the district provide academic instruction?							
7.	If the removal was <u>not</u> a change of placement, did the district provide academic instruction?							
8.	Were services provided to the student once he/she had been removed from his/her current placement for ten school days (consecutive or cumulative) in the same school year and during any subsequent days of removal?							

	IEP Review for	or Susper	sion and	Expulsio	ns		
Indicator B4		Studen t Initials DOB	Studen t Initials DOB	Studen t Initials DOB			
	Procedural Integrity			N =	Yes No Applicable		
9.	On the date on which a decision was made to make a removal that constituted a change of placement was the parent notified of that decision and provided the procedural safeguards notice?						
	IEP Components/Considerations						
10.	Are there goals in the area of behavior?						
11.	Were positive behavioral interventions and supports considered and addressed in the IEP?						
12.	If a BIP exists, was it based on the results of a FBA?						
13.	If a BIP exists that was based on the results of a FBA, is there alignment between the BIP and the FBA (e.g., does treatment match function)?						

Expand table or make copies as needed

A COPY OF ALL IEP REVIEW FORMS MUST BE ATTACHED WHEN SUBMITTING FINAL DOCUMENT

SECTION 4

POSITIVE BEHAVIOR STRATEGIES REVIEW

The purpose of this section is to assist the district in checking the integrity in which PBIS and/or other strategies are being implemented. It also serves to assist a district in identifying possible strategies that may be adopted as practice.

Answer YES for if the practice occurs <u>consistently</u>. Answer NO if the practice occurs <u>infrequently</u> or never.

NOTE: A NO answer does not result in a finding of noncompliance.

	AREA	Yes or No
	PECTATIONS DEFINED Has the staff of the building agreed to 5 or fewer positively stated school rules for behavior? Is there documentation that the staff has been involved in agreeing to these rules?	Yes No
2)	Are these expectations/rules posted in at least 8-10 locations within the school that are visible to students on a daily basis?	Yes No
	ACHING EXPECTATIONS Is there a documented system for teaching behavioral expectations to students on an annual basis?	Yes No
4)	Can most students and staff name the expectations for behavior in the school?	Yes No
	COGNITION SYSTEM Is there a documented system for recognizing and rewarding student behavior?	Yes No
6)	Do a majority of the staff routinely recognize their students for exhibiting expected behavior? Is there documentation of that practice?	Yes No
7)	When asked, can students describe the recognition/reward system? Do they value the methods used to recognize their behavior? Do the majority of students report being recognized by staff at least once a day?	Yes No
	SPONSE TO VIOLATIONS Is there a documented system for dealing with and reporting specific behavioral violations?	Yes No
9)	Do the majority of staff members agree with administration on what problems are office managed and what problems are classroom-managed?	Yes No
10)	Is there a documented crisis plan for responding to extremely dangerous behaviors? Is all staff knowledgeable of this plan?	Yes No
_	NITORING & DECISION-MAKING Does the discipline referral form list the following information – student/grade; time; referring staff; problem behavior; location; persons involved; probable motivation; and administrative decision?	Yes No
12)	Is there a system for collecting and summarizing discipline data – e.g. software program?	Yes No

AREA	Yes or No
13) Is discipline data reported to the entire staff at least 3 times a year?	Yes No
14) Is discipline data used for making decisions regarding the design, implementation and revision of school-wide effective behavior supports?	Yes No
MANAGEMENT 15) Does the school improvement plan include behavior support systems as one of the top 3 priorities?	Yes No
16) Are there specific activities to enhance behavior support systems within the school? Are these activities evaluated on at least an annual basis using a variety of data sources, including discipline data?	Yes No
DISTRICT LEVEL SUPPORT 17) Does the school budget allocate money to support building and maintaining positive behavior support systems within the school?	Yes No

Activities, Strategies and Practices Implemented by the District

The lowa Department of Education recognizes that many districts implement activities, strategies and practices to address discipline concerns prior to conducting this review. Please describe any activities, strategies and/or practices that the district has begun to implement that is not covered in a previous section of this review.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Review sections 1 - 4 and in the chart below, provide a brief summary of findings for each section (e.g., areas of need, areas of strength, areas of non-compliance, areas that need to be explored further, etc.). This summary of findings will assist you in the development of the Corrective Action Plan.

Section 1: Data Review
Summary of Findings (and possible hypothesis):
Section 2: Policies, Procedures and Practices Review
Summary of Findings (a copy of any new or revised policy, procedure or practice needs
to be attached).
Areas of noncompliance (list or describe):
Section 3: Document and IEP Review
Summary of Findings:

Please note findings of noncompliance on any current individual IEP (include student initials and DOB) The district shall make immediate correction of any finding and provide a copy of the corrected IEP to the Department of Education as soon as the correction is made.
Section 4: Positive Behavior Strategies Review
Summary of Findings

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Suspensions and Expulsions 2011-2012 School Year (FFY09 Data)

District/AEA:	
Date of Submission:	
Person Responsible	Position
E-mail/	

Using the *Summary of Findings* the district shall develop a corrective Action Step for each area of noncompliance identified. Additional Action Steps should be developed for areas where continuous improvement is indicated. Copy the table as needed. As you formulate your corrective *Action Step Details* for each identified area, address the following:

- 1. **Pattern:** Where is the noncompliance (or area that needs improvement) occurring (e.g., specific buildings, grades, personnel)?
- 2. Intervention: Based on your analysis, what action(s) will best correct the noncompliance
- 3. **Measurement:** How will you document that the corrective action(s) has been implemented?
- 4. **Evaluation:** How will you know that this item has been corrected:
 - a) What data will you look at?
 - b) What standard/criteria will you use to judge that the problem has been resolved?
- 5. **Assimilation:** Once this item of noncompliance has been corrected, how will compliance be sustained beyond the duration of this CAP?

1 out of Identify/Describe Area of Noncompliance Identified or Area in Need of Improvement	Person Monitoring Implementation
Action Step Details: (Address questions 1-5 above)	Optional Review Dates:
1. Pattern:	Date 1
2. Intervention:	
3. Measurement:	Date 2
4. Evaluation:	
5. Assimilation:	Date 3
	Date 4

	Completion Date
2 out of Identify/Describe Area of Noncompliance Identified or Area in Need of Improvement	Person Monitoring Implementation
Action Step Details: (Address questions 1-5 above) 1. Pattern: 2. Intervention: 3. Measurement: 4. Evaluation: 5. Assimilation:	Optional Review Dates: Date 1 Date 2 Date 3 Date 4 Completion Date
3 out of Identify/Describe Area of Noncompliance Identified or Area in Need of Improvement	Person Monitoring Implementation
Action Step Details: (Address questions 1-5 above) 1. Pattern: 2. Intervention:	Optional Review Dates: Date 1

3. Measurement:

Date 2

4. Evaluation:	Data 2
5. Assimilation:	Date 3
	Date 4
	Completion Date

Copy table as needed

REVISION OF POLICIES, PROCEDURES AND PRACTICES

If your review resulted in the change of any policy, procedure or practice with respect to the discipline of children with disabilities, please note the revisions made and attach a copy of the new policy, procedure and/or practice. Also note the date and how the changes were publicly reported.

Policy, Procedure and/or Practice (List all revisions)	Describe how changes were/will be publicly reported	Date

ATTACH A COPY OF NEW OR REVISED POLICIES, PROCEDURES AND PRACTICES

Statement of Assurances

Suspensions and Expulsions 2011-2012 School Year (FFY09 Data)

District:			
Date of	Date of Submission:		
The	Community School District hereby assures		
the Iowa Department o	f Education that the information presented in this review of		
suspension and expuls	ions is accurate and the review was conducted according		
to the protocols set fort	h in this document.		
	Community School District further assures		
the Iowa Department o	f Education that the district administration has reviewed,		
approved and supports	the Corrective Action Plan set forth in this document.		
_	nted Name)		
	Date		
Superintendent (Sig	· · ·		
	Date		

CHECKLIST

Reviewer Information Sheet
SECTION 1: Data Review
SECTION 2: Policies, Procedures and Practices
SECTION 3: Document and IEP Review
° List of students with IEPs suspended for more than 10 days for
current school year and for 2009-2010 school year
° IEP Review forms
SECTION 4: Positive Behavior Strategies Review
Summary of Findings Form
° Includes list of findings of noncompliance in policies, procedures
and practices
° Includes list of findings of noncompliance on individual IEPs
District Action Plan
Revision of Policies, Procedures and Practices Form
° Copies of new or revised policies , procedures and/or practices
are attached
Statement of Assurance signed by district Superintendent

Mail a completed copy of the entire document and required attachments to the lowa Department of Education at the following address:

Ellen McGinnis-Smith, Consultant Bureau of Student and Family Support Services Iowa Department of Education 400 E. 14th Street Des Moines, IA 50319

Electronic versions may be submitted to ellen.mcginnis-smith@iowa.gov

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) was developed by SEA staff reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities, and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the State Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), the Area Education Agencies (AEA) administration, and the Iowa Department of Education staff.

In this APR, Iowa will: (a) report on efforts to improve performance, (b) report on the correction of noncompliance identified in FFY 2009 based on FFY 2008 data as a result of the review conducted pursuant to 34 CFR §300.170(b), including the specific actions that were taken to verify the correction consistent with OSEP Memo 09-02.

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbookapplication&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: FAPE in the LRE

Indicator 4: Rates of suspension and expulsion:

B. Percent of districts that have: (a) a significant discrepancy, by race or ethnicity, in the rate of suspensions and expulsions of greater than 10 days in a school year for children with IEPs; and (b) policies, procedures or practices that contribute to the significant discrepancy and do not comply with requirements relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports, and procedural safeguards.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(A); 1412(a)(22))

The following measurement was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report.

Measurement:

- B. Percent = [(# of districts that have: (a) a significant discrepancy, by race or ethnicity, in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of greater than 10 days in a school year of children with IEPs; and (b) policies, procedures or practices that contribute to the significant discrepancy and do not comply with requirements relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports, and procedural safeguards) divided by the (# of districts in the State)] times 100.
- *Significant discrepancy is defined as 2% above the state average in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year.

The percent of districts identified as having a significant discrepancy in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities by race/ethnicity and policies, procedures, or practices that contribute to the discrepancy is a compliance indicator. Therefore, the target for this indicator is set at 0.00%. The SEA's definition of significant discrepancy is 2.00% above the state average in the rate of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year. The state uses both in-school and out-of-school suspensions as well as expulsions in making this calculation.

In-school and out-of-school suspension are both defined as an "administrative or school board removal of a student from school classes or activities for disciplinary reasons," with a student still being under the supervision of school officials during an in-school suspension. Expulsion is defined as "a school board removal of a student from school classes and activities for disciplinary reasons," (Collecting and Reporting Juvenile Incident and Discipline Data in Iowa Schools, 2006).

The percent of districts with significant discrepancy is calculated by (1) identifying districts 2.00% or more above of the SEA's rate of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year by race/ethnicity, (2) dividing the number of districts with this significant discrepancy by the total number of districts in the state, and (3) multiplying by 100. lowa compares district rates of suspension and expulsion for students with disabilities for each category of race/ethnicity to the state average for all students with IEPs, regardless of race or ethnicity. This is consistent with the measurement table and is not discriminatory on the basis of race or ethnicity.

lowa does not determine a district to have a significant discrepancy unless the district has a minimum of ten students with disabilities enrolled and has suspended or expelled a minimum of three students with disabilities in the race/ethnicity category for greater than ten days in the school year. These criteria excluded 14 districts from the analysis for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	B. 0.00% of districts will have (a) a significant discrepancy, by race or ethnicity, in the rate of suspensions and expulsions of greater than 10 days in a school year for children with IEPs; and (b) policies, procedures or practices that contribute to the significant discrepancy and do not comply with requirements relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports, and procedural safeguards.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2009 (2009-2010):

Data for Indicator B4B for FFY 2009 (2008-2009) are summarized in Figure B4B.1. Numbers used in the calculations are provided in Table B4B.1.

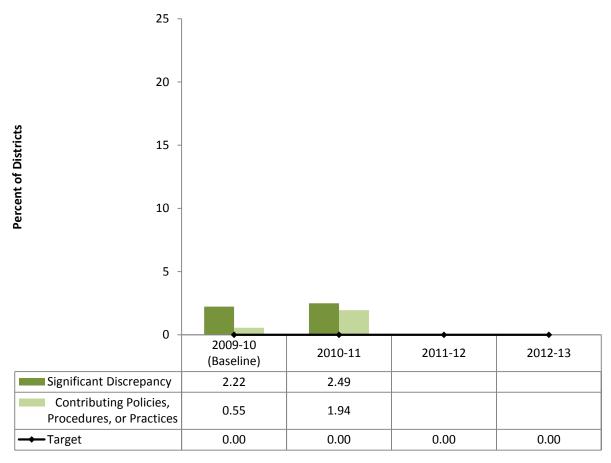


Figure B4B.1. SEA Percent of Districts Identified with Significant Discrepancy of Suspensions and Expulsions by Race/Ethnicity and the SEA Target, FFY 2009 through FFY 2013. Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER Tables, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) – FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) demonstrate that lowa did not meet the target of 0.00% of districts having policies, procedures, or practices contributing to a significant discrepancy by race/ethnicity.

Table B4B.1

Number of Districts Exceeding Measurement, Total Number of Districts, and Percent of Districts Exceeding Measurement by Race/Ethnicity

Description	Caucasian	African-American	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Multi-racial
(a) Number of							
students with IEPs							
enrolled, ages 6-21	47615	5433	4859	544	502	56	1360
(b) Number of							
students with IEPs							
suspended or							
expelled for greater				_	_	_	
than 10 days	253	128	38	2	6	0	20
(c) State average							
percent of students							
with IEPs suspended							
or expelled for							
greater than ten days	4						
(see Table B4.1)	0.74						
(d) threshold for							
significant	0.74						
discrepancy	2.74		l				
(e) Number of							
districts with an							
average							
suspension/expulsion							
rate greater than the	_		_	_	4	_	_
threshold (d)	3	4	2	0	1	0	1

Description	All races
(f) Total number of districts with a significant discrepancy by race/ethnicity in	
2009-2010 (all races/ethnicities from e above)	9*
(g) Total number of districts in 2009-2010	
	361
(h) Percent of districts with a significant discrepancy by race/ethnicity= f/g *100	
	2.49
(i) Number of districts that have a significant discrepancy, by race/ethnicity, and policies, procedures or practices that contribute to the significant discrepancy and do not comply with requirements relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports, and procedural safeguards.	
	7
(j) B4B percent = i/g *100	
	1.94

Source. Iowa Department of Education Project EASIER, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). *Unique districts. Some districts had a rate greater than the threshold for multiple race/ethnicity categories.

State Review of Policies, Procedures, and Practices Relating to the Development and Implementation of IEPs, the Use of Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports, and Procedural Safeguards to Ensure Compliance with Part B of the IDEA as Required by 34 CFR §300.170(b)

Districts identified as significantly discrepant based on FFY 2009 (2009-2010) data participated in a district review consisting of the following areas relating to discipline/suspensions and expulsions:

- (1) A review and examination of district discipline data,
- (2) A review of policies, procedures and practices,
- (3) A review of documents (i.e., individual IEPs, student handbook to ensure alignment with board polices, etc.),
- (4) A review of the district Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports, and
- (5) The development of a Corrective Action Plan, if necessary.

The completed reviews and corrective action plan were reviewed by the SEA and an onsite visit was conducted to verify findings. The onsite review consisted of the review of individual IEPs, review of documents (i.e., prior written notice, change in placement and manifestation determinations, functional behavioral assessments, behavior intervention plans, etc.). A final determination of findings was made by the SEA and a review of the Corrective Action plan was conducted to ensure alignment with the findings.

Results from the review of policies, procedures and practices conducted by the SEA for districts identified as significantly discrepant for FFY 2009 (2009-2010) are provided in Table B4.2.

Table B4B.2 Findings for Indicator B4B. FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

1 mangs for maloator B4B, 11 1 2010 (2010 2011)									
Compliance Requirement	Number of Programs Monitored	Number of Programs Reviewed	Number of Findings						
Review and Revision of Policies 34 CFR § 300.170(b)	361	9	4						
Prior Notice by the Public Agency 34 CFR § 300.503	361	9	4						
Authority of School Personnel 34 CFR § 300.530	361	9	5						

Source. lowa Project EASIER, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) and Indicator B4 Review Protocol FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Data in Table B4.2 indicate that for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) a total of 8 districts were reviewed. The review resulted in four findings of noncompliance relating to *Review and Revision of Policies 34 CFR* § 300.170(b); four findings of noncompliance relating to *Prior Notice by the Public Agency 34 CFR* § 300.503; and five findings of noncompliance relating to provisions of *Authority of School Personnel 34 CFR* § 300.530.

As corrective action, the SEA required districts to develop a corrective action plan to address all areas of noncompliance with corrections to be made as soon as possible, but no later than one year from the date of finding.

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B4B.3.

Table B4B.3 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)									
Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps							
Improve data collection and reporting. Review changes to data proposed by OSEP and ensure measurement addresses OSEPs definitions, if approved.	Capability of reporting on and being in compliance for B4B in FFY 2010 (2010-2011)	Ongoing							
Improve data collection and reporting. Data were verified within the Project EASIER system.	Improved accuracy of suspension and expulsion data.	Ongoing							
Improve systems administration and monitoring. Suspension and expulsion data, as well as progress Monitoring/outcome data from School-wide Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports, and the Challenging Behavior Project, were analyzed with the following key stakeholders: Special Education Advisory Panel, SEA Staff, statewide PBIS Leadership Team, and Learning Supports Advisory Team.	Stakeholders determined that (1) the Challenging Behavior Project should continue in order to increase statewide capacity to work with students with significant challenging behaviors, and (2) PBIS should continue their focus on targeted and intensive levels of support, and should continue providing AEA training by increasing LEA participation by one new cohort (10 Schools) per year.	Ongoing as data indicate need							
Improve systems administration and monitoring. Clarify/examine/develop policies and procedures. Modified and developed a new review protocol to assist districts in the review of policies, procedures and practices related to Indicator B4	A newly developed and implemented review protocol for Indicator B4.	Completed							
Program development. Restructure/strengthen PBIS: (4) Complete a comprehensive PBIS program review (5) Use results of program review to restructure/strengthen lowa's PBIS initiative (6) Establish standardized and online core content training for statewide PBIS trainers	 (4) Completed review (5) Results used to inform SEA of gaps, needs, and strengths of the statewide PBIS system; results used to develop technical assistance and sustainability of efforts (6) Standardized and accessible core content training across the state 	Activities 1 and 2 occur each year and are completed. Activity 3 was scheduled for completion in 2010-2011, however this activity has taken longer than anticipated. Universal PBIS content is currently available; the projected completion date for targeted and intensive training content is 2012.							
Program development. Restructure/strengthen secondary level of supports: (4) Develop a comprehensive list of programs/strategies within targeted supports across the 6 content areas of Learning Supports (5) Develop an online tool to access (1) (6) Use results of PBIS program review to address targeted level of supports	 (4) Comprehensive list of programs/strategies for targeted supports completed (5) Comprehensive list accessible (6) Results of PBIS program review analyzed and recommendations to PBIS Leadership Team for consideration in technical assistance and sustainability of efforts 	Activities 1 and 2 are completed across state agencies in one content area. The SEA obtained two grants—a Building Capacity grant and Safe and Supportive Schools grant to focus efforts in the content area of Safe, Healthy and Caring Learning Environments. Therefore the state will focus resources across universal, targeted and intensive supports in this area across the next 4 years. Activity 3 is completed annually.							
Program development. Restructure/strengthen intensive level of supports specific to discipline and behavior through the implementation of 4	(5) Targeted training and support developed for Lead Technical Assistance Consultants and AEA TAC Teams (see Challenging	(5) Discipline brochure (6) Ongoing (see Challenging Behavior Project below) (7) Completed annually.							

goals which all contain similar activities [(a)Develop/ implement content materials, (b)Develop online support materials and training, (c) Develop evaluation processes/ materials]: (5) Establish Technical Assistance Consultant (TAC) Professional Development to develop behavioral specialists within the AEA In addition: (6) Develop a comprehensive list of programs/strategies within Intensive/Tertiary Supports across the 6 content areas of Learning Supports (7) Develop an online tool to access (8) Use results of PBIS program review to address targeted level of supports	Behavior below) (6) Comprehensive list of programs/strategies for secondary supports completed (7) Comprehensive list accessible (8) Results of PBIS program review analyzed and recommendations to PBIS Leadership Team for consideration in technical assistance and sustainability of efforts	(8) Completed across state agencies in one content area. The SEA obtained two grants—a Building Capacity grant and Safe and Supportive Schools grant to focus efforts in the content area of Safe, Healthy and Caring Learning Environments. Therefore the state will focus resources across universal, targeted and intensive supports in this area across the next 4 years.
Program development. Restructure the Challenging Behavior Project, to establish Technical Assistance Consultant (this position is now referred to as AEA Behavior Specialists) Professional Development: (4) Establish 3-tiered partnership to implement appropriate behavioral supports Completed (5) Develop and implement TAC specialized content and practicum/internship curricula (6) Develop/implement evaluation processes/materials	(1) Partnerships for the project have been established Completed (2) The structure and process for the Challenging Behavior project have been established (3) Evaluation structure established; initial results obtained.	(1) Completed (2) Completed (3) Completed The Challenging Behavior Project has been established; Completed. In 2011 43 AEA Behavior Specialists participated in clinical experiences and training; 223AEA Behavior Specialists and other personnel have participated in direct training on behavior principles and strategies via distance education (Iowa Communications Network) This project is ongoing through FFY 2010. Continue project through 2012.
Program development. Continue Project LINCS: (6) Strengthen crossagency/organization collaboration (through the Learning Supports Advisory Team) (7) Develop linguistically appropriate and culturally competent guidelines (8) Establish a statewide Crisis Intervention Program (9) Establish a Family-Centered, School-based Mental Health Wraparound Model (10) Evaluate collaborative processes, training/TA and impact on system-level responsiveness to mental health needs Transition Project LINCS into statewide implementation of Mental Health Wraparound within the PBIS model by continuing with Cobort 3	Overall - Increased number of educational personnel trained in the referral of students with mental health needs. Specifically - (6) Established crossagency/organization collaboration to continue to develop tertiary system for mental health supports (7) Completed linguistically and culturally competent guidelines (8) Established crisis intervention program by Fall 2009 (9) 6 pilot sites with established wrap processes by 2009-2010 (10) Results from evaluation used to develop state-wide tertiary system for mental health supports within schools by 2010-2011 (4) Increase in school personnel skill to implement Mental Health Wraparound (5) Decrease in suspension/expulsion and dropouts of students with	(6) Cross-agency/organization collaboration established (7) Linguistically/culturally competent rating rubric developed and applied across training materials (8) Crisis intervention plan training developed and delivered (9) Pilot sites (6) have been established; personnel have attended 4-6 training and direct technical assistance dates (10) Evaluation indicates increase in the number of personnel trained in the referral of students with mental health needs; evaluation is ongoing through FFY 2010 (2010-2011) Transition is complete with the exception of Wraparound embedded within lowa's
continuing with Cohort 3.	dropouts of students with significant behavioral/mental health issues. (6) Embedded wraparound in the PBIS model as year three through five training.	PBIS system (see Mental Health Wraparound in proposed activities)
Clarify/examine/develop policies and procedures. Any identified refinement of LEA Review process for suspensions and expulsions will be developed during FFY 2009-2010 with implementation in fall of 2010. Completed	Implementation of any new processes and or technical support in Fall of 2010 Completed	Ongoing through FFY 2010 (2010-2011) Completed
Provide technical assistance. The SEA	All LEAs and AEAs were notified of	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013)

uses suspension and expulsion data in making annual AEA and LEA determinations regarding districts in need of review of policies, procedures and practices	determinations status.	
FFY 2010 Provide six workshop training dates for PBIS Statewide trainers and coaches in the area of secondary supports; beginning tertiary supports training for select AEA personnel Completed. FFY 2011 Provide 8 workshop days from November 2011 through October 2012. Provide additional technical assistance and training through webinars.	Increase in AEA skills in secondary and tertiary supports	FFY 2010 6 PBIS workshop days were held from June 2010 through October 2011 with a total of 370 participants trained.
Develop additional suspension and expulsion protocols for districts that have been identified as having a significant discrepancy for more than 1 year	Provide support to AEAs and districts regarding the monitoring and continuous improvement activities regarding B4	Fall 2012

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The analyses of data form the basis of discussion that follows.

The state percent of districts identified as having significant discrepancies in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year by race/ethnicity and having contributing policies, procedures, or practices increased from 0.55% in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) to 1.94% in FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Slippage on this indicator is attributed to efforts by the SEA to make the review of policies, procedures and practices as meaningful and rigorous as possible. This is still a new indicator for the SEA and for districts, and we have yet to establish consistent practice in this area.

SEAs are required to report for Indicator B4B the following specifics around correction of noncompliance from the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Annual Performance Report using FFY 2008 (2008-2009) data:

7. Number of findings of noncompliance the State made during FFY 2009 (period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010) using 2008-2009 data	the 4
Number of FFY 2009 findings the State verified as timely corrected (corre within one year from the date of notification to the LEA of the finding)	ected 4
9. Number of FFY 2009 findings <u>not</u> verified as corrected within one year [((2)]	1) minus 0
 Number of FFY 2009 findings not timely corrected (same as the number above) 	from (3) 0
11. Number of FFY 2009 findings the State has verified as corrected beyond one-year timeline ("subsequent correction")	I the 0
12. Number of FFY 2009 findings not yet verified as corrected [(4) minus (5)]	0

Actions Taken Regarding Noncompliance:

The SEA uses data from Project EASIER to track the number of students with IEPs suspended and expelled for greater than 10 days by district to determine (a) the statewide rate of suspensions and expulsions, and (b) district rates of suspensions and expulsions. The percent of districts with significant discrepancy was then calculated by (1) identifying districts above 2% of the SEA's rate of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year by race/ethnicity, (2) dividing the number of districts with this significant discrepancy by the total number of districts in the state, and (3) multiplying by 100. The SEA conducts a review of policies, procedures, and practices in order to determine noncompliance for districts identified as exceeding the state's average by more than 2%.

The SEA determined that for FFY 2009 (2009-2010), districts were considered noncompliant in this area primarily due to lack of (a) review and revision of policies, procedures and practices relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, (b) the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports (PBIS), and procedural safeguards, and (c) training of staff regarding the discipline provisions of IDEA 2005 and PBIS.

For FFY 2009 (2009-2010), districts (a) reviewed and revised policies, procedures and practices relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports, and procedural safeguards, (b) reviewed and/or revised procedures for giving parents prior written notice for students involved in change of placements consistent with the discipline provisions of IDEA 2005, and (c) reviewed and revised district policies, procedures and practices regarding the discipline provisions of IDEA 2005.

As part of a corrective action plan, districts are required to provide evidence to the SEA that any required corrections were completed and when the corrections were completed. The SEA also verified that in each program for which noncompliance was identified, the specific regulatory requirements were being correctly implemented by ensuring that the LEA had adopted and been trained in statewide procedures for the development and implementation if IEPs that are aligned with lowa's Special Education Rules, lowa Code, and Federal Code. Monitoring of corrective actions is carried out by the SEA's monitoring consultant.

While lowa was able to verify correction of all noncompliance for FFY 2009 (2009-2010), the state has procedures in place should timely correction not take place in the future. Iowa's Administrative Rules of Special Education provide the SEA with the latitude to take enforcement actions in cases of noncompliance with the IDEA, including, but not limited to, requiring a corrective action plan, withholding payments under Part B, and referring the matter for enforcement to the department of justice or state auditor. [IAC 281–41.604]

Verification of Correction (either timely or subsequent):

lowa verified the correction of noncompliance identified in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) APR by (a) verifying that all child-specific noncompliance was corrected to 100%, and (b) verifying that each LEA that was performing below 100% compliance in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) is correctly implementing the regulatory requirements (i.e. achieved 100% compliance in a review of updated data).

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

Proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012) are discussed in Table B4B.4. (Note: Activities listed as ongoing in Table B4B.3 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012), and are not listed in Table B4B.4).

Table B4B.4

Improvement Activities Proposed for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)

Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Continue training and implementation of Mental Health Wraparound within the PBIS model with Cohort 3 schools.	LEA teams of 3-5 people with AEA support. Lucille Eber and/or Diane McDonald will provide 4-6 days of face-to-face trainings and 3-4 Go-To meetings per school year. Three AEA/LEA PBIS trainers to provide TA for wrap around teams.	FFY 2012- 13	4. Increase in school personnel skills to implement Mental Health Wraparound; 5. Decrease in suspension/expulsion and dropouts of students with significant behavioral/mental health issues; and 6. Wraparound embedded within lowa's PBIS system is anticipated for completion by 2013.
Explore the development of systems to expand and sustain PBIS and to allow greater accessibility to resources (e.g., shared training).	Evaluate current status of sustainability through the AEAs; Research the factors needed for sustainability; Review the success and plans of other states; In coordination with other state initiatives develop a PBIS sustainability/expansion plan.	FFY 2012	Development of a realistic plan to sustain and expand PBIS.
Develop a Corrective Action Plan template for districts in need of assistance (Year 2).	Review other state Corrective Action Plans; Coordinate the process with other corrective action to be taken by a district (e.g., SINA, DINA).	Spring 2012	Corrective Action Plan and process which will improve outcomes for students with IEPs.

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Plan Development:

The SEA staff developed the Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities, and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the state Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), the Area Education Agencies (AEA) administration, the Iowa Department of Education staff, AEA High School Reform Consultants, and the Learning Supports Advisory Team.

Consistent with comments in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Table from OSEP, for Indicator 5, the SEA will report on progress or slippage on the required measurement, on improvement activities described in the State Performance Plan that were implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the outcomes of improvement activities implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and changes to improvement activities to be reported on for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071.

District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's

Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbookapplication&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: FAPE in the LRE

- 4. **Indicator 5:** Percent of children with IEPs aged 6 through 21 served:
 - A. Inside the regular class 80% or more of the day;
 - B. Inside the regular class less than 40% of the day; and
 - C. In separate schools, residential facilities, or homebound/hospital placements.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a) (3) (A))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report. In addition, the following data source is required in the current Part B Measurement Table (OMB NO: 1820-0624 / Expiration Date: 2/29/2012).

Measurement:

- A. Percent = [(# of children with IEPs served inside the regular class 80% or more of the day) divided by the (total # of students aged 6 through 21 with IEPs)] times 100.
- B. Percent = [(# of children with IEPs served inside the regular class less than 40% of the day) divided by the (total # of students aged 6 through 21 with IEPs)] times 100.
- C. Percent = [(# of children with IEPs served in separate schools, residential facilities, or homebound/hospital placements) divided by the (total # of students aged 6 through 21 with IEPs)] times 100.

Data Source: Same data as used for reporting to the Department under Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA).

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

The provision of children/youth with IEPs provided a Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE) in the Least Restrictive Environment (LRE) is a performance indicator. Therefore, each state was allowed by OSEP to set their own target from baseline data. The SEA, with input from stakeholder groups, established measurable and rigorous targets for the three subcomponents of this indicator.

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	A. 75.00% of children with IEPs ages 6-21 are inside the regular class 80% or more of the day.
(2010-2011)	B. 12.00% of children with IEPs ages 6-21 are inside the regular class less than 40% of the day.
	C. 3.50% of children are served in public or private separate schools, residential placements, or homebound or hospital placements.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

lowa's process of General Supervision ensures that decisions about placement are based on the needs of each individual child. Iowa's State Rules of Special Education, Area Education Agency Procedures Manuals for Special Education, and District Plans for Special Education, all contain provisions about decision-making for eligibility for special education services, and on goals and services that constitute a free appropriate public education in the least restrictive setting being made by a team of individuals, including parents, based on the unique needs of each child.

Data reported below are generated from lowa's Information Management System for Special Education (IMS) and are identical to data reported in lowa's 618 Table 3 on the Implementation of FAPE Requirements for 2010. These data are valid and reliable and reflect lowa's special education count date of October 29, 2010 (which falls between October 1 and December 1, 2010). Data represent all students, as sampling is not allowed for Indicator B5.

Figure B5.1 presents the State baseline, measureable and rigorous targets, and actual target data through FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for the percent of children with IEPs aged six through 21 inside the regular class 80% or more of the day.

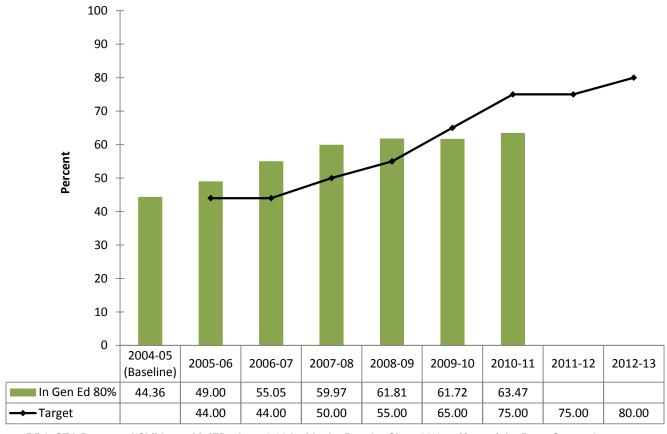


Figure B5.1. SEA Percent of Children with IEPs Ages 6-21 Inside the Regular Class 80% or More of the Day. Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2005 (2005-2006) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011), Iowa 618 Table 3, FFY 2005 (2005-2006) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa did not meet the state target for Indicator 5A for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Results of the State data indicate an increase from 61.72% of children who remained in general education at least 80% of the day in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) to 63.47% in FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Figure B5.2 presents the State baseline, targets, and data through FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for the percent of children with IEPs ages 6 through 21 inside the regular class less than 40% of the day.

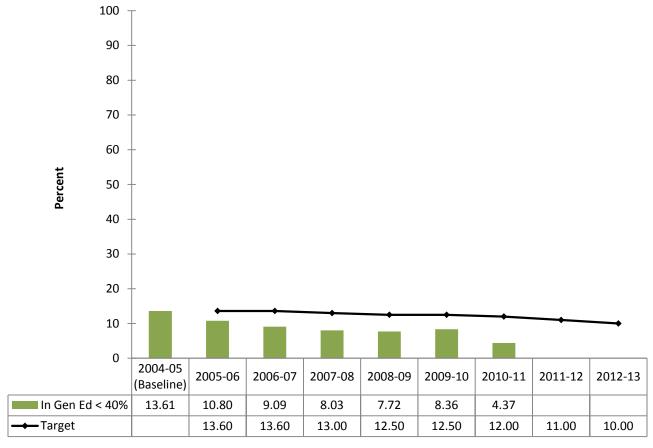


Figure B5.2. SEA Percent of Children with IEPs Ages 6-21 Inside the Regular Class Less Than 40% of the Day. Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2005 (2005-2006) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011), Iowa 618 Table 3, FFY 2005 (2005-2006) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa met the target for Indicator 5B for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Results of the State data indicate a decrease from 8.36% of children in general education less than 40% of the day in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) to 4.37% in FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Figure B5.3 presents the State baseline, targets, and data through FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for the percent of children with IEPs ages six through 21 served in public or private separate schools, residential placements, or homebound or hospital placements.

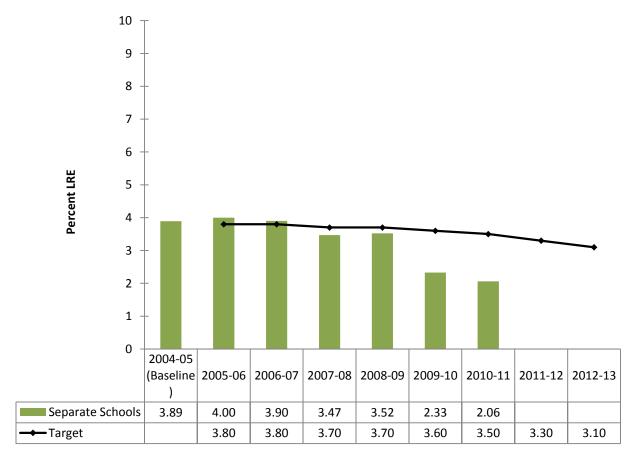


Figure B5.3. State Percent of Children with IEPs Ages 6-21 Served in Public or Private Separate Schools, Residential Placements, or Homebound or Hospital Placements. Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2005 (2005-2006) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011), Iowa 618 Table 3, FFY 2005 (2005-2006) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa met the target for Indicator 5C for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Results of the State data indicate a decrease from 2.33% of children in residential and separate facilities in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) to 2.06% in FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Indicator 5 data were analyzed by regions. The following three figures and tables summarize AEA-level results of measurements 5A, 5B, and 5C. (Note: AEAs are the sub-recipients of Part B funds in the state of lowa and are considered lowa's LEAs for the purposes of reporting in the SPP and APR, per the State Eligibility Document.)

Figure B5.4 depicts AEA measureable and rigorous targets and actual target data for FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for the percent of children with IEPs ages six through 21 inside the regular class 80% or more of the day. None of the AEAs met the target, however, eight of the nine AEAs showed improvement in FFY 2010 (2010-2011) as compared to FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

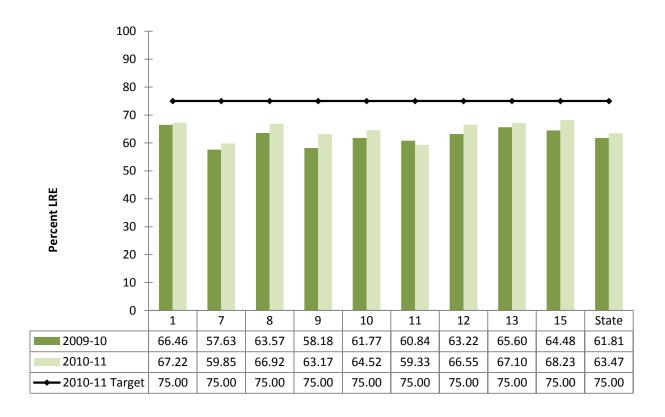


Figure B5.4. Two-Year Performance Summary of Percent of Children with IEPs Ages 6-21 Inside the Regular Class 80% or More of the Day, by AEA. Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and Iowa 618 Table 3, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B5.1 provides raw numbers and percents for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) of children and youth with IEPs ages 6-21 inside the regular education class 80% or more of the day, by AEA and for the State.

Table B5.1

AEA and SEA Number and Percentage of Children with IEPs Ages 6-21

Inside the Regular Class 80% or More of the Day

AEA	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
N Setting	2848	5508	2504	3636	5223	8751	3227	3620	3477	38794
N Total	4237	9203	3742	5756	8095	14750	4849	5395	5096	61123
Percentage	67.22	59.85	66.92	63.17	64.52	59.33	66.55	67.10	68.23	63.47

Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and Iowa 618 Table 3, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Results in Table B5.1 are consistent with the measurement, and no explanation of variance is required.

Figure B5.5 presents the AEA measureable and rigorous target and actual target data for FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for the percent of children with IEPs ages six through 21 inside the regular class less than 40% of the day. All of the ten AEAs met the target in FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

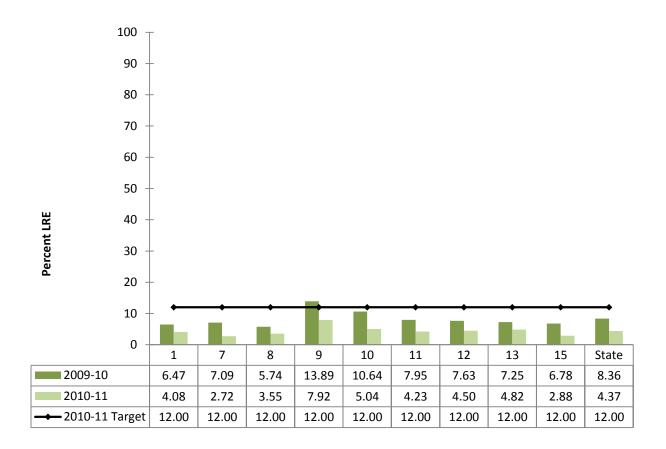


Figure B5.5. Two-Year Performance Summary of Percent of Children with IEPs Ages 6-21 Inside the Regular Class Less Than 40% of the Day, by AEA. Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and Iowa 618 Table 3, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B5.2 provides raw numbers and percents, at the AEA and State levels, of children and youth with IEPs ages 6-21 inside the regular education class less than 40% of the day.

Table B5.2
AEA and SEA Number and Percentage of Children with IEPs Ages 6-21
Inside the Regular Class Less Than 40% of the Day

AEA	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
N Setting	173	250	133	456	408	624	218	260	147	2669
N Total	4237	9203	3742	5756	8095	14750	4849	5395	5096	61123
Percentage	4.08	2.72	3.55	7.92	5.04	4.23	4.50	4.82	2.88	4.37

Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and Iowa 618 Table 3, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Results in Table B5.2 are consistent with the measurement, and no explanation of variance is required.

Figure B5.6 summarizes AEA measureable and rigorous targets and actual target data for FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for the percent of children with disabilities ages six through 21 served in public or private separate schools, residential placements, or homebound or hospital placements. Eight of nine AEAs met the target in FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

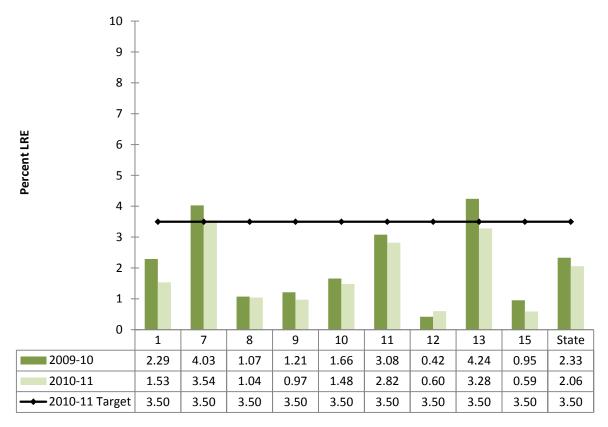


Figure B5.6. Two-Year Performance Summary of Percent of Children with IEPs Ages 6-21 Served in Public or Private Separate Schools, Residential Placements, or Homebound or Hospital Placements, for AEAs and the State of Iowa. Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and Iowa 618 Table 3, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B5.3 summarizes raw numbers and percents of children and youth with IEPs ages 6-21 served in public or private separate schools, residential placements, or homebound or hospital placements, for each AEA and for the State of Iowa.

Table B5.3

AEA and SEA Number and Percentage of Children with IEPs Ages 6-21 Served in Public or Private Separate Schools,

Residential Placements, or Homebound or Hospital Placements

AEA	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
N Setting	65	326	39	56	120	416	29	177	30	1258
N Total	4237	9203	3742	5756	8095	14750	4849	5395	5096	61123
Percentage	1.53	3.54	1.04	0.97	1.48	2.82	0.60	3.28	0.59	2.06

Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and Iowa 618 Table 3, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Results in Table B5.3 are consistent with the measurement, and no explanation of variance is required.

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B5.4.

Table B5.4 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps
Clarify/examine/develop policies and procedures. The SEA required Area Education Agencies to write improvement plans addressing Part B indicators of concern.	All AEAs interpreted results of LRE data.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Clarify/examine/develop policies and procedures. SEA's system of compliance monitoring identified and provided for the correction of problems in LRE calculation.	LEAs and AEAs used compliance data to improve LRE.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Provide Training/Professional Development Framework for Effective Instruction for student with significant disabilities	Professional development offerings to LEA and AEA personnel. Analysis of Iowa Alternate Assessment 1% achievement data and increased opportunity to access the general curriculum and %LRE.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Provide Training/Professional Development Significant disabilities literacy and communication project	Analysis of Iowa Alternate Assessment 1% achievement data and increased opportunity to access the general curriculum and %LRE.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Clarify/examine/develop policies and procedures The SEA required LEAs to develop District Developed Special Education Service Delivery Plans with descriptions of the full continuum of services and supports.	Districts will provide the full continuum of services and supports for students, allowing students to move along the continuum and increase time spent in the least restrictive environment.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa did not meet the measureable and rigorous state target for percent of children inside the regular class 80% or more of the day, with actual target data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) being 63.47%, but did improve as compared to FFY 2009 (2009-2010). SEA personnel attribute the small improvement shown on measurement 5A to an increase in placements in general education settings where instruction is provided collaboratively by a special educator and a general educator.

lowa met the measureable and rigorous state target for percent of children inside the regular class less than 40% of the day, with actual target data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) being 4.37%, a decrease from actual target data obtained during FFY 2009 (2009-2010). SEA personnel attribute the improvement shown on measurement 5B to an increase in placements in general education settings where instruction is provided collaboratively by a special educator and a general educator.

lowa met the measureable and rigorous state target for percent of students served in public or private separate schools, residential placements, or homebound or hospital placements with actual target data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) being 2.06%, a decrease from actual target data obtained during FFY 2009 (2009-2010). SEA personnel attribute the small decrease shown on measurement 5C to year-to-year variation in the measurement.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

Proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012) are discussed in Table B5.5. Activities listed as ongoing in Table B5.4 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012) and are not listed in Table B5.5.

Table B5.5 Improvement Activities Proposed for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)

	•		•
Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Follow-up with districts experiencing LRE declines of more than 5% in percent of children with IEPs aged six through 21 inside the regular class 80% or more of the day and increases of more than 5%.	1 Consultant Time-only	2011-12	After a gain of more than 15% from baseline in three years LRE gains have slowed to 3.50% in three years. Follow-up with districts that are declining and those that continue to gain will provide insights into the factors affecting our current status.

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

In the Part B State Performance Plan (SPP) and Annual Performance Report (APR) Instruction Sheet, OSEP states that:

States are not required to report on Indicator 6 in the FFY 2010 APR, due February 1, 2012.

Therefore, consistent with OSEP's directions, Iowa is not reporting on Indicator B6 for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Monitoring Priority: Monitoring Priority: FAPE in the LRE

Indicator 6: Percent of children aged 3 through 5 with IEPs attending a:

- A. Regular early childhood program and receiving the majority of special education and related services in the regular early childhood program; and
- B. Separate special education class, separate school or residential facility.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(A))

Measurement:

- A. Percent = [(# of children aged 3 through 5 with IEPs attending a regular early childhood program and receiving the majority of special education and related services in the regular early childhood program)divided by the (total # of children aged 3 through 5 with IEPs)] times 100.
- B. Percent = [(# of children aged 3 through 5 with IEPs attending a separate special education class, separate school or residential facility) divided by the (total # of children aged 3 through 5 with IEPs)] times 100.

Revisions, <u>with Justification</u>, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Consistent with OSEP's guidance on Indicator 6, states need not report on Indicator 6 for FFY 2010.

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Plan Development:

The SEA staff developed the Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities, and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the state Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), the Area Education Agencies (AEA) administration, and the Iowa Department of Education staff.

Consistent with comments in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Table from OSEP, for Indicator 7, the SEA will report on progress or slippage on the required measurement, on progress data and actual target data, on improvement activities described in the State Performance Plan that were implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the outcomes of improvement activities implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and changes to improvement activities to be reported on for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of lowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to lowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbookapplication&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: FAPE in the LRE

Indicator 7: Percent of preschool children aged 3 through 5 with IEPs who demonstrate improved:

- A. Positive social-emotional skills (including social relationships);
- B. Acquisition and use of knowledge and skills (including early language/ communication and early literacy); and
- C. Use of appropriate behaviors to meet their needs.

(20 U.S.C. 1416 (a) (3) (A))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report. In addition, the following data source is required in the current Part B Measurement Table (OMB NO: 1820-0624 / Expiration Date: 2/29/2012).

Measurement:

Outcomes:

- A. Positive social-emotional skills (including social relationships);
- B. Acquisition and use of knowledge and skills (including early language/communication and early literacy); and
- C. Use of appropriate behaviors to meet their needs.

Progress categories for A, B and C:

- a. Percent of preschool children who did not improve functioning = [(# of preschool children who did not improve functioning) divided by (# of preschool children with IEPs assessed)] times 100.
- b. Percent of preschool children who improved functioning but not sufficient to move nearer to functioning comparable to same-aged peers = [(# of preschool children who improved functioning but not sufficient to move nearer to functioning comparable to same-aged peers) divided by (# of preschool children with IEPs assessed)] times 100.
- c. Percent of preschool children who improved functioning to a level nearer to same-aged peers but did not reach it = [(# of preschool children who improved functioning to a level nearer to same-aged peers but did not reach it) divided by (# of preschool children with IEPs assessed)] times 100.
- d. Percent of preschool children who improved functioning to reach a level comparable to sameaged peers = [(# of preschool children who improved functioning to reach a level comparable to same-aged peers) divided by (# of preschool children with IEPs assessed)] times 100.
- e. Percent of preschool children who maintained functioning at a level comparable to same-aged peers = [(# of preschool children who maintained functioning at a level comparable to same-aged peers) divided by (# of preschool children with IEPs assessed)] times 100.

Summary Statements for Each of the Three Outcomes:

Summary Statement 1: Of those preschool children who entered the preschool program below age expectations in each Outcome, the percent who substantially increased their rate of growth by the time they turned 6 years of age or exited the program.

Measurement for Summary Statement 1:

Percent = # of preschool children reported in progress category (c) plus # of preschool children reported in category (d) divided by [# of preschool children reported in progress category (a) plus # of preschool children reported in progress category (b) plus # of preschool children reported in progress category (c) plus # of preschool children reported in progress category (d)] times 100.

Summary Statement 2: The percent of preschool children who were functioning within age expectations in each Outcome by the time they turned 6 years of age or exited the program.

Measurement for Summary Statement 2: Percent = # of preschool children reported in progress category (d) plus [# of preschool children reported in progress category (e) divided by the total # of preschool children reported in progress categories (a) + (b) + (c) + (d) + (e)] times 100.

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

Early Childhood Outcomes (ECO) is a performance indicator. Therefore, each state was allowed by OSEP to set their own target from baseline data. The SEA, with input from stakeholder groups, established measurable and rigorous targets for the three subcomponents of this indicator.

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
	Outcome A, Summary Statement 1: 73.25% of children will have substantially increased their rate of growth with respect to social-emotional skills. Outcome A, Summary Statement 2: 60.54% of children will be functioning within age
	expectations with respect to social-emotional skills. Outcome B, Summary Statement 1: 80.97% of children will have substantially increased their rate of growth with respect to acquisition and use of knowledge and
2010 (2010-2011)	Skills. Outcome B, Summary Statement 2: 41.92% of children will be functioning within age expectations with respect to acquisition and use of knowledge and skills.
	Outcome C, Summary Statement 1: 63.67% of children will have substantially increased their rate of growth with respect to use of appropriate behaviors to meet their needs.
	Outcome C, Summary Statement 2: 61.98% of children will be functioning within age expectations with respect to use of appropriate behaviors to meet their needs.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for children exiting early childhood special education services are presented in Figures B7.1 through B7.6. Progress data and actual numbers used in the calculations are presented in Tables B7.1, B7.2 and B7.3. Iowa's criteria for defining "comparable to same-aged peers" is a child who has been rated as a 6 or 7 on the ECO Summary form. Missing data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) were checked by comparing ECO data with the number of children exiting Early Childhood Special Education (ECSE) services minus the number of children who had received ECSE services for less than 6 months. No missing data were found.

Figure B7.1 illustrates the percent of preschool children with IEPs who substantially increased their rate of growth on Outcome A, positive social-emotional skills, for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Table B7.1 provides the corresponding n sizes and percentages for Outcome A, positive social-emotional skills.

Table B7.1 SEA Numbers for Outcome A: Positive social-emotional skills

Category	Did Not Improved	Improved but Not Comparable	Improved and Nearer to Peers	Improved and Comparable	Maintained	Total
N	0	223	211	227	281	942
Percent	0	23.67	22.40	24.10	29.83	100

Source. Information Management System Data Report, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).



Figure B7.1 Percent of Children Substantially Increasing Their Rate of Growth for Positive Social-Emotional Skills (Summary Statement 1, Outcome A). Source. Iowa's Information Management System (IMS) FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Figure B7.2 illustrates the percent of preschool children with IEPs who were functioning within age expectations on Outcome A, positive social-emotional skills, for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Table B7.1 provides the corresponding n sizes and percentages for Outcome A, positive social-emotional skills.



Figure B7.2 Percent of Children Functioning within Age Expectations for Positive Social-Emotional Skills (Summary Statement 2, Outcome A). Source. lowa's Information Management System (IMS) FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Actual numbers used in the calculations are provided. The number of children sum to 100%, data are consistent with the measurement, and no explanation of difference or variance is required.

Figure B7.3 illustrates the percent of preschool children with IEPs who substantially increased their rate of growth on Outcome B, acquisition and use of knowledge and skills, for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Table B7.2 provides the corresponding n sizes and percentages for Outcome B, acquisition and use of knowledge and skills.

Table B7.2 SEA numbers for Outcome B: Acquisition and use of knowledge and skills

Category	Did Not Improved	Improved but Not Comparable	Improved and Nearer to Peers	Improved and Comparable	Maintained	Total
N	0	294	405	211	32	942
Percent	0	31.21	42.99	22.40	3.40	100

Source. Information Management System Data Report, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

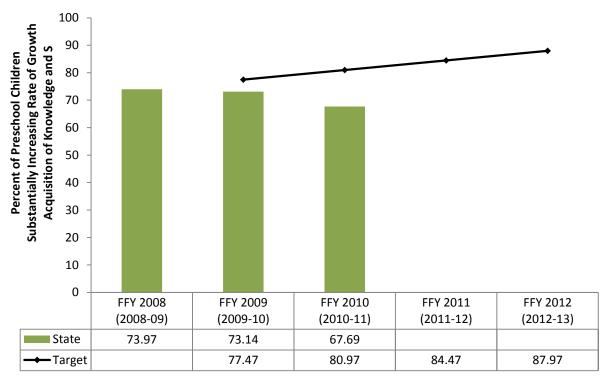


Figure B7.3 Percent of Children Substantially Increasing Their Rate of Growth for Acquisition and Use of Knowledge and Skills (Summary Statement 1, Outcome B). Source. Iowa's Information Management System (IMS) FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Figure B7.4 illustrates the percent of preschool children with IEPs who were functioning within age expectations on Outcome B, acquisition and use of knowledge and skills, for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Table B7.2 provides the corresponding n sizes and percentages for Outcome B, acquisition and use of knowledge and skills.

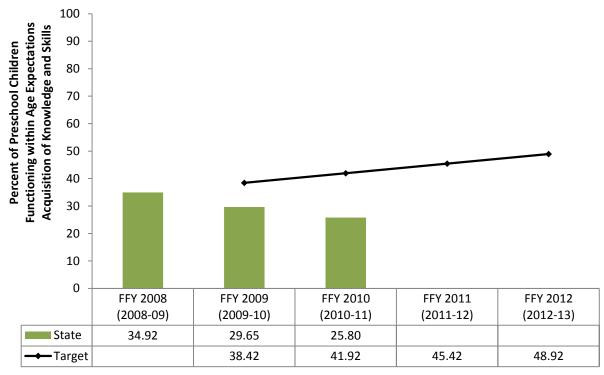


Figure B7.4 Percent of Children Functioning within Age Expectations for Acquisition and Use of Knowledge and Skills (Summary Statement 2, Outcome B). Source. lowa's Information Management System (IMS) FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Actual numbers used in the calculations are provided. The number of children sum to 100%, data are consistent with the measurement, and no explanation of difference or variance is required.

Figure B7.5 illustrates the percent of preschool children with IEPs who substantially increased their rate of growth on Outcome C, use of appropriate behaviors, for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Table B7.3 provides the corresponding n sizes and percentages for Outcome C, use of appropriate behaviors.

Table B7.3
SEA Numbers for Outcome C - Use of appropriate behaviors to meet their needs

Category	Did Not Improved	Improved but Not Comparable	Improved and Nearer to Peers	Improved and Comparable	Maintained	Total
N	0	220	155	227	340	942
Percent	0	23.35	16.45	24.10	36.09	100

Source. Information Management System Data Report, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

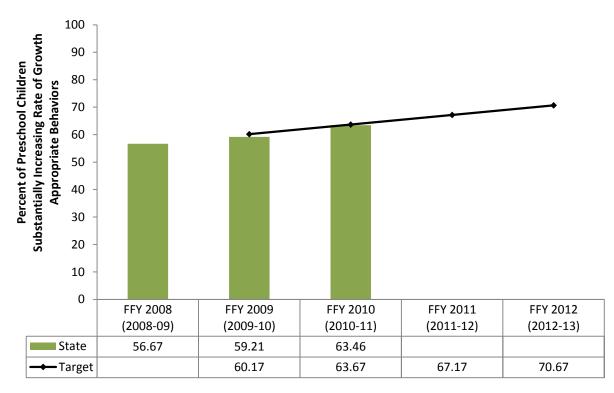


Figure B7.5 Percent of Children Substantially Increasing Their Rate of Growth for Use of Appropriate Behaviors (Summary Statement 1, Outcome C). Source. lowa's Information Management System (IMS) FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Figure B7.6 illustrates the percent of preschool children with IEPs who were functioning within age expectations on Outcome C, use of appropriate behaviors, for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Table B7.3 provides the corresponding n sizes and percentages for Outcome C, use of appropriate behaviors.

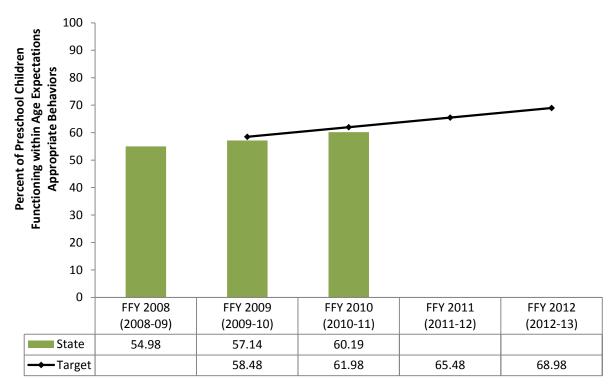


Figure B7.6 Percent of Children Functioning within Age Expectations for Use of Appropriate Behaviors (Summary Statement 2, Outcome C). Source. lowa's Information Management System (IMS) FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Actual numbers used in the calculations are provided. The number of children sum to 100%, data are consistent with the measurement, and no explanation of difference or variance is required.

Data were also analyzed by AEA. Figures B7.7 through B7.12 present data on all Early Childhood Outcome measures by AEA. Tables B7.4 through B7.6 show raw numbers used in the calculations by AEA.

Table B7.4
AEA Numbers for Outcome A: Positive social-emotional skills

AEA	Did Not Improved	Improved but Not Comparable	Improved and Nearer to Peers	Improved and Comparable	Maintained	Total
1	0	11	11	18	25	65
7	0	36	37	24	40	137
8	0	25	25	23	21	94
9	0	10	11	15	10	46
10	0	30	42	30	51	153
11	0	49	29	27	62	167
12	0	39	27	40	37	143
13	0	13	20	29	14	76
15	0	10	9	21	21	61
State	0	223	211	227	281	942

Source. Information Management System Data Report, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). *Not reported due to small cell size.

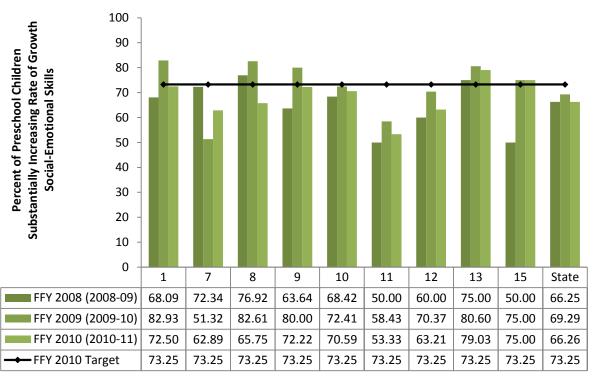


Figure B7.7 Percent of Children Substantially Increasing Their Rate of Growth for Positive Social-Emotional Skills (Summary Statement 1, Outcome A) by AEA. Source. lowa's Information Management System (IMS) FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

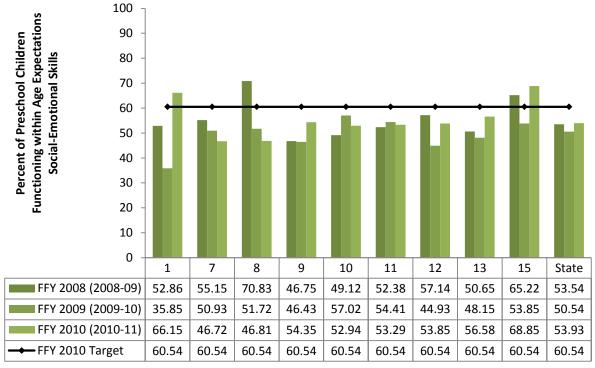


Figure B7.8 Percent of Children Functioning within Age Expectations for Positive Social-Emotional Skills (Summary Statement 2, Outcome A) by AEA. Source. Iowa's Information Management System (IMS) FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Table B7.5
AEA numbers for Outcome B: Acquisition and use of knowledge and skills

	Did Not	Improved but Not	Improved and	Improved and		
AEA	Improved	Comparable	Nearer to Peers	Comparable	Maintained	Total
1	0	13	32	16	4	65
7	0	42	55	36	4	137
8	0	34	44	14	2	94
9	0	13	16	16	1	46
10	0	49	65	37	2	153
11	0	52	73	31	11	167
12	0	48	56	36	3	143
13	0	20	40	14	2	76
15	0	23	24	11	3	61
State	0	294	405	211	32	942

Source. Information Management System Data Report, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). *Not reported due to small cell size.

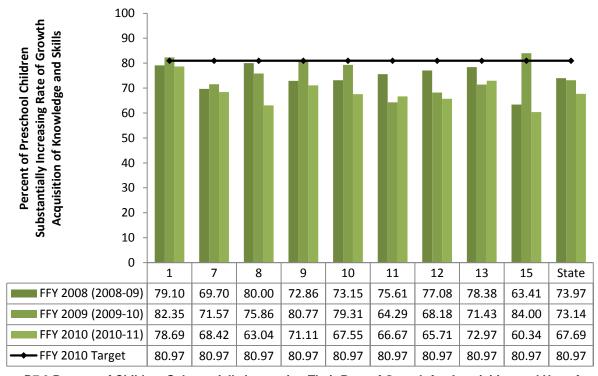


Figure B7.9 Percent of Children Substantially Increasing Their Rate of Growth for Acquisition and Use of Knowledge and Skills (Summary Statement 1, Outcome B) by AEA. Source. lowa's Information Management System (IMS) FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

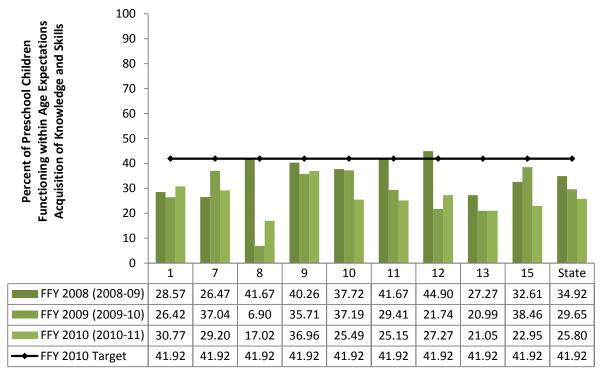


Figure B7.10 Percent of Children Functioning within Age Expectations for Acquisition and Use of Knowledge and Skills (Summary Statement 2, Outcome B) by AEA. Source. lowa's Information Management System (IMS) FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Table B7.6
AEA Numbers for Outcome C - Use of appropriate behaviors to meet their needs

AEA	Did Not Improved	Improved but Not Comparable	Improved and Nearer to Peers	Improved and Comparable	Maintained	Total
1	0	7	10	21	27	65
7	0	33	26	32	46	137
8	0	25	21	19	29	94
9	0	10	14	16	6	46
10	0	25	28	35	65	153
11	0	42	21	29	75	167
12	0	49	15	32	47	143
13	0	16	14	30	16	76
15	0	13	6	13	29	61
State	0	220	155	227	340	942

Source. Information Management System Data Report, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). *Not reported due to small cell size.

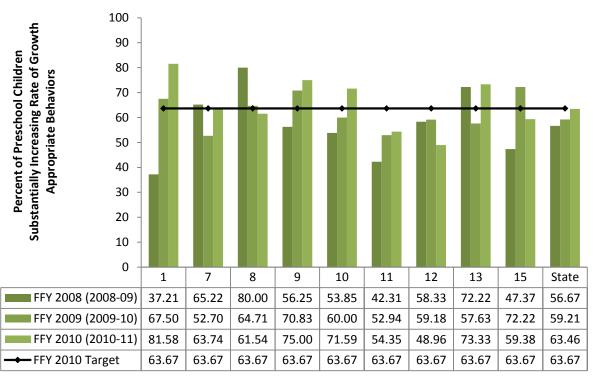


Figure B7.11 Percent of Children Substantially Increasing Their Rate of Growth for Use of Appropriate Behaviors (Summary Statement 1, Outcome C) by AEA. Source. Iowa's Information Management System (IMS) FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

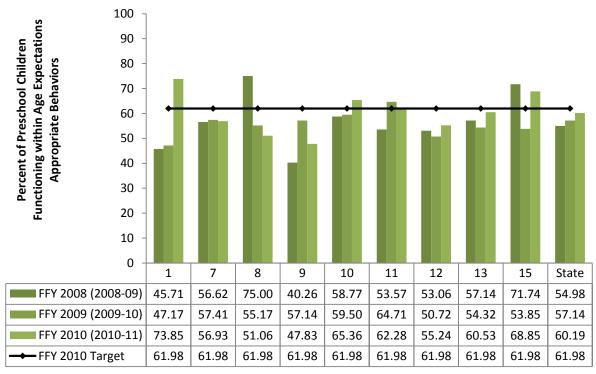


Figure B7.12 Percent of Children Functioning within Age Expectations for Use of Appropriate Behaviors (Summary Statement 2, Outcome C) by AEA. Source. Iowa's Information Management System (IMS) FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B7.7.

Table B7.7 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps
Ongoing monitoring and enforcement as needed. SEA conducts onsite monitoring of LEA to verify implementation of Iowa Quality Preschool Program Standards (IQPPS) and criteria, including curriculum and child assessment.	LEA implemented IQPPS and criteria.	Through FFY 2012 (2012-2013)
Verification of data . SEA conducts quarterly data verification reports to ensure the accuracy of every student's ECO information.	Valid and reliable ECO data for every child entering and exiting early childhood special education services.	Through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Verification of data. Develop and provide ongoing training for AEA consultants and administrators, and data entry personnel statewide. Training includes the process of completing the ECO Summary form and correct data entry procedures.	AEA consultants and administrators were trained in ECO procedures statewide. AEA data entry staff trained to enter valid and reliable data.	Through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Verification of data. AEA provides training sessions for IEP Teams statewide. Training targets the process of completing the ECO Summary form and correct data entry procedures.	IEP Teams trained in ECO procedures statewide.	Through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Technical assistance. Develop statewide evaluation and assessment procedures for AEA personnel.	Consistent statewide evaluation and assessment procedures for identifying children ages 3 – 21 for special education services.	AEA Special Education Procedures manual completed July 1, 2010. Technical assistance continuing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013)
Technical assistance. Provide professional development to AEAs and LEAs on Iowa Quality Preschool Program Standards and implement procedures for evaluation, child assessment and curriculum.	Trained AEA and LEA personnel.	Through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Technical assistance. SEA requires LEA to implement preschool program standards in Early Childhood Special Education (ECSE) and Early Childhood (EC) programs serving children on an IEP.	LEA implemented preschool program standards.	Through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Technical assistance. SEA integrates ECO process into IEP statewide procedures documents and other technical assistance provided.	Consistent procedures statewide in completing the ECO Summary form; instructions for ECO process posted along with IEP procedures on DE Website.	Revisions as needed through FFY 2012 (2012-2013)
Analysis of data to identify concerns. SEA collaborates with Special Education Advisory Panel in analyzing progress data and	Measureable, rigorous targets for summary statements of ECO measures.	Through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps	
setting targets for submission in February 2010.			

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Data reported for the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) are progress data and actual target data for summary statements in each of the ECO Areas (Outcomes A, B and C). The number of children sum to 100%, data are consistent with the measurement, and no explanation of difference or variance is required. Iowa's criterion for defining "comparable to same-aged peers" is a child who has been rated as 6 or 7 on the ECO Summary form.

In FFY 2010 (2010-2011), data were available for 942 children at the time they exited ECSE services in FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The length of time the children in the data participated in ECSE services ranged from 6.18 months to 43.40 months, with an average of 19.76 months. The age range for children represented in these data ranged from 3.03 years to 5.98 years, with an average of 4.55 years.

Substantially Increasing Rate of Growth (Summary Statement 1). Analysis of State performance revealed the following in each of the three Outcome areas:

- (A) Social-Emotional Skills: Iowa was below the target of 73.25% by 6.99% (66.26%).
- (B) Acquisition of Knowledge and Skills: Iowa was below the target of 80.97% by 13.28% (67.69%).
- (C) Appropriate Behaviors to Meet Their Needs: Iowa was slightly below the target of 63.67% by 0.21% (63.46%).

As shown in Figures B7.7, B7.9 and B7.11, analysis of AEA (Summary Statement 1) performance revealed the following in each of the three Outcome areas:

- (A) Social-Emotional Skills: Two of nine AEAs met the target.
- (B) Acquisition of Knowledge and Skills: Zero of nine AEAs met the target.
- (C) Appropriate Behaviors to Meet Their Needs: Five of nine AEAs met the target.

Functioning within Age Expectations (Summary Statement 2). Analysis of State data revealed the following in each of the three Outcome areas:

- (A) Social-Emotional Skills: Iowa was below the target of 60.54% by 6.61% (53.93%).
- (B) Acquisition of Knowledge and Skills: Iowa was below the target of 41.92% by 16.12% (25.80%).
- (C) Appropriate Behaviors to Meet Their Needs: Iowa was slightly below the target of 61.98% by 1.79% (60.19%).

As shown in Figures B7.8, B7.10 and B7.12, analysis of AEA (Summary Statement 2) performance revealed the following in each of the three Outcome areas:

- (A) Social-Emotional Skills: Two of the nine AEAs met the target.
- (B) Acquisition of Knowledge and Skills: Zero of nine AEAs met the target.
- (C) Appropriate Behaviors to Meet Their Needs: Four of nine AEAs met the target.

The SEA did not meet the targets in the three Outcomes for increasing children's rate of growth or functioning within age expectations. The slippages were attributed to districts being held to higher targets as a means of establishing high expectations and decreasing the achievement gap for children with disabilities. Data showed improvement from FFY 2009 (2009-2010) in Outcome A: Social-Emotional Skills and Outcome C: Appropriate Behaviors to Meet Their Needs. The SEA attributes these improvements to the ongoing professional development in collaboration with the *Center on the Social and*

Emotional Foundations for Early Learning (CSEFEL) to expand statewide efforts to implement Early Childhood Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports with teaching staff of preschool children. The SEA attributes the slippages in the Outcome areas to the inconsistent application of effectively utilizing child assessment data to plan learning activities, modify teaching strategies and adapt content to meet individual children's needs and abilities. These areas of need are addressed in the Improvement Activities.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

Proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012) are discussed in Table B7.8. Activities listed as ongoing in Table B7.7 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012) and are not listed in Table B7.8.

Table B7.8 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Improve data collection and reporting. SEA is entering into a state- wide Umbrella Agreement with Teaching Strategies, Inc., for Web based online reporting for the <i>GOLD</i> assessment system to track progress of all children and provide access to ECO indicator data for children in Part B-619.	2 SEA staff AEA Personnel	FFY 2011 and ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)	Improved accuracy of ECO data.

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The SEA staff developed the Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities, and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the state Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), the Area Education Agencies (AEA) administration, the Iowa Department of Education staff, AEA High School Reform Consultants, and the Learning Supports Advisory Team.

Consistent with comments in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Table from OSEP, for Indicator 8, the SEA will report on progress or slippage on the required measurement, on improvement activities described in the State Performance Plan that were implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the outcomes of improvement activities implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and changes to improvement activities to be reported on for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of lowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to lowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbook-application&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: FAPE in the LRE

Indicator 8: Percent of parents with a child receiving special education services who report that schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(A))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report. In addition, the following data source is required in the current Part B Measurement Table (OMB NO: 1820-0624 / Expiration Date: 2/29/2012).

Measurement: Percent = [(# of respondent parents who report schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities) divided by the (total # of respondent parents of children with disabilities)] times 100.

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

The percent of parents reporting that schools facilitated parent involvement is a performance indicator. Therefore, each state was allowed by OSEP to set their own target from baseline data. The SEA, with

input from stakeholder groups, established measurable and rigorous targets for the two subcomponents of this indicator.

For FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the measurable and rigorous targets are summarized below.

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	A. 80% of parents with a child (ages three to five) receiving special education services report that schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities.
	B. 69% of parents with a child / youth (ages 6 to 21) receiving special education services report that schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children / youth with disabilities.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Data reported below are generated from Iowa's I-STAR system. These data have been determined valid and reliable based on the integrity of the sampling methodology, survey response rates and representativeness of the samples they are based upon. The actual surveys used to generate the data are included at the conclusion of Indicator B8.

States are allowed to select a sample of parents to receive the 619 and school-age surveys from which data are obtained for this indicator. States must provide a description of the sampling methodology outlining how the design will yield valid and reliable estimates. The description must include: (a) the sampling procedures followed, and (b) similarity or differences of the sample to the population of students with disabilities. The description must also include how the State Education Agency addresses any problems with: (1) response rates; (2) missing data; and (3) selection bias. The sampling method used is described in detail in Iowa's SPP for Indicator 8, updated for FFY 2007, and outlined here.

In order to obtain the sample for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) a representative sample of parents of children with IEPs was drawn from each AEA proportionately by population. Sample size was determined using a 95% level of confidence with a 10% margin of error. The sample was drawn with a high level of confidence in order to ensure representativeness given an adequate response rate, and responses were later assessed for representativeness by age, race and gender (see tables B8.1 – B8.6). (Please note that Iowa does not collect information on disability category.)

In addition to the necessary sample size, an alternate sample of an additional 30% was drawn to be used, if necessary, when repeated attempts to contact the original selected parent(s) failed.

A response rate of 81.04% (620/765) for ages 3-5 and 75.97% (645/849) for ages 6-21 was achieved using the original and alternate samples together.

Survey responses that included missing answers or answers marked "not applicable" were included in the data analyses, but the missing data points were not included in either the numerator or denominator in determining the overall opinion of the respondent.

Selection bias was avoided to the largest possible extent by randomizing the selection of participants, giving the contact information of potential participants to personnel administering the survey in random order, and providing a script to personnel administering the survey. Response data were then analyzed to determine the extent to which bias based on age, race or gender were pervasive in the data (see tables B8.1 – B8.6).

Survey response data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) were assessed for similarity or difference of the sample to the population of students with disabilities. Tables B8.1, B8.2 and B8.3 present the representativeness

of survey responses by age (B8.1), race/ethnicity (B8.2), and gender (B8.3) for the 619 survey (ages 3-5). Tables B8.4, B8.5 and B8.6 present analogous data for the school-aged survey (ages 6-21) with respect to age (B8.4), race/ethnicity (B8.5), and gender (B8.6).

In analyzing the data, the lowa Department of Education interprets that the 619 survey responses (ages 3-5) are sufficiently representative of the population by age, race/ethnicity, and gender for general inferences to be made from the data. The most extreme examples of over- or under-sampling in the 619 survey are parents of five-year-olds, who were under-sampled by 13.94%, and parents of male children, who were under-sampled by 13.38%.

For the school-age survey, the Iowa Department of Education interprets that the sample is sufficiently representative of the population for general inference to be made.

Table B8.1
Representativeness of Survey Responses by Age, 619

	Age						
Population Percent							
3	4	5	Total				
28.42	39.40	49.88	100				
Response Percent							
3	4	5	Total				
25.08	38.02	35.94	100				
Percent Difference							
3 4 5							
-3.34	-1.38	-13.94					

Source. Iowa's Information Management System and I-Star System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Note. N=626.

Table B8.2
Representativeness of Survey Responses by Race/Ethnicity, 619

	Representativeness of Survey Responses by Race/Ethnicity, 619							
	Race/Ethnicity							
Population	on Percent							
Asian	American Indian or Alaska Native	Hispanic/Latino	Black or African American	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White	Multiple	Total	
1.60	0.57	10.47	7.40	0.18	93.30	4.18	100	
Response	Percent							
Asian	American Indian or Alaska Native	Hispanic/Latino	Black or African American	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White	Multiple	Total	
0.96	0.48	6.87	3.99	0.64	83.39	2.72	100	
Percent L	Difference							
Asian	American Indian or Alaska Native	Hispanic/Latino	Black or African American	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White	Multiple		
-0.64	-0.10	-3.60	-3.41	0.46	-9.91	-1.46		

Source. Iowa's Information Management System and I-Star System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Note N=626.

Table B8.3
Representativeness of Survey Responses by Gender, 619

Representativeness of Survey Responses by Gender, 615						
	Gender					
Population Percent	Population Percent					
Female	Male	Total				
36.59	81.11	100				
Response Percent	Response Percent					
Female	Male	Total				
31.31	67.73	100				
Percent Difference	Percent Difference					
Female Male						
-5.28	-13.38					

Source. Iowa's Information Management System and I-Star System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Note N=626.

Table B8.4
Representativeness of Survey Responses by Age, School Age

	Representativeness of Survey Responses by Age, School Age															
	Age															
Popul	lation F	Percent														
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Total
5.90	6.47	7.53	8.38	8.70	8.70	8.67	8.40	8.50	8.30	8.19	7.63	4.11	1.21	0.49	0.05	100
Respo	onse Pe	rcent														
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Total
5.99	7.16	7.75	8.33	8.63	6.29	7.31	7.02	9.21	7.02	5.85	7.16	3.65	1.75	0.58	0.00	100
Perce	Percent Difference															
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	·
0.09	0.69	0.22	-0.05	-0.07	-2.42	-1.36	-1.38	0.71	-1.28	-2.34	-0.46	-0.46	0.55	0.09	-0.05	

Source. Iowa's Information Management System and I-Star System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Note. N=684.

Table B8.5
Representativeness of Survey Responses by Race/Ethnicity, School Age

	Representativeness of Survey Responses by Race/Ethnicity, School Age							
	Race/Ethnicity							
Population	Population Percent							
	American		Black or	Native Hawaiian or				
	Indian or		African	Other Pacific				
Asian	Alaska Native	Hispanic/Latino	American	Islander	White	Multiple	Total	
0.93	0.75	8.81	9.23	0.10	79.10	2.33	100	
Response	e Percent							
	American		Black or	Native Hawaiian or				
	Indian or		African	Other Pacific				
Asian	Alaska Native	Hispanic/Latino	American	Islander	White	Multiple	Total	
0.73	0.58	5.99	4.97	0.00	79.82	1.61	100	
Percent L	Difference							
	American		Black or	Native Hawaiian or				
	Indian or		African	Other Pacific				
Asian	Alaska Native	Hispanic/Latino	American	Islander	White	Multiple		
-0.19	-0.16	-2.82	-4.26	-0.10	0.72	-0.72		

Source. Iowa's Information Management System and I-Star System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Note. N=684.

Table B8.6
Representativeness of Survey Responses by Gender, School Age

Representativenes	Gender					
Population Percent	Population Percent					
Female	Male	Total				
36.00	65.24	100				
Response Percent						
Female	Male	Total				
32.46	61.26	100				
Percent Difference	Percent Difference					
Female Male						
-3.55	-3.98					

Source. Iowa's Information Management System and I-Star System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Note. N=684.

Figure B8.1 presents the State baseline, measureable and rigorous targets and actual target data through FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for the percentage of parents with a child (ages three to five) receiving special education services reporting that schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities.

Target data from FFY 2009 (2009-2010) indicated that 78.27% of parents with a child (ages three to five) receiving special education services reported that schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities, while in FFY 2010 (2010-2011) the percentage decreased slightly to 77.26.

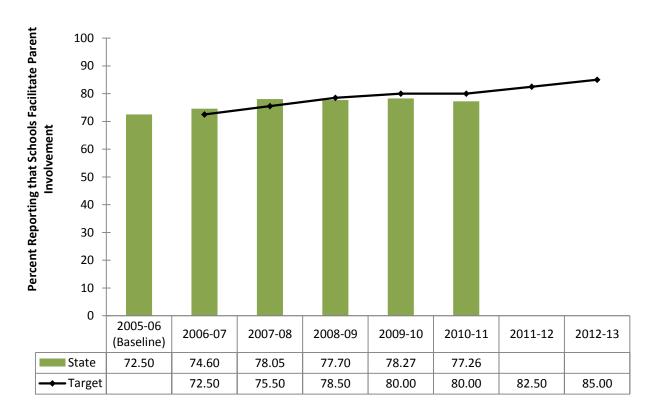


Figure B8.1. Trend for Percentage of Parents with a Child (ages 3 to 5) Receiving Special Education Services Reporting that Schools Facilitated Parent Involvement as a Means of Improving Services and Results for Children with Disabilities. Source. Iowa I-STAR System, FFY 2006 (2006-2007) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

The State of Iowa did not meet the measurable and rigorous target for measurement 8A for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and showed slight slippage (1.01%) from FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

Figure B8.2 presents the State baseline, measureable and rigorous targets and actual target data through FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for the percentage of parents with children/youth (ages 6 to 21) receiving special education services reporting that schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities.

Target data from FFY 2009 (2009-2010) indicated that 65.79% of parents with children/youth (ages 6 to 21) receiving special education services reported that schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities, while in FFY 2010 (2010-2011) the percentage increased to 71.32.

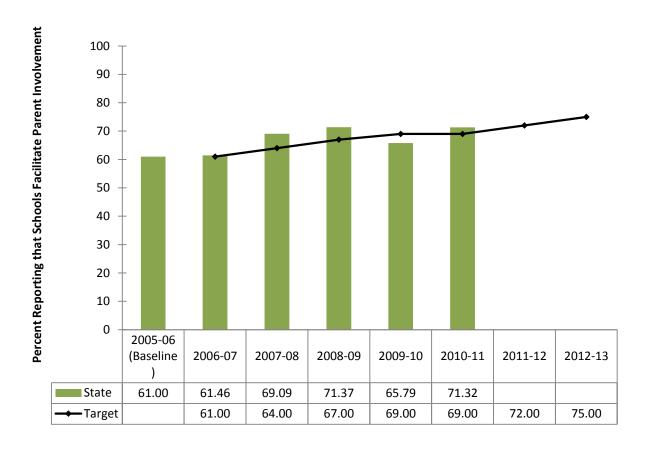


Figure B8.2. Trend for Percentage of Parents with Children / Youth (ages 6 to 21) Receiving Special Education Services Reporting that Schools Facilitated Parent Involvement as a Means of Improving Services and Results for Children with Disabilities. Source. Iowa I-STAR System, FFY 2006 (2006-2007) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

The State of Iowa met the measurable and rigorous target for measurement 8B for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and showed an increase of 5.53% from FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

Figure B8.3 presents the percentage of parents with a child (ages three to five) receiving special education services reporting that schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities, disaggregated by AEA.

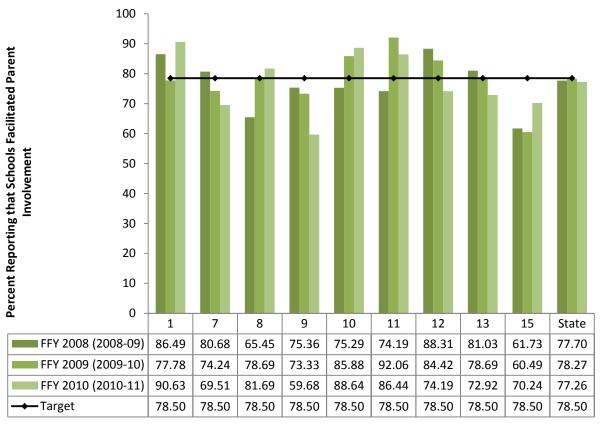


Figure B8.3. Trend for Percentage of Parents with a Child (ages three to five) Receiving Special Education Services Reporting that Schools Facilitated Parent Involvement as a Means of Improving Services and Results for Children with Disabilities, Disaggregated at the AEA level. Source. Iowa I-STAR System, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

In FFY 2010 (2010-2011) four of 9 AEAs met or exceeded the State measurable and rigorous target for percentage of parents reporting facilitation of involvement for children ages 3-5.

Figure B8.4 presents the percentage of parents with children / youth (ages 6 to 21) receiving special education services reporting that schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities, disaggregated by AEA.

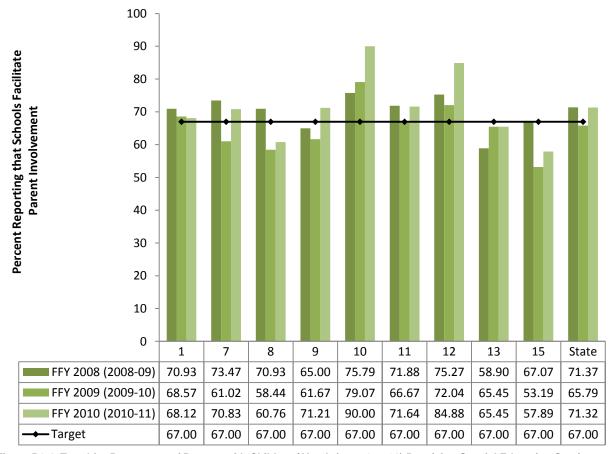


Figure B8.4. Trend for Percentage of Parents with Children / Youth (ages 6 to 21) Receiving Special Education Services Reporting that Schools Facilitated Parent Involvement as a Means of Improving Services and Results for Children with Disabilities, Disaggregated at the AEA level. Source. Iowa I-STAR System, FFY 2006 (2006-2007) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

In FFY 2010 (2010-2011) six of nine AEAs met or exceeded the State measurable and rigorous target for percentage of parents reporting facilitation of involvement for school-age children.

Table B8.7 presents the actual numbers used in calculating the percentages for the 619 survey by AEA for the State. Table B8.8 presents analogous information for the school-age survey.

Data are consistent with measurement, and no explanation of variance is required.

Table B8.7
Number and Percent of Survey Responses, 619, by AEA and State

AEA	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
N Agree	58	57	58	37	78	51	46	35	59	479
N Response	64	82	71	62	88	59	62	48	84	620
Percent	90.63	69.51	81.69	59.68	88.64	86.44	74.19	72.92	70.24	77.26

Source. lowa's Information Management System and I-Star System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B8.8 Number and Percent of Survey Responses, School-Age, by AEA and State

AEA	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
N Agree	47	34	48	47	72	48	73	36	55	460
N Response	69	48	79	66	80	67	86	55	95	645
Percent	68.12	70.83	60.76	71.21	90.00	71.64	84.88	65.45	57.89	71.32

Source. lowa's Information Management System and I-Star System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement Activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B8.9.

Table B8.9 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps
Provide technical assistance. The SEA facilitated meetings with Parent-Educator Connection Coordinators to promote consistent practices across the state to support family-educator partnerships in schools and AEAs.	Parents and educators partnered to support success of students with IEPs in school. Parents reported greater levels of agreement for Indicator B8.	Ongoing through FFY 2010 (2010- 2011)
Evaluation. The SEA revised requirements for submission of year end reports from PEC Coordinators to include documentation of interaction with parents.	The SEA has the following information on activities conducted, number of people contacted/impacted, and the effect on Indicator B8:	Ongoing through FFY 2010 (2010- 2011)
Provide technical assistance. SEA will facilitate meetings with Parent-Educator Connection Coordinators to promote consistent practices across the state to support family-educator partnerships in schools and AEAs.	Activities with PEC completed during 2009-2010: 8 teleconferences with PEC staff providing information and research that supports parents of children with disabilities who have IEPs; 2- two day meetings with PEC staff covering training topics they identify as a group as needing. 2010-2011 parent survey results for each AEA	Ongoing through FFY 2010 (2010- 2011)
Provide technical assistance. SEA will distribute and prepare for the implementation of the NCSEAM guide: Improving Relationships and Results: Building Family School Partnerships	Nine out of nine AEAs offered trainings for parents, educators, students and community providers.	Ongoing through FFY 2010 (2010- 2011)
Evaluation. SEA will revise requirements for submission of year end reports from PEC		Ongoing through FFY 2010(2010- 2011)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps
Coordinators to include documentation of interaction with parents.	9 of 9 PEC programs in the AEAs reporting in 2010-2011 Contacts(Families, LEA staff, AEA staff, community providers and others): 26,586 Of the contacts through the PEC from families: 7,188 PECs Attended the following: IFSP meetings: 195 IEP meetings: 1,127 BAT/504 meetings: 94 Pre/Post meetings: 437 Individuals (parents, educators, service providers, students and collaborative partners) attending trainings: 7,475 Families attending trainings: 2,591	
Evaluation. SEA and AEA/PEC staff will design a new survey method to gather the parent survey for next 5 year state plan.	Development of a reliable, effective data collection process to survey a larger sample of parents in order for districts to data they may use. The parent survey data shall be designed so data may be entered into the existing I-STAR system.	2010-2011

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

The State of lowa did not meet the target for the percent of parents (children 3 to 5) reporting that the school facilitated involvement for FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and showed slight decline in levels of perceived involvement from FFY 2009 (2009-2010). The SEA is uncertain of the cause of this slippage in the data. Prior to seeing the data, SEA staff predicted there would be an increase in the percentage. Ongoing work during the course of the current year will be directed toward increasing the data for the parents of children ages 3-5 for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

The State of lowa met the target for the percent of parents (children 6 to 21) reporting that the school facilitated involvement and increased the level of perceived involvement from FFY 2009 (2009-2010) to FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The SEA attributes this increase to ongoing efforts to help special education staff and families work together. Particular attention is paid to getting information to parents in a timely manner and connecting them to other resources helpful to families and children with disabilities.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

Proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012) are discussed in Table B8.10. These activities are consistent with what was proposed in the FFY 2005 (2005-2012) State Performance Plan and describe activities to be implemented in FFY 2011 (2011-2012) that will allow lowa to meet measureable and rigorous targets for both FFY 2011 (2011-2012) and the targets continuing in the SPP through FFY 2013 (2013-2014).

(Note: Activities listed as ongoing in Table B8.9 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012), and are not listed in Table B8.10).

Table B8.10 Proposed Activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)

Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Provide technical assistance. The SEA facilitated meetings with Parent-Educator Connection Coordinators to promote	SEA AEA/PEC	2011-2012	Parents and educators partnered to support success of students with IEPs in school. Parents reported greater levels of agreement for Indicator B8.

Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
consistent practices across the state to support family-educator partnerships in schools and AEAs.			
Evaluation. The SEA revised requirements for submission of year end reports from PEC Coordinators to include documentation of interaction with parents.	SEA AEA/PEC	2011-2012	The SEA has the following information on activities conducted, number of people contacted/impacted, and the effect on Indicator B8:
Provide technical assistance. SEA will facilitate meetings with Parent-Educator Connection Coordinators to promote consistent practices across the state to support family-educator partnerships in schools and AEAs	SEA AEA/PEC	2011-2012	The SEA will track the number of contacts within the PEC for working with schools to improve parent engagement.
Provide technical assistance. The PEC will identify developed training modules including: Improving Relationships and Results: Building Family School Partnerships The transition modules developed through the post secondary SPDG grant And provide opportunity for parents and educators to learn together.	SEA AEA/PEC ASK/IA PTI	2011-2012	The SEA and PEC will have the materials and support needed to implement and conduct the trainings and activities needed to support parents and educators in working together to improve results for students.
Evaluation. SEA will revise requirements for submission of year end reports from PEC Coordinators to include documentation of interaction with parents.		2011-2012	Nine out of nine AEAs offered trainings for parents, educators, students and community providers.
Evaluation. SEA and AEA/PEC staff will design and test an additional survey method to gather the parent survey for next 5 year state plan.	SEA and AEA PEC staff	2011-2012	Informational packets for survey administrators will be developed Student information loaded effectively into the I-STAR system Practice with system entry on the web

2010-2011 Parent Survey - Preschool Special Education

		Survey Code	Number			
Completed:						
Interviewer						
*Student Name:						
First		Last				
*Parent Name:						
First		Last				
Mailing address						
Street, City, State and ZIP						
*Attending district:						
Phone Number:		Alternate num	ber:			
Include area code		Include area code				
Email address1		Email2				
Attempt dates:						
1	2		3			
Preferred date and time to cal	l back					
Notes:						
Entered into web system		Ву				
Entered into computer						
Data Entry person		Refused surve	ey:			

This is a survey for parents of children receiving preschool special education services. Your responses will help guide efforts to improve services and results for children and families. For each statement below, please select one of the following response choices: very strongly disagree, strongly disagree, disagree, agree, strongly agree, very strongly agree. In responding to each statement, think about your experience and your child's experience with preschool special education over the past year. You may skip any item that you feel does not apply to you or your child.

Preschool Special Educati	on Par	tnersh	ip Effo	rts and	d Quali	ty of S	ervices	3
	Very Strongly Agree	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Very Strongly disagree	N/A	Don't Know
I am part of the IEP/IFSP decision-making process.								
2. My recommendations are included on the IEP/IFSP.								
3. My child's IEP/IFSP goals are written in a way that I can work on them at home during daily routines.								
4. My child's evaluation report was written using words I understand.								
5. The preschool special education program involves parents in evaluations of whether preschool special education is effective.			٥					

6. I have been asked for my				
opinion about how well preschool				
special education services are		 	 	
meeting my child's needs.				

Preschool Special Educati	on Par	tnersh	ip Effo	rts and	l Quali	ty of Se	ervices	
	Very Strongly Agree	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Very Strongly disagree	N/A	Don't Know
People from preschool special educa	ition, inc	cluding t	teachers	s and ot	her serv	rice prov	viders:	
7provide me with information on how to get other services (e.g., childcare, parent support, respite, regular preschool program, WIC, food stamps).								
8are available to speak with me.								
9 treat me as an equal team member.								
10 encourage me to participate in the decision-making process.								
11respect my culture.								
12value my ideas.								
13ensure that I have fully understood my rights related to preschool special education.	٥	٥			٥			
14communicate regularly with me regarding my child's progress on IEP/IFSP goals.								
15give me options concerning my child's services and supports.								
16provide me with strategies to deal with my child's behavior.								
17give me enough information to know if my child is making progress.	۵	۵	٥	_		٥		
18give me information about the approaches they use to help my child learn.								
19give me information about organizations that offer support for parents (for example, Parent Training and Information Centers, Family Resource Centers,								
20offer parents training about preschool special education.								

21offer parents different ways of communicating with people from preschool special education (e.g., face-to-face meetings, phone calls, e-mail).							
22explain what options parents have if they disagree with a decision made by the preschool special education program.	٥	٥	٥	٥	٥	٥	

Preschool Special Educati	on Par	tnersh	ip Effo	rts and	Qualit	ty of Se	ervices	
	Very Strongly Agree	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Very Strongly disagree	N/A	Don't Know
People from preschool special educa	ation, inc	cluding t	eachers	and ot	her serv	rice prov	viders:	
23give parents the help they may								
need, such as transportation, to					П			
play an active role in their child's		_	_		_	_	_	_
learning and development.								
24offer supports for parents to								
participate in training workshops.	J	J	J	,	J			J
25connect families with one							П	
another for mutual support.		Ч			U			

*As of today, how old is your child? Options are: under 3; between 3-4; Between 4-5;

5 and older

Thank you very much for your input.

2010-2011 Parent Survey - K-12 Special Education

	•	Survey Code Number					
Completed:							
Interviewer							
*Student Name:							
First		Last					
*Parent Name:							
First		Last					
Mailing address							
Street, City, State and ZIP							
*Attending district:							
Phone Numbers:	Alte	ernate number:					
Include area code	Incl	Include area code					
Email address1	Ema	ail2					
Attempt dates:	·						
1	2	3					
Preferred date and time to ca	ll back	·					
Notes:							
Entered into web system by	Dof	used curvey					
Entered into web system by	Ret	used survey					

This is a survey for parents of students receiving special education services. Your responses will help guide efforts to improve services and results for children and families. For each statement below, please select one of the following response choices: very strongly disagree, strongly disagree, disagree, agree, strongly agree, very strongly agree. You may skip any item that you feel does not apply to you or your child.

		Very Strongly Agree	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Very Strongly disagree	N/A	Don't Know
Schools	s efforts to partner with parent	<u>s</u>							
1.	I am considered an equal partner with teachers and other professionals in planning my child's program.	۰	٠	٠	٠		٠		
2.	I was offered special assistance (such as child care) so that I could participate in the Individualized Educational Program (IEP) meeting.	٥	٥		٥				
3.	At the IEP meeting, we discussed how my child would participate in statewide assessments.								
4.	At the IEP meeting, we discussed accommodations and modifications that my child would need.	٥	۵		۵				
5.	All of my concerns and recommendations were documented on the IEP.								

-	-								
6.	Written justification was given for the extent that my child would not receive services in the regular classroom.								
7.	I was given information about organizations that offer support for parents of students with disabilities.								
8.	I have been asked for my opinion about how well special education services are meeting my child's needs.	٠	0				٥		
	,	Very Strongly	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Very Strongly	N/A	Don't Know
9.	My child's evaluation report is written in terms I understand.	Agree	٥				disagree		۵
10.	Written information I receive is written in an understandable way.								
11.	Teachers are available to speak with me.								
12.									
□ <u>Teachers and administrators</u>									
13.	-seek out parent input.								
14.	-show sensitivity to the needs of students with disabilities and their families.	٥							
15.	-encourage me to participate in the decision-making process.				٥		٠		
16.	-respect my cultural heritage.					٥	٥		
17.	-ensure that I have fully understood the Procedural Safeguards [the rules in federal law that protect the rights of parents]								
	The school:								
18.	- has a person on staff who is available to answer parents' questions.		0		٥	۰	۰	٥	
19.	- communicates regularly with me regarding my child's progress on IEP goals.	٥							
20.	- gives me choices with regard to services that address my child's needs.								
21.	offers parents training about special education issues.								

22.	ways to communicate with teachers.								
23.	- gives parents the help they may need to play an active role in their child's education.								
24.	- provides information on agencies that can assist my child in the transition from school.		0						
25.	- explains what options parents have if they disagree with a decision of the school.								
*As of today	y, how old is your child?								
*In what gra									
*At what age did your child begin to receive Early ACCESS or special education services?									
Under 1; birth – age 2; Age 3-5; Age 6-8; Age 9-12; Age 13-17; Age 18+									
Thank you very much for your input.				Do you have any other comments your wish to provide to the program?					

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) was developed by SEA staff reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities, and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the State Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), the Area Education Agencies (AEA) administration, and the Iowa Department of Education staff.

In the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Table, OSEP directed lowa to report in the FFY 2010 APR on (1) the correction of noncompliance from FFY 2009 consistent with OSEP Memo 0902, and (2) review and revision of improvement activities, if necessary. Iowa will report on the status of the noncompliance identified in FFY 2009. Iowa's improvement activities have been revised to affect improvement in this indicator.

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbook-application&catid=497:no-child-left-behind<emid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: Disproportionality

Indicator 9: Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in special education and related services that is the result of inappropriate identification.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(C))

Measurement:

Percent = [(# of districts with disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in special education and related services that is the result of inappropriate identification) divided by the (# of districts in the State)] times 100.

AEAs are the subrecipients of Part B funds in the state of Iowa and are considered Iowa's LEAs for the purposes of reporting in the SPP and APR, as reflected in Iowa's State Eligibility Document on file with OSEP. In addition, because Iowa's Area Education Agencies carry primary responsibility for conducting child-find activities, data for Indicator 9 were examined at the AEA level.

The paragraphs that follow summarize Iowa's (a) definition of Disproportionate Representation, (b) measurement strategy for determining disproportionate representation, (c) *n* size used for calculations, and (d) process for determining if Disproportionate Representation was a result of Inappropriate Identification.

State Definition of Disproportionate Representation. Consistent with the "Disproportionality: Discussion of SPP/APR Response Table Language" (North Central Regional Resource Center), in response to the OSEP Analysis/Next Steps in the Iowa Part B FFY 2006 SPP/APR Response Table, and in accordance with 34 CFR § 300.600 (d) (3), the Iowa defines "disproportionate representation" as occurring when one or more of the following statements are true, for any of the seven races or ethnicities examined:

- A. Overrepresentation occurs when the weighted risk ratio or alternate risk ratio is greater than 2.00.
- B. Underrepresentation occurs when the weighted risk ratio or alternate risk ratio is less than 0.25.

Measurement of Disproportionate Representation. In FFY 2007 (2007-2008) lowa changed calculations used to determine disproportionate representation from the composition index to a weighted risk ratio.

Risk ratios are preferable to the composition index because the size of a risk ratio is not dependent upon the composition of the state or district's total enrollment. In addition, the size of a risk ratio is not dependent on differences in overall special education identification rates. Weighted risk ratios, therefore, can be directly compared across districts and ranked in order to target assistance efforts. The large number of small schools in lowa with low ethnic enrollment make the weighted risk ratio a more appropriate measurement strategy than a composition index or unweighted risk ratio for disproportionate representation.

The race/ethnicity categories used for analysis were: African American, Hispanic, Asian, American Indian, Pacific Islander, Caucasian, and Multiple Races. The formula for the weighted risk ratio is:

where R_i is the district-level risk for racial/ethnic group i, and p_i is the state-level proportion of students from racial/ethnic group i. R_j is the district-level risk for the j-th racial/ethnic group, and p_j is the state-level proportion of students from the j-th racial/ethnic group.

An alternate risk ratio is calculated if there are at least ten students with IEPs in the ethnic group of interest, but fewer than ten students with IEPs in the comparison group. The alternate risk ratio is calculated by modifying the above equation so that the district-level risk for the racial/ethnic group (R_j) is divided by the state-level risk for all other students.

Cell Sizes for Calculating Disproportionate Representation. Because of the large number of schools in lowa with low ethnic enrollment, the cell size used for calculating weighted risk ratio and the alternate risk ratio was set at 10. Iowa believes this "n" is statistically appropriate given the composition of schools in Iowa.

Determining if Disproportionate Representation is Due to Inappropriate Practices. Iowa has developed a Disproportionality Review that is conducted at the AEA level. The process involves

a formal review in which the AEA examines and evaluates the following areas:

Section 1: Review of Data.

Section 2: Review of Related Issues and Practices, Section 3: Review of Policies, Procedures and Practices,

Section 4: Technical Assistance/Professional Development, and

Section 5: Results/Findings

The data review consists of the AEA examining its collection and use of data, (e.g., how data are disaggregated, analyzed, used to make decisions, guide practices, etc.). The review of related issues and practices consists of the examination of key areas that have been identified as impacting the area of

disproportionality (e.g., utilization of universal screening; administrator/personnel understanding of special education procedures and requirements regarding referral, evaluation, identification, placement, discipline, LRE; attempts to rule out exclusionary factors during the evaluation process, etc.)

The process also consists of a formal review of policies, procedures and practices regarding the following areas: child find, parent participation, general education interventions, systematic problem-solving process, progress monitoring and data collection, determination of eligibility and evaluations/reevaluations. In addition, the AEA describes the technical assistance and/or professional development that is being conducted at the AEA and in districts regarding and/or related to disproportionality (e.g., differentiation of instruction, progress monitoring, cultural competency, understanding racial biases, etc.).

The AEAs submit the completed review document and findings to the SEA. A team of consultants meet to review and discuss the results and findings. A final determination of whether or not disproportionality is a result of inappropriate identification is made by the SEA.

AEAs identified with noncompliance work in collaboration with the SEA in developing a corrective action plan. Areas of noncompliance are to be corrected as soon as possible, but no later than one year from identification.

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	0% of districts have a disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in special education and related services as a result of inappropriate identification

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Data analyzed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) are the same data reported to OSEP for lowa's 618 Table 1: Report of Children With Disabilities Receiving Special Education Under Part B of the IDEA for 2010-2011. The actual numbers used in the calculations are summarized in Table B9.1.

Table B9.1
Raw Numbers Used to Generate Calculations, FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

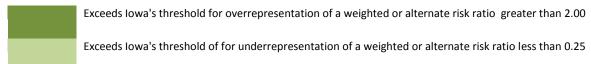
	African-American	Hispanic	Asian	Native-American	Pacific Islander	Caucasian	Multi-racial	Total
AEA 1	256	131	16	17	7	3733	77	4237
AEA 267	934	810	54	75	7	7126	197	9203
AEA 8	124	382	44	20	3	3097	72	3742
AEA 9	788	656	36	43	7	4070	156	5756
AEA 10	1210	435	94	41	4	6180	131	8095
AEA 11	1711	1527	204	72	21	10743	472	14750
AEA 12	179	826	52	124	3	3544	122	4850
AEA 13	95	300	26	38	5	4847	83	5394
AEA 15	277	253	33	21	3	4414	95	5096
State of lowa	5574	5320	559	451	60	47754	1405	61123

Source: lowa 618 Table 1, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and lowa Project EASIER FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B9.1 shows AEAs and race/ethnicity groups where lowa's cell size requirement often resulted in no calculation of a weighted or alternate risk ratio for the Pacific Islander category, as indicated by an asterisk.

Table B9.2 summarizes AEA-level data for disproportionate representation, for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Categories of disproportionate representation, based on Iowa's definition of over- and under-representation, are highlighted.

Table B9.2
Weighted-risk Ratio (or Alternate Risk Ratio) for AEA and State, by Subgroup, FFY 2010 (2010-2011)



	African-American	Hispanic	Asian	Native-American	Pacific Islander	Caucasian	Multi-racial
AEA 1	2.34	0.96	0.42	1.78	NA	0.74	1.07
AEA 267	1.87	1.03	0.53	1.28	NA	0.82	0.93
AEA 8	1.81	1.02	0.68	1.66	NA	0.80	1.05
AEA 9	1.79	1.00	0.36	1.97	NA	0.86	0.84
AEA 10	1.94	1.24	0.42	1.46	NA	0.70	1.39
AEA 11	2.04	1.16	0.42	1.73	1.40	0.73	1.03
AEA 12	1.62	0.96	0.54	1.53	NA	0.76	2.32
AEA 13	1.43	0.83	0.76	1.55	NA	0.96	1.09
AEA 15	1.80	0.82	0.58	1.29	NA	0.94	0.71
State of lowa	1.84	1.01	0.46	1.63	0.69	0.81	1.03

Source: Iowa Project EASIER, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and Iowa Information Management System FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

For FFY 2010 (2010-2011), 3 of 9 AEAs had disproportionate representation, meaning that three AEAs met or exceeded the criteria for under- or over-representation. These AEAs were required to engage in reviews of policies, procedures, and practices to determine if disproportionate representation was the result of inappropriate identification.

Summary of Process Used to Determine if Disproportionality was Due to Inappropriate Practice.

State Policy. The State of Iowa has policies and procedures designed to prevent inappropriate overidentification or disproportionate representation by race and ethnicity of children with disabilities, consistent with 34 CFR § 300.8, 20 U. S. C. 1418 (d), 20 U. S. C 1412 (a) (24), 34 CFR § 300.173. The State of Iowa and has procedures requiring use of a variety of assessment tools and strategies to gather relevant functional, developmental, and academic information, including information provided by the parent, that may assist in determining whether the child is a child with a disability, and the content of the child's IEP, consistent with 20 U. S. C. 1414 (b) (2); 34 CFR § 300.304 (b). The State of Iowa has policies ensuring that assessments and other evaluation materials used to assess a child under 20 U. S. C. 1414

(b) are selected and administered so as not to be discriminatory on a racial or cultural basis, are provided and administered in the language and form most likely to yield accurate information on what the child knows and can do academically, developmentally, and functionally, and other requirements for assessment in all areas of suspected disability, by trained and knowledgeable personnel (20 U. S. C. 1414 (b) (3)); 34 CFR § 300.304 (c). The State of Iowa has policies that determination that the child has a disability and the educational needs of the child shall be made by a group of qualified professionals and the parent, in accordance with § 300.306 (b), 20 U. S. C. 1414 (b) (4), 34 CFR § 300.306 (a). The State of lowa has policies that, in making a determination of eligibility, a child shall not be determined to be a child with a disability if the determinant factor for such determination is: lack of appropriate instruction in reading, including the essential components of reading instruction (as defined in Section 1208 (3) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965); lack of appropriate instruction in math; or limited English proficiency; or if the child does not otherwise meet the eligibility criteria under 34 CFR § 300.8 (a) [20 U. S. C. 1414 (b) (5); 34 CFR § 300.306 (b)]. The State of Iowa has policies that, in interpreting evaluation data for the purpose of determining if a child is a child with a disability under § 300.8, and the educational needs of the child, each public agency must draw upon information from a variety of sources, and ensure that information from all these sources is documented and carefully considered [20 U. S. C. 1414 (c); 34 CFR § 300.306 (c)].

Result of Review of Policies, procedures, and Practices.

Findings of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) disproportionality review resulted in 2 out of 9 AEAs having disproportionate overrepresentation of a racial/ethnic subgroup in special education due to inappropriate identification. The AEAs had 7 findings of noncompliance relating to 34 CFR 300.304 – 300.306 as described in the table below.

Code of Federal Regulations	Number of Findings	Area of noncompliance
34 CFR § 300.304 – 300.306	2	(1) General education activities are documented and include the following: i) Measureable and goal-directed attempts to resolve the presenting problem or behaviors of concern, ii) Communication with parents iii) Collection of data related to the presenting problem or behaviors of concern, iv) Intervention design and implementation, and systematic progress monitoring to measure effects of interventions
34 CFR § 3 00.304 – 300.306	1	 (2) At a minimum, the systematic problem-solving process includes the following: a) Description of the problem b) Data collection and problem analysis c) Intervention design and implementation d) Progress monitoring e) Evaluation of intervention effects
34 CFR § 300.304 – 300.306	2	(3) The public agency has established standards by which the adequacy of general education instruction, including the quality and quantity of data gathered, is assessed, and whether such data are sufficient in quantity and quality to make decisions.
34 CFR § 300.306(b)	2	 (4) A child must not be determined to be a child with a disability: a. If the determinate factor is: (1) Lack of appropriate instruction in reading, including the essential components of reading instruction; (2) Lack of appropriate instruction in math

A corrective action plan will be developed and areas of noncompliance will be corrected as soon as possible, but no later than one year from identification.

Figure B9.1 summarizes the percentage of AEAs with disproportionate over or underidentification, and the percentage of AEAs with disproportionate representation due to inappropriate practices for FFY 2006 (2006-2007) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

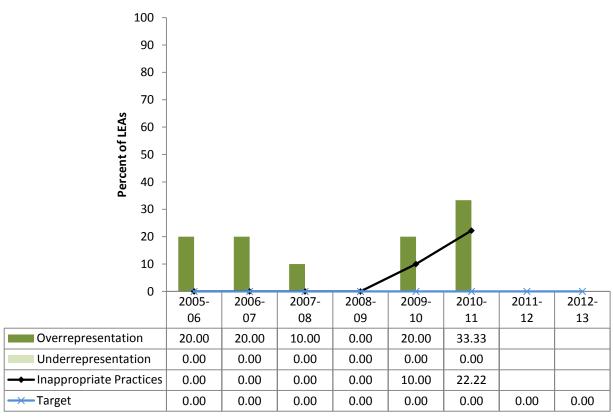


Figure B9.1. Percent of AEAs with Disproportionate Over- and Under-Representation of Racial or Ethnic Subgroups in Special Education, and Percent of Disproportionate Representation Due to Inappropriate Practices. *Source.* lowa Information Management System and Iowa Project EASIER, FFY 2006 (2006-2007) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

For FFY 2010 (2010-2011), lowa did not meet the measurable and rigorous target for Indicator 9. Two AEAs (22.22%) had disproportionate representation due to inappropriate identification.

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed in FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B9.3.

Table B9.3 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps	
Improve data collection and reporting. Data were verified within IMS system.	Continued accuracy of disproportionality data.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)	
Provide technical assistance . Study professional literature to determine factors associated with disproportionality and factors associated with inappropriate identification practices. Based on this information, revise lowa's Eligibility Criteria document.	Relevant articles from TA centers were reviewed. Understanding that disproportionality is a problem that needs attention was communicated to AEAs and to some LEAs. Revised Eligibility document.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)	
Provide technical assistance on (1) the revised Eligibility document; and (2) identifying disabilities and exclusionary factors to all nine AEAs.	Effect of exclusionary factors on performance is more fully described in Evaluation reports.	Ongoing through FFY 2013 (2012- 2013)	
Improve Systems Administration and Monitoring. SEA developed and implemented a new review protocol for AEAs demonstrating disproportionate representation. Develop additional procedures for AEAs that continue to demonstrate disproportionality for multiple years.	AEAs have a process to guide/assist them in the review of policies, procedures and practices that will result in identifying potential root causes of disproportionality. Development of a tiered guide for providing technical assistance to AEAs depending on the number of years disproportionality is demonstrated.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)	
Improve systems administration and monitoring and provide technical assistance. The SEA will consult individually with AEAs that have been identified as having disproportionate representation to review and provide technical assistance per the tiered guide.	Completed protocols per the tiered assistance guide	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2010- 2013)	
Provide technical assistance. The SEA will contract with a national technical assistance center and/or consultant with knowledge in disproportionality to provide technical assistance to the SEA, AEAs and districts regarding disproportionality and "what works".	Increase AEAs and districts ability to analyze and identify root causes of disproportionality and develop continuous improvement activities to address identified areas of concern.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2010- 2013)	

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The analyses of data form the basis of discussion that follows.

lowa did not meet the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) measurable and rigorous target for percent of districts with disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in special education and related services that is the result of inappropriate identification, with 22.22% (2 of 9) of AEAs found to have disproportionate representation due to inappropriate practices. This represents slippage from FFY 2009 (2009-2010), which the SEA attributes primarily to the use of a more sophisticated self-assessment tool. In addition, the special education staff at the AEAs conducted a valid and meaningful assessment of disproportionate representation in their AEA.

Correction of FFY 2009 Findings of Noncompliance (if State did not report 0%):

Level of compliance (actual target data) State reported for FFY 2009 for this indicator: 10 %

13. Number of findings of noncompliance the State made during FFY 2009 (the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010)	3
14. Number of FFY 2009 findings the State verified as timely corrected (corrected within one year from the date of notification to the LEA of the finding)	0
15. Number of FFY 2009 findings <u>not</u> verified as corrected within one year [(1) minus (2)]	2

Correction of FFY 2009 Findings of Noncompliance Not Timely Corrected (corrected more than one year from identification of the noncompliance):

16. Number of FFY 2009 findings not timely corrected (same as the number from (3) above)	2
17. Number of FFY 2009 findings the State has verified as corrected beyond the one-year timeline ("subsequent correction")	0
18. Number of FFY 2009 findings not yet verified as corrected [(4) minus (5)]	2

Actions Taken if Noncompliance Not Corrected:

lowa's Administrative Rules of Special Education provide the SEA with the latitude to take enforcement actions in cases of noncompliance with the IDEA, including, but not limited to, requiring a corrective action plan, withholding payments under Part B, and referring the matter for enforcement to the department of justice or state auditor. [IAC 281–41.604]

In FFY 2009 (2009-2010), an analysis of weighted risk-ratio, risk gap, and alternate risk-ratio, was conducted to determine where disproportionate representation occurred. One AEA's review determined that the disproportionate representation evident in the AEA was the result of inappropriate practices related to: general education intervention, the systematic problem-solving process, adequacy of general education instruction, and consideration of the lack of prior instruction prior to determination of eligibility (34 CFR §300.304-300.306).

The SEA required the AEA to develop and implement a corrective action plan. While there are no outstanding individual student items of noncompliance, the SEA is unable to state that the AEA is currently correctly implementing the regulatory requirements in 34 CFR §§300.111, 300.201, and 300.301 through 300.311. The AEA's data continue to reflect disproportionate representation, and the current review of policies, procedures, and practices continues to suggest the use of inappropriate practices.

The AEA is now required to enter into a second year of corrective action in cooperation with the SEA. The corrective action plan includes: (a) provision of training to all staff and districts within the AEA on

conducting appropriate general education interventions, (b) entry of student-level data on general education interventions into the state data system, (c) training for all staff on the use of exclusionary factors in entitlement decisions, (d) merging the AEA corrective actions with district-level CEIS plans.

The SEA has monitored the progress of the AEA closely, is satisfied with the current implementation of the corrective action plan, and expects to see results of these efforts in the AEA's FFY 2011 data.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

Proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012) are discussed in Table B9.4. These activities are consistent with what was proposed in the FFY 2005 (2005-2012) State Performance Plan and describe activities to be implemented in FFY 2011 (2011-2012) that will allow lowa to meet measureable and rigorous targets for both FFY 2011 (2011-2012) and the targets continuing in the SPP through FFY 2013 (2013-2014).

(Note: Activities listed as ongoing in Table B9.3 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012), and are not listed in Table B9.4).

Table B9.4
Proposed Activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)

Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Provide technical assistance on the revised Eligbility document and identification practices to all AEAs.	Activity is currently being implemented; \$0 additional resources. Existing personnel.	Ongoing through FFY 2013.	Improved identification practices (e.g., less disproportionality).
Develop additional procedures for AEAs that demonstrate significant disproportionality for multiple years.	Contract with consultants.	2012-2014	Increase intensity of technical assistance according to need.

References

Gamm, S. (2009). Disproportionality in Special Education: Where and Why Overidentification of Minority Students Occurs. LRP Publications.

Kozleski, E. B., & Zion, S. (2007). Preventing Disproportionality by Strengthening District Policies and Procedures – An Assessment and Strategic Planning Process. Downloaded August 1, 2009 from www.nccrest.org.

IOWA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION



Area Educational Agency Disproportionality Review

FFY 2010 Data (2011-2012 School Year)

Area Educational Agency Disproportionality Review

The 2005 amendments to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and the IDEA's 2007 implementing regulations require the Iowa Department of Education to gather data to determine whether disproportionate representation of a race or ethnic group in special education and related services exists that is the result of inappropriate identification in Iowa's Local Education Agencies (LEAs).

Area Educational Agencies (AEAs) are the sub-recipients of Part B funds in the state of Iowa and are considered Iowa's LEAs for the purposes of reporting in the State Performance Plan (SPP) and the Annual Performance Report (APR). In addition, because Iowa's AEAs carry primary responsibility for conducting child-find activities, data for Disproportionate Representation (Indicator 9 of the SPP) are examined at the AEA level. If an AEA has disproportionate representation of a race or ethnic group in special education, the Department requires the district to take certain actions required by the IDEA.

This document is to serve as a tool for the review of Area Educational Agencies (AEAs) in the state of Iowa that have been determined to have disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in special education and related services due to inappropriate identification policies, procedures and/or practices as set forth in the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2005 (IDEIA '04) in the following paragraph:

281-41.173(256B,34CFR300) Overidentification and disproportionality. Each public agency shall implement policies and procedures developed by the department designed to prevent the inappropriate overidentification or disproportionate representation by race and ethnicity of children as children with disabilities, including children with disabilities with a particular impairment.

INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE: It is suggested that the AEA form a disproportionality committee to conduct and/or oversee the review process

STEP 1:

Fill out the Reviewer Information Sheet and the following sections:

Section 1: Review of Data

Section 2: Review of Related Issues and Practices

Section 3: Review of Policies, Procedures and Practices

Section 4: Technical Assistance/Professional Development

Section 5: Results/Findings Form

If applicable, attach revisions of any policies, procedures or practices.

STEP 4:

• Complete Statement of Assurance

STEP 5:

 Mail a completed copy of the entire document and required attachments to the lowa Department of Education at the following address:

> Bureau of Student and Family Support Services Iowa Department of Education 400 E. 14th Street Des Moines, IA 50319

REVIEWER INFORMATION SHEET

AEA			
Date Completed			
Contact/Lead Person		Position	
E-mail	Ph#		

List all individuals involved in the completion of this review.

Name	Position	Sections Reviewed

SECTION 1

DATA REVIEW

Secti	on 1	A:	Re	view	of	Data
Colle	ectio	n a	nd l	Use	Of	Data

	Collection and Use Of Data
1.	Describe how the AEA collects and analyzes data on students with disabilities (include both at the AEA level and at the district level). Who is responsible for the general supervision of this activity?
2.	Describe how disaggregated data is routinely shared and analyzed among both AEA staff and district leadership teams.

	Section 1B: Review of Data AEA/District Level Data	Yes or No
1	I. If the national average for students with disabilities is about 12% - 13% is your AEA's overall classification rate within this range?	Yes No

2.	Does the AEA have a hypothesis for having significant disproportionality? Please describe.	Yes	No
3.	Are there certain districts that the overall identification rate of <u>ALL</u> students with an IEP is of concern (e.g., too high or too low)?	Yes	No
	If yes, list those districts.		
4.	Are there certain districts that the identification rate of students with an IEP of certain <u>racial/ethnic</u> group is of concern (e.g., too high or too low)?	Yes	No
	If so, list those districts.		
5.	Are there student enrollment trends or demographics that need to be further investigated by disaggregating data by race/ethnicity and for students with an IEP for any district (e.g., transfer students, drop-out rates, graduation rates, etc.?	Yes	No
	If yes, describe.		

SECTION 2

RELATED ISSUES AND PRACTICES REVIEW

This section assists the AEA in a review of related issues and practices that have been identified as key areas in addressing disproportionality.

Section 2: Related Issues and Practices

- 1. In the districts served by the AEA, describe what type of universal screening data (DIBELS, CBM, PBIS, etc.) is used at each school to identify students who may be academically or behaviorally at risk?
- 4. How does AEA ensure that AEA staff and district administrators and staff understand district special education procedures and requirements regarding referral, evaluation, identification, placement, discipline and the student's right to be educated in the least restrictive environment?
- 6. Describe how the AEA ensures rigorous attempts to rule out <u>exclusionary factors</u> and instructional deficiencies as predominant factors before progressing with a determination of eligibility.
 - Visual, hearing or motor disability
 - Mental disability
 - Emotional disturbance
 - Cultural factors
 - Environmental or economic disadvantage
 - Limited English proficiency
 - Determination that appropriate instruction has been delivered by qualified personnel
 - Determination that data-based assessments were conducted at reasonable intervals?

SECTION 3

POLICIES PROCEDURES AND PRACTICE REVIEW

Are the district's policies, procedures and practices in compliance with federal and state law and regulations? Item	Policy	Procedure	Practice
Focus Area – Child Find			
 All children with disabilities who are in need of special education and related services are identified, located and evaluated (IAC 281-41.111). 	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
Focus Area - Parent Participation			
 The identification process includes interactions with the individual, the individual's parents, school personnel, and other having specific responsibilities for or knowledge of the individual AEA and district personnel shall seek active parent participation throughout the process, directly communicate with parents, and encourage parents to participate at all decision points [IAC 281 41.300(5)]. 	nl. Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
 Prior notice (written notice) is provided in the native language of other mode of communication used by the parent, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so [IAC 281-41.503(3)]. 	r Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
3) The district takes whatever action is necessary to ensure that the parent understands the proceedings of the IEP team meeting, including arranging for an interpreter for parents with deafness or whose native language is other than English [IAC 281-41.322(5)].	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
Focus Area - General Education Interventions			
NOTE: Screening for instructional purposes is not evaluation. The screening of a student by a teacher or specialist to determine appropriate instructional strategies for curriculum implementation shall not be considered to be an evaluation for eligibility for special education and related services [IAC 281-41.302].			
 The district, in conjunction with the AEA, attempts to resolve the presenting problem or behaviors of concern in the general education environment <u>prior</u> to conducting a full and individual evaluation [IAC 281-41.312]. 	Yes No	Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No
 a) The district provides general notice to parents on an annual basis about the provision of general education interventions that occur as a part of the district's general program and the may occur at any time throughout the school year. b) General education interventions include consultation with 	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
 b) General education interventions include consultation with special education support and instructional personnel. c) General education activities are documented and include the following: i) measurable and goal-directed attempts to resolve the 	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No

Are the district's policies, procedures and practices in compliance with federal and state law and regulations? Item	Policy	Procedure	Practice
presenting problem or behaviors of concern, ii) communication with parents, iii) collection of data related to the presenting problem or behaviors of concern, iv) intervention design and implementation, v) and systematic progress monitoring to measure the effects of interventions.			
Focus Area - Systematic problem-solving process When used by an AEA in its identification process, "systematic problem-solving" means a set of procedures that is used to examine the nature and severity of an educationally related problem. These procedures primarily focus on variables related to developing effective educationally related interventions. (IAC 281-41.313).			
 At a minimum, the systematic problem-solving process includes the following: a) Description of the problem. The presenting problem or behavior described in objective, measurable terms that focus on alterable characteristics of the individual and the environment. The individual and environment is examined 	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
through systematic data collection. The presenting problem or behaviors of concern are defined in a problem statement that describes the degree of discrepancy between the demands of the educational setting and the individual's	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
 performance. b) Data collection and problem analysis. A systematic, data-basis process for examining all that is known about the presenting problem or behaviors of concern is used to plan 	Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No
 and monitor interventions. i) Data is collected in multiple settings using multiple sources of information and multiple data collection 	Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No
methods; ii) Data collection procedures are individually tailored, valid and reliable; iii) Data collection procedures allow for frequent and repeated measurement of intervention effectiveness.	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No
c) Intervention design and implementation. Interventions are designed based on the preceding analysis: i) The defined problem; ii) Parent input;	Yes No Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No Yes No
 iv) Professional judgments about the potential effectiveness of interventions; v) Interventions are described in an intervention plan that include the following: Goals and strategies; A progress monitoring plan; A decision-making plan for summarizing and analyzing progress monitoring data; The responsible parties. d) Progress monitoring. Systematic progress monitoring is 	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No

		Procedure	Practice
conducted which include the following: i) Regular and frequent data collection; ii) Analysis of individual performance across time; iii) Modification of interventions as frequently as necessary based on systematic progress monitoring data, e) Evaluation of intervention effects. The effectiveness of interventions is evaluated through a systematic procedure in which patterns of individual performance are analyzed and summarized. Decisions regarding the effectiveness of interventions focus on comparisons with initial levels of performance.			
Focus Area - Progress monitoring and data collection			
1) Evidence of progress in general education instructions. The district has established standards by which the adequacy of general education instruction, including the quality and quantity of data gathered is assessed, and whether such data are sufficient in quantity and quality to make decisions. (IAC 281-41.314).	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
Focus Area – Determination of eligibility			
Special rule for eligibility determination. [281 IAC 41.306(2)]. A child must be determined to be a child with a disability: a. If the determinate factor for that determination is: (1) Lack of appropriate instruction in reading, including the essential components of reading instruction (2) Lack of appropriate instruction in math; or (3) Limited English proficiency	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No
 2) Procedures for determining eligibility and educational need. [281 IAC 41.306(3)]. a. In interpreting evaluation data for the purpose of determining if a child is a child with a disability under this chapter, and the educational needs of the child, each public agency must: (1) Draw upon the information from a variety of sources, including aptitude and achievement tests, parent input, and teacher recommendations as well as information about the child's physical condition, social or cultural background, and adaptive behavior; and (2) Ensure that information obtained from all of these sources is documented and carefully considered. b. If a determination is made that the child has a disability and needs special education and related services an IEP must be developed c. All determinations of eligibility must be based on the 	Yes No Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No Yes No

Are the district's policies, procedures and practices in compliance with federal and state law and regulations? Item		Poli	су	Proce	edure	Prac	tice
	need for special education.						
Focus Ar	rea – Evaluations and Reevaluations			Yes	No		
281-4 ² a.	ducting an evaluation, the district, in accordance with IAC 1-304(2): Uses a variety of assessment tools and strategies to gather relevant functional, developmental and academic information; Does not use any single measure or assessment as the sole criterion for determining whether a child is a child with a disability or determining an appropriate educational program for the student; Use technically sound instruments that may assess the relative contribution of cognitive and behavioral factors, in addition to physical or developmental factors.	Yes Yes Yes	No	Yes Yes Yes	No	Yes Yes Yes	No
evalua as folk a. b. c.	Are selected and administered so as not to be discriminatory on a racially or culturally basis; Are provided and administered in the child's native language or other mode of communication most likely to yield accurate information on what the child knows and can do academically; developmentally, and functionally unless it is clearly not feasible to so provide or administer;	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No
tailore merely	sments and other evaluation materials include those d to assess specific areas of educational need and not y those that are designed to provide a single general tence quotient [281 IAC 41.304(3)b].	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
ensure impair results	sments are selected and administered so as best to e that if an assessment is administered to a child with ed sensory, manual, or speaking skills, the assessment is accurately reflect the child's aptitude or achievement or whatever other factors the test purports to measure,	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No

Are the district's policies, procedures and practices in compliance with federal and state law and regulations? Item		Policy	Procedure	Practice
	rather than reflecting the child's impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills (unless those skills are the factors that the test purports to measure) [281 IAC 41.304(3)c].			
5)	The child is assessed in all areas related to the suspected disability [281 IAC 41.304(3)d].	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
6)	Assessments of children with disabilities who transfer from one public agency to another public agency in the same school year are coordinated with those children's prior and subsequent schools, as necessary and as expeditiously as possible to ensure completion of full evaluations [281 IAC 41.304(3)e].	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
7)	Assessment tools and strategies that provide relevant information that directly assists persons in determining the educational needs of the child are provided [281 IAC 41.304(3)g].	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
8)	If a child with a disability who had an IEP that was in effect in a previous public agency in another state transfers to a public agency in this state and enrolls in a new school within the same school year, the receiving public agency , in consultation with the parents, must provide the child with FAPE, including services comparable to 281 IAC 41.323(6).	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No

SECTION 4

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE/PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

In the form below, describe the technical assistance and/or professional development that has been conducted at the AEA and for the districts the AEA serves regarding disproportionality (e.g., how to analyze/disaggregate data, differentiation of instruction, progress monitoring, cultural competency, understanding racial biases, etc.).

Topic and Presenters	Provide a brief description of the technical assistance	Audience (e.g., district general education teachers, AEA Regional Administrators, etc.)	Date of Training

SECTION 5

RESULTS/FINDINGS FORM

Based on the review, does the AEA conclude that disproportionate		
representation is a result of inappropriate identification policy procedures	Yes	No
and/or practices?		

If the AEA review resulted in any policy, procedure or practice that contributes the inappropriate identification of children with disabilities, please complete the following table:

Policy, Procedure and/or Practice	Describe how policy, procedure and/or practice contributes to inappropriate identification or disproportionate representation	Describe or attach a copy of any revised policy, procedure and/or practice

Statement of Assurance

Disproportionality 2011-2012 School Year (FFY08 Data)

AEA:
Date of Submission:
The AEA hereby assures the lowa Department of
Education that the information presented in this review of disproportionaity
is accurate and the review was conducted according to the protocols set
forth in this document.
AEA Director (Printed Name) Date
<u></u>
AEA Director (Signature)
Date

CHECKLIST

SECTION 1 – Data Review
SECTION 2 – Related Issues and Practices Review
SECTION 3 – Policies, Procedures and Practices Review
RESULTS/FINDINGS FORM
COPIES OF REVISED POLICIES ATTACHED (If Applicable)
Statement of Assurance

Mail a completed copy of the entire document and required attachments to the lowa Department of Education at the following address:

Bureau of Student and Family Support Services Iowa Department of Education 400 E. 14th Street Des Moines, IA 50319

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

In the OSEP Response Table to Iowa for FFY 2009 (2009-2010) OSEP states that:

The State is not required to report on this indicator.

Monitoring Priority: Disproportionality

Indicator 10: Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in specific disability categories that is the result of inappropriate identification.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(C))

Measurement:

Percent = [(number of districts with disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in specific disability categories that is the result of inappropriate identification) divided by the (number of districts in the State)] times 100.

Include State's definition of "disproportionate representation."

Describe how the State determined that disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in specific disability categories was the result of inappropriate identification, e.g., monitoring data, review of policies, practices and procedures under 618(d), etc.

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) was developed by State Education Agency (SEA) staff reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. The 60-day timeline data were analyzed with the following key stakeholders: Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), Area Education Agency (AEA) administration, and the lowa Department of Education staff.

In this APR, Iowa will: (a) report on efforts to improve performance, (b) report on the correction of noncompliance identified in FFY 2009, including the specific actions that were taken to verify the correction consistent with OSEP Memo 09-02.

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071.

District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072.

Iowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbook-application&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: Effective General Supervision Part B / Child Find

Indicator 11: Percent of children who were evaluated within 60 days of receiving parental consent for initial evaluation or, if the State establishes a timeframe within which the evaluation must be conducted, within that timeframe.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a) (3) (B))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report. In addition, the following data source is required in the current Part B Measurement Table (OMB NO: 1820-0624 / Expiration Date: 2/29/2012).

Measurement:

- a. # of children for whom parental consent to evaluate was received.
- b. # of children whose evaluations were completed within 60 days (or State-established timeline).

Account for children included in a but not included in b. Indicate the range of days beyond the timeline when the evaluation was completed and any reasons for the delays.

Percent = [(b) divided by (a)] times 100.

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

The conduct of an evaluation within 60 days of receipt of parent consent is a compliance indicator and OSEP designated the measurable and rigorous target at 100%. Each annual target of the six-year State Performance Plan is set at 100%.

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	100% of children with parental consent to evaluate will be evaluated within 60 days (or State established timeline).

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

The State of Iowa uses the date of receipt of consent by the public agency, as the date for starting the 60-day calendar for completion of the evaluation. The State uses date of evaluation as the date for stopping the calendar for calculating the timeline. At all pertinent times, Iowa's definition of 60-day timeline is identical to the federal definition contained in the 2005 IDEA amendments and the 2007 IDEA regulations.

Data reported below were generated from Iowa's Information Management System. The data reflect all children and youth in Iowa who were evaluated for determination of eligibility for an IEP, during FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The data were entered into the database by trained personnel, using the federal definition for 60-day timeline for evaluation (initial evaluations). The data taken from the monitoring system are based on actual (not an average) number of days. The number of children with parental consent to evaluate, the 60-day timeline calculation, range of days beyond the timeline when evaluations were completed, and reasons for delay, are reported for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Figure B11.1 depicts the SEA baseline data from FFY 2005 (2005-2006) through actual target data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

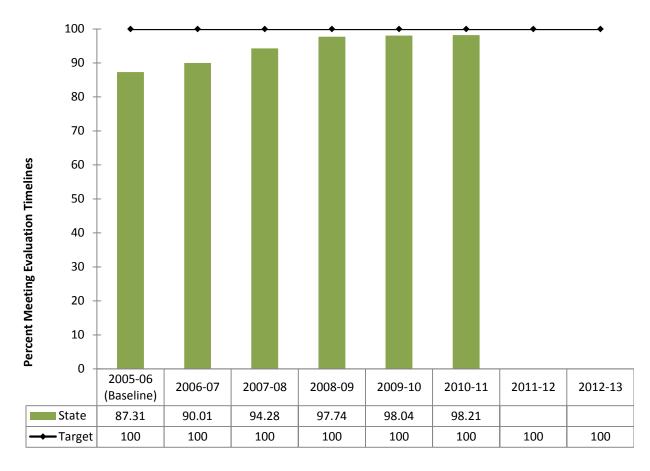


Figure B11.1. Percent of SEA Evaluations Meeting the 60-Day Timeline Requirement. Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2006 (2006-2007) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa did not meet the measureable and rigorous target for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for Indicator B11, but did show substantial compliance with 98.21% of SEA evaluations meeting the 60-day evaluation timeline. Performance for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) is below the OSEP target of 100%, but shows slight improvement from the actual target data of 98.04% obtained during FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

Table B11.1 contains the actual numbers for both of the OSEP measures (a, b) in addition to those included in (a) but not in (b). Specifically, data are reported for (a) the number of children with parental consent to evaluate, (b) the number of evaluations completed within the 60-day timeline, and (c) the number of evaluations not completed within the 60-day timeline.

Table B11.1 SEA Number for Each Required Measure for (a), (b), and (c) and Timely Evaluation

	60-Day Timeline Measure	Number
a.	# of children for whom parental consent to evaluate was received.	12273
b.	# of evaluations completed within the 60-day timeline	12053
C.	# not completed within the 60-day timeline (included in a, but not b)	220
d.	Percent = b/a times 100. 12053 divided by 12273=.9821 .9821 times 100 = 98.21	
		98.21%

Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B11.1 summarizes data depicted in Figure B11.1, showing that Iowa did not meet the measureable and rigorous target for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for Indicator B11. The number of children and youth in FFY 2010 (2010-2011) who were evaluated within the 60-day timeline was 12053 of 12273 (98.21%). Two-hundred-twenty children received parental consent to evaluate, but the evaluation was not completed within 60 days of receipt by the public agency. The data reported are consistent with the measurement, and no explanation of variance is required.

Table B11.2 provides the reason and range of days beyond the 60-day evaluation timeline.

Table B11.2 Reason and Range of Days Beyond 60-Day Evaluation Timeline

Reason	Number of cases	
Family reason	99	
Child's hospitalization/long-term illness	3	
Mutual agreement	7	
Natural disaster	9	
Student transferred		
No valid reason	102	
Total	220	
Range of days beyond 60-day timeline when meeting was held		
1-266 days		

Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Results of FFY 2010 (2010-2011) percent of evaluations completed within 60 days are further analyzed at the Area Education Agency (AEA) level. These results are depicted in Figure B11.2.

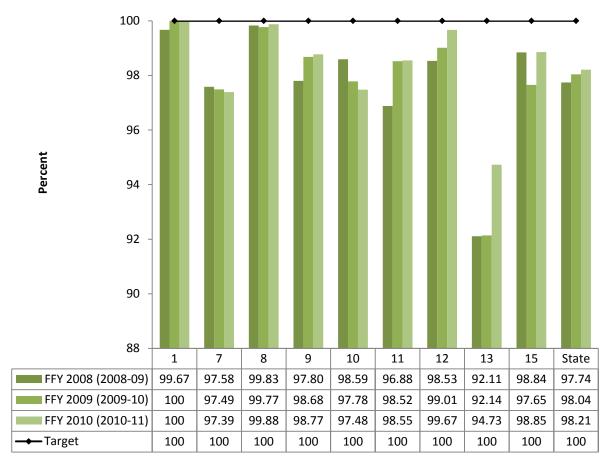


Figure B11.2. Evaluation Timelines met, by AEA and State, Compared to Target (FFY 2009 [2009-2010]). Source. lowa Information Management System, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

The data depicted in Figure B11.2 show that one of nine AEAs met the measureable and rigorous target of 100% of evaluations completed within 60 days for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Table B11.3 provides raw numbers used in the calculations for Figure B11.2.

Table B11.3
Actual Numbers Used by AEA and State

				AE	ΞA				
1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
(/	A) Numbe	er of child	ren for wh	nom parei	ntal conse	ent to eva	luate was	received	
919	1800	803	1140	1703	3033	902	1100	873	12273
	(B)	Number v	whose ev	aluations	were con	npleted w	ithin 60 d	ays	
919	1753	802	1126	1660	2989	899	1042	863	12053
		(C)	Number	included	in A but n	ot in B or	С		
0	47	1	14	43	44	3	58	10	220
	(D) Percent = (B/ A) * 100								
100.00	97.39	99.88	98.77	97.48	98.55	99.67	94.73	98.85	98.21

Source. Iowa Information Management System FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B11.4.

Table B11.4 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps
Provide technical assistance. Ongoing clarification and assistance was provided to all AEAs to ensure uniformity in understanding data requirements and exclusionary issues.	Improved accuracy of start, stop dates as well as accurate reasons for delay were entered in 60-day timeline and data fields.	Staff will receive ongoing clarification and assistance annually through FFY 2012 (2012-2013).
Provide technical assistance. SEA requires a corrective action plan for Indicator 11 for any AEA remaining out of compliance at the systemic level.	Corrective action plans were required for AEA remaining out of compliance.	Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The requirement of corrective action plans for noncompliance was conveyed to directors.
Improve data collection and reporting. AEA data teams will be asked to access their B11 data regularly to monitor 60-day evaluation timeline data.	Increased focus on Indicator B11 data. Increased validity and reliability of data.	Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Explanation of Progress or Slippage. Iowa did not meet the target of 100% compliance, but showed slight progress from FFY 2009 (2009-2010) and demonstrated substantial compliance at a level greater than 95%. In FFY 2009 (2009-2010) the percent of SEA evaluations meeting the 60-day timeline requirement was 98.04%, while in FFY 2010 (2010-2011) the actual target data increased to 98.21%.

SEA personnel attribute this improvement to: (a) continued efforts on the part of SEA and AEA staff to emphasize the importance of conducting evaluations within the 60-day timeline, and (b) the continued use of verification reports to aid AEAs in ensuring that evaluations are conducted within the 60-day timeline.

Correction of FFY 2009 Findings of Noncompliance (if State reported less than 100% compliance): Level of compliance (actual target data) State reported for FFY 2009 for this indicator: 98.04%

 Number of findings of noncompliance the State made during FFY 2009 (the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010) 	259
 Number of FFY 2009 findings the State verified as timely corrected (corrected within one year from the date of notification to the LEA of the finding) 	259
21. Number of FFY 2009 findings <u>not</u> verified as corrected within one year [(1) minus (2)]	0

Correction of FFY 2009 Findings of Noncompliance Not Timely Corrected (corrected more than one year from identification of the noncompliance):

22. Number of FFY 2009 findings not timely corrected (same as the number from (3) above)	0
 Number of FFY 2009 findings the State has verified as corrected beyond the one- year timeline ("subsequent correction") 	0
24. Number of FFY 2009 findings not verified as corrected [(4) minus (5)]	!B5 Is Not In Table

Actions Taken Regarding Noncompliance:

The SEA uses data from the state database designed to track special education evaluation and placement data. These data are used to determine the extent to which 60-day timelines are being met statewide, and which AEAs are or are not meeting the 60-day timeline. In FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the SEA determined that noncompliance was occurring primarily because AEAs were not regularly checking if evaluations were being completed within the 60-day timeline. As a result, the SEA increased its emphasis on the use of verification reports to help meet the timelines.

AEAs below 95% compliance are required to write a corrective action plan (CAP) to correct systemic compliance issues. Iowa would like to clarify that the threshold of 95% is used only to determine which AEAs are required to write corrective action plans, not to determine noncompliance. Any noncompliance issue falling below 100% is cited, corrected, and verified.

Based on FFY 2010 (2010-2011) data, one AEA (AEA 13) will be required to write a corrective action plan. The same AEA was required to submit a corrective action plan based on FFY 2009 (2009-2010) data and did so in a timely manner. The SEA ensures that steps in the corrective action plan are completed by monitoring implementation of the CAP through lowa's ISTAR system, assigning SEA personnel to monitor implementation of the CAP, and by verifying implementation through data.

While Iowa was able to verify correction of all noncompliance for FFY 2009 (2009-2010), the state has procedures in place should timely correction not take place in the future. Iowa's Administrative Rules of Special Education provide the SEA with the latitude to take enforcement actions in cases of noncompliance with the IDEA including, but not limited to, requiring a corrective action plan, withholding payments under Part B, and referring the matter for enforcement to the Department of Justice or state auditor. [IAC 281–41.604]

Verification of Correction (either timely or subsequent):

lowa verified the correction of noncompliance identified in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) APR by (a) verifying that every child for whom consent to evaluate was received subsequently received an evaluation, even if late, unless the child was no longer in the jurisdiction of the LEA, and (b) verifying that each LEA that was performing below 100% compliance in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) is correctly implementing 34 CFR §300.301(c)(1). Verification of correction of individual noncompliance (Prong 1) occurs in the ISTAR system and state data system in two ways. First, the AEA verifies that for each child for whom the timeline was exceeded, an evaluation was conducted and an IEP was developed with appropriate services, if eligible. Then the SEA verifies the same information on the IEP and in the statewide data system. Child-specific noncompliance is considered "verified" when both steps have been completed. Verification of correct implementation of the regulatory requirement (Prong 2) is done by analyzing updated data in a sample from the state's data system subsequent to the period during which the noncompliance was found, but within the one-year correction period. To be determined to be correctly implementing the regulatory requirement, an LEA is required to meet 100% compliance in a sample of

three new evaluations. The time period examined begins six months from notification of findings of noncompliance and ends three months later.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

As this is a compliance indicator, there will be no revisions to the measureable and rigorous target of 100%.

Proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012) are presented in Table B11.5. These activities are consistent with what was proposed in the FFY 2005 (2005-2012) State Performance Plan and describe activities to be implemented in FFY 2011 (2011-2012). These activities will allow low to meet measureable and rigorous targets for both FFY 2011 (2011-2012) and the targets continuing in the SPP through FFY 2013 (2013-2014).

(Note: Activities listed as ongoing in Table B11.4 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012), and are not listed in Table B11.5).

Table B11.5
Proposed Activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)

Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Review AEA corrective action plans Work with Kirby Leland regarding data draws that would assist AEAs in monitoring B11 status throughout the academic year.	David Happe Time-only	2011-2012 2012-2013	Eight of nine AEAs have corrective action plans for B11. Anticipated outcome is zero.
Coordinate AEA follow-up activities with Sharon Hawthorne	David Happe Sharon Hawthorne Time-only	2011-2012 2012-2013	Eight of nine AEAs have corrective action plans for B11. Anticipated outcome is zero.
Continue technical assistance activities, above	David Happe Time-only	2011-2012 2012-2013	Eight of nine AEAs have corrective action plans for B11. Anticipated outcome is zero.

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) was developed by State Education Agency (SEA) staff reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the State Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), Area Education Agency (AEA) administration and the Iowa Department of Education staff.

In this APR, Iowa will: (a) report on efforts to improve performance, (b) report on the correction of noncompliance identified in FFY 2009, including the specific actions that were taken to verify the correction consistent with OSEP Memo 09-02.

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbook-application&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: Effective General Supervision Part B / Effective Transition

Indicator 12: Percent of children referred by Part C prior to age three, who are found eligible for Part B, and who have an IEP developed and implemented by their third birthdays.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(B))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report. In addition, the following data source is required in the current Part B Measurement Table (OMB NO: 1820-0624 / Expiration Date: 2/29/2012).

Measurement:

- a. # of children who have been served in Part C and referred to Part B for Part B eligibility determination.
- b. # of those referred determined to be NOT eligible and whose eligibility was determined prior to their third birthdays.
- c. # of those found eligible who have an IEP developed and implemented by their third birthdays.
- d. # of children for whom parent refusal to provide consent caused delays in evaluation or initial services.
- e. # of children who were referred to Part C less than 90 days before their third birthdays.

Account for children included in a but not included in b, c, d or e. Indicate the range of days beyond the third birthday when eligibility was determined and the IEP developed and the reasons for the delays.

Percent = [(c) divided by (a - b - d - e)] times 100.

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

Indicator 12 (percent of children referred by Part C prior to age three, who are found eligible for Part B, and who have an IEP developed and implemented by their third birthdays) is a compliance indicator and OSEP designated the measurable and rigorous target at 100%. Each annual target of the six-year State Performance Plan is set at 100%.

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	100% of children referred by Part C prior to age three, who are found eligible for Part B, and who have an IEP developed and implemented by their third birthdays.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Table B12.1 summarizes actual target data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B12.1

State Totals for Number and Percent of Children Served in Part C and Referred to Part B, Determined Ineligible for Part B,

Determined Eligible for Part B and for whom Parent Refusal to Provide Consent Caused Delay

	Effective Transition Measure	Number
a.	Number of children who have been served in Part C and referred to Part B for eligibility determination.	1229
b.	Number of those referred determined to be NOT eligible and whose eligibilities were determined prior to their third birthdays.	40
C.	Number of those found eligible who have an IEP developed and implemented by their third birthdays.	1186
d.	Number of children for whom parent refusal to provide consent caused delays in evaluation or initial services	0
e.	Number of children referred to Part C less than 90 days before their third birthdays	0
	Percent = c divided by $(a - b - d - e)$ times 100.	99.75%

Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Results of data in Table B12.1 indicate the measurable and rigorous target of 100% was not met for FFY 2010 (2010-2011), but that Iowa did meet substantial compliance of 95% or more, with actual target data showing that 99.75% of children referred to Part B and determined eligible had an IEP developed and implemented by their third birthday. Actual target data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) increased slightly from the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) actual target data of 99.57%.

Figure B12.1 summarizes the state of lowa trend from FFY 2005 (2005-2006) to FFY 2010 (2010-2011), for percent of children who are found eligible for Part B, and who have an IEP developed and implemented by their third birthdays.

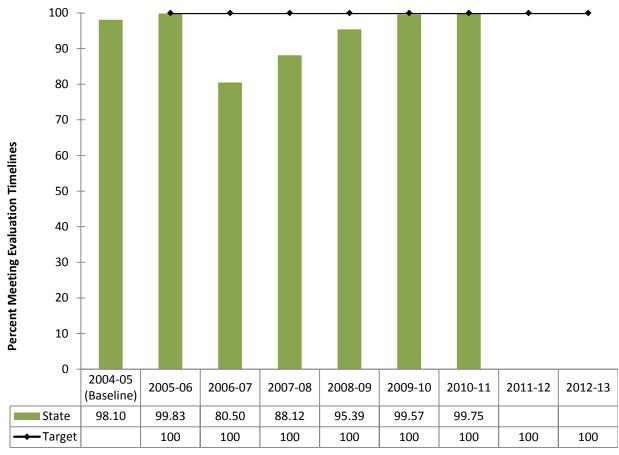


Figure B.12.1. Percent of Eligible Children with IEP Developed and Implemented by Age 3, FFY 2005 (2005-2006) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Source: Iowa's Information Management System, FFY 2005 (2005-2006) - FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa did not meet the target for Indicator 12 for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) but did meet substantial compliance of greater than 95% with 99.75% of eligible children having an IEP developed and implemented by age three.

Indicator 12 has an additional required measurement to: (a) account for children included in "a" but not included in "b," "c," "d," or "e" and (b) indicate the range of days beyond the third birthday when eligibility was determined, IEP was developed and implemented and reasons for the delays.

Table B12.2 summarizes information on number of children included in measure "A" of effective transition, but not in measure "B", "C", "D" or "E", and the range of delays beyond the third birthday.

Table B12.2 Children Included in "A" but not in "B", "C", "D" or "E" and Range of Delays Beyond Third Birthday

Children included in A but not in B, C, D of E and Kange of Delays beyond Third Birthday			
Reason	Number of cases		
Family reason	1		
Child's hospitalization/long-term illness	0		
Mutual agreement	0		
Natural disaster	0		
No valid reason	2		
Evaluation permission delay	0		
Total	3		
Range of days beyond third birthday when meeting was held			
22-241 days			

Source. Iowa Information Management System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B12.3 provides information for all measures of effective transition for the State and for each Area Education Agency (AEA) in Iowa for FFY 2010 (2010-2011), while figure B12.2 illustrates trend information by AEA for FFY 2009 (2009-2010) and FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B12.3

Number of Children Served in Part C and Referred to Part B, Determined Ineligible for Part B, Determined Eligible for Part B, for whom Parent Refusal to Provide Consent Caused Delay, and who were Referred to Part C less than 90 Days before their 3rd Birthdays

				uien 3	Diffilidays				
AEA									
1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
	(A) Number of children served in Part C and referred to Part B								
74	185	97	121	206	229	117	108	92	1229
(B)	Number	referred d	etermined no	_	/hose eligibil thday	ity was de	termined	prior to th	eir third
3	7	4	8	1	7	2	3	5	40
(C) Numbe	er found e	ligible who h	ad an IEP	developed/ir	mplemente	ed by thei	r third birt	hday
71	178	93	112	205	220	115	105	87	1186
	1)	D) Numbe	r for whom p	arental ref	usal to provi	de consen	t caused	delay	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(E)	Number r	referred to P	art C less t	han 90 days	prior to th	eir third b	irthday	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Number included in A but not B, C, D or E								
0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	3
	Percent = ((C) /(A-B-D-E))*100								
100	100	100	99.12	100	99.10	100	100	100	99.75

Source: Iowa's Information Management System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

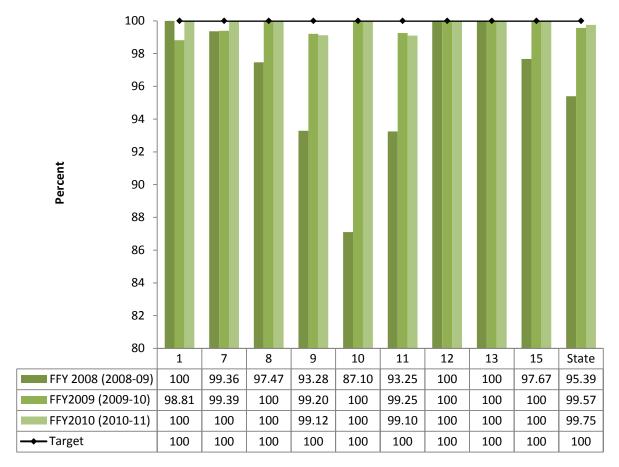


Figure B.12.2. Trend of Percent of Eligible Children with IEP Developed and Implemented by Age 3, by AEA and for the State of Iowa. Source: Iowa's Information Management System, FFY 2009 (2009-2010) - FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

In FFY 2010 (2010-2011), seven of nine AEAs met the measurable and rigorous target for Indicator 12.

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B12.5.

Table B12.5 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

improvement Addivides Completed for 11 1 2010 (2010 2011)						
Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps				
Improve systems administration and monitoring. SEA will facilitate the development and implementation of the statewide procedures manuals for Parts B and C.	All AEAs will have uniform procedures around transition.	AEA Special Education Procedures manual completed July 1, 2010. Technical assistance continuing through				

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps
		FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Improve data collection and reporting. Primary progress for improving data collection and accuracy are attributed to the revision and the implementation of systematic procedures of the SEA's Information Management System (IMS). Analysis of data from the SEA's IMS indicated inappropriate exit codes had been assigned when children exited Part C. As a result, the SEA completed revisions to the system data collection procedures including a revision of the exit code definitions. The SEA requests additional IMS data collection revisions in order to capture the number of days beyond the child's third birthday eligibility determination and IEP development is not implemented, and the reason for the delay.	Data for analysis and reporting are reliable and valid.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013).
Improve data collection and reporting. Data are analyzed by AEA leaders to identify systemic issues regarding meeting transition timelines for evaluation and implementation of an IEP and program implications.	Data analysis is used to inform AEA improvement plans.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013).
Improve data collection and reporting. Changes are made to the Eligibility Data Worksheet in the Web IEP and IMS to reflect the measurement of Indicator 12.	lowa's data for Indicator 12 reflect the Part B measurement table.	Completed FFY 2010 (2010-2011)
Provide technical assistance. The SEA provides training to data personnel regarding appropriate use of Part C exit codes.	More student records (approximately 99%) are correctly coded with an appropriate Part C exit code prior to data verification.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013).
Provide technical assistance. The SEA provides thorough implementation guidance and training materials on the statewide transition policy and procedures that are adopted by all AEAs.	AEA adoption of unified policies and procedures and subsequent TA provided by the SEA led to greater statewide alignment with IDEA 2004 requirements and more accurate transition data.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013).
Provide technical assistance. SEA implements statewide training for approved AEA trainers addressing service coordinator roles and responsibilities in the transition process.	Statewide training was implemented for service coordinators.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013).
Improve data collection and reporting. SEA data team distributed transition data to AEAs for validation and verification.	Exit codes and delay reasons for children leaving Part C were verified.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013).
Provide technical assistance. SEA facilitates development and implementation of parent information and training materials in partnership with the AEA Parent Educator Connection and Early Access regional leadership.	AEAs have materials with which to provide parents to inform them of their rights and of the transition process.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013).
Provide technical assistance. SEA implements training to analyze and effectively address reasons for delay in evaluation and the development of an IEP by the third birthday.	Technical assistance was provided to Early ACCESS and EC Leadership Network and an action plan for further analysis and training was developed.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013).
Improve systems administration and monitoring. SEA monitors related requirements through lowa's system of general supervision.	SEA identified and corrected noncompliance associated with transition requirements.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013).
Improve systems administration and monitoring. SEA monitors alignment of AEA improvement plans and transition data.	SEA identified necessary TA and targeted TA to specific AEAs. All AEAs reviewed Indicator 12 data. AEAs not meeting the target developed and implemented action plans related to transition.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013).

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Iowa showed improvement in this indicator from 99.57% in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) to 99.75% in FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The SEA attributes this progress to (a) continued emphasis by the SEA and AEAs on accurate data collection and reporting practices around Indicator 12, and (b) continued emphasis by the SEA on the importance of timely and effective transition.

Correction of FFY 2009 Findings of Noncompliance (if State reported less than 100% compliance): Level of compliance (actual target data) State reported for FFY 2009 for this indicator: 99.57%

25. Number of findings of noncompliance the State made during FFY 2009 (the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010)	5
26. Number of FFY 2009 findings the State verified as timely corrected (corrected within one year from the date of notification to the LEA of the finding)	5
27. Number of FFY 2009 findings <u>not</u> verified as corrected within one year [(1) minus (2)]	0

Correction of FFY 2009 Findings of Noncompliance Not Timely Corrected (corrected more than one year from identification of the noncompliance):

28. Number of FFY 2009 findings not timely corrected (same as the number from (3) above)	0
29. Number of FFY 2009 findings the State has verified as corrected beyond the one- year timeline ("subsequent correction")	0
30. Number of FFY 2009 findings not verified as corrected [(4) minus (5)]	0

Actions Taken Regarding Noncompliance:

The SEA uses data from the state database tracking special education evaluation and placement data to determine the extent to which early childhood transition requirements are being met in the state, and to determine which AEAs are and are not meeting those requirements. In FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the SEA determined that noncompliance was occurring rarely and in isolated cases without any trend. As a result of the root cause analyses, the SEA continued to promote the use of verification reports in the state's database that alert AEAs to transition requirements.

AEAs below 95% compliance are required to write a corrective action plan (CAP) to correct systemic compliance issues. Iowa would like to clarify that the threshold of 95% is used only to determine which AEAs are required to write corrective action plans and not to determine noncompliance. Any noncompliance falling below 100% is cited, corrected, and verified. Based on FFY 2010 (2010-2011) data, no AEAs will be required to write a corrective action plan.

While Iowa was able to verify correction of all noncompliance for FFY 2009 (2009-2010), the state has procedures in place should timely correction not take place in the future. Iowa's Administrative Rules of Special Education provide the SEA with the latitude to take enforcement actions in cases of noncompliance with the IDEA including, but not limited to, requiring a corrective action plan, withholding payments under Part B, and referring the matter for enforcement to the department of justice or state auditor. [IAC 281–41.604]

Verification of Correction (either timely or subsequent):

lowa verified the correction of noncompliance identified in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) APR by (a) verifying that every child served in Part C and referred to Part B subsequently received an evaluation and – if eligible – a fully developed IEP, even if late, unless the child was no longer in the jurisdiction of the LEA, and (b) verifying that each LEA that was performing below 100% compliance in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) is correctly implementing 34 CFR §300.124(b). Verification of correction of individual noncompliance (Prong 1) occurs in the ISTAR system and state data system in two ways. First, the AEA verifies that for each child for whom the timeline was exceeded, an evaluation was conducted and an IEP was developed with appropriate services, if eligible. Then the SEA verifies the same information on the IEP and in the statewide data system. Child-specific noncompliance is considered "verified" when both steps have been completed. Verification of correct implementation of the regulatory requirement (Prong 2) is done by analyzing updated data in a sample from the state's data system subsequent to the period during which the noncompliance was found but within the one year correction period. To be determined to be correctly implementing the regulatory requirement, an LEA is required to meet 100% compliance in a sample of three new evaluations. The time period examined begins six months from notification of findings of noncompliance and ends three months later.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

Proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012) are discussed in Table B12.6. Activities listed as ongoing in Table B12.5 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012) and are not listed in Table B12.6.

Table B12.6 Improvement Activities Proposed for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)

	Proposed	Dunnand	
Proposed Activity	Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Improve systems administration and monitoring. SEA reviewed OSEP Early Childhood Transition FAQ and aligned requirements with SEA policies, statewide procedures and IMS data system.	1 SEA staff AEA Personnel	FFY 2011 and ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)	Implementation of any new processes and/or technical assistance with ongoing refinements/improvements made annually.

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The SEA staff developed the Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities, and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the state Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), the Area Education Agencies (AEA) administration, the Iowa Department of Education staff, AEA High School Reform Consultants, and the Learning Supports Advisory Team.

In the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Table from OSEP, for Indicator 13, OSEP expressed concern about Iowa's "very low FFY 2009 data" for this indicator. OSEP required that in the FFY 2010 APR Iowa do the following: (1) demonstrate compliance with the secondary transition requirements in 34 CFR §§300.320(b) and 300.321(b), (2) report on the status of correction of noncompliance reflected in the state's FFY 2009 data, (3) review and revise improvement activities, if necessary. Iowa is unable to report 100% compliance with Indicator 13 at this time, but will report on the correction of noncompliance consistent with OSEP Memo 09-02 and the revision of improvement activities to affect improvement in Indicator 13.

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website

(http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to lowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbook-application&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: FAPE in the LRE

Indicator: Percent of youth with IEPS aged 16 and above with an IEP that includes appropriate measurable postsecondary goals that are annually updated and based upon an age appropriate transition assessment, transition services, including courses of study, that will reasonably enable the student to meet those postsecondary goals, and annual IEP goals related to the student's transition services needs. There must also be evidence that the student was invited to the IEP Team meeting where transition services are to be discussed and evidence that, if appropriate, a representative of any participating agency was invited to the IEP Team meeting with the prior consent of the parent or student who has reached the age of majority.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(B))

Measurement:

Percent = [(# of youth with IEPs aged 16 and above with an IEP that includes appropriate

measureable postsecondary goals that are annually updated and based upon an age appropriate transition assessment, transition services, including courses of study, that will reasonably enable the student to meet those postsecondary goals, and annual IEP goals related to the student's transition services needs. There must also be evidence that the student was invited to the IEP Team meeting where transition services are to be discussed and evidence that, if appropriate, a representative of any participating agency was invited to the IEP Team meeting with the prior consent of the parent or student who has reached the age of majority) divided by the (# of youth with an IEP age 16 and above)] times 100.

States are allowed to select a sample of IEPs to be reviewed in order to obtain data for this indicator. As described on page two of the General Instructions, States must provide a description of the sampling methodology outlining how the design will yield valid and reliable estimates. The description must include the: (a) sampling procedures followed (e.g., random/stratified, forms validation); and (b) similarity or differences of the sample to the population of students with disabilities (e.g., how all aspects of the population such as disability category, race, age, gender, etc. will be represented). The description must also include how the State Education Agency addresses any problems with: (1) response rates; (2) missing data; and (3) selection bias. The sampling method used is described in detail in lowa's SPP for Indicator 13, updated for FFY 2007, and outlined here.

In order to obtain the sample for FFY 2010 (2010-2011), IEPs were randomly selected at the district level from the population of students with disabilities ages 14 and older in districts in the self-assessment year of lowa's school improvement cycle. (Please note that lowa Code requires that transition planning begin by age 14, rather than age 16, as stipulated by IDEA.) Sample size was determined using a 95% confidence interval with a margin of error of +/-10%. The sample was drawn with stringent confidence intervals because of the magnitude of decision-making based on the data. The sample was drawn to ensure representativeness. Responses were later assessed to validate the sample on representativeness by age, race and gender (see tables B13.1 – B13.3). (Please note that lowa does not collect information on disability category). The sample was drawn from districts in the self-assessment year within lowa's school improvement cycle in FFY 2010 (2010-2011). These schools are scheduled for a future site visit during FFY 2012 (2012-2013).

The sample was drawn from districts according to the self-assessment year within lowa's school improvement cycle. The improvement cycle ensures that every district is reviewed once every five years.

Data collection team members received training and passed three reliability checks with at least 75% accuracy prior to data collection. A response rate of 100% was achieved. To meet criteria for Indicator B-13, an IEP must contain all six of the elements listed below. (The survey instrumentation for lowa, variable definitions and data collection score-sheets are included at the conclusion of Indicator B13.)

Critical Element 1: Interests and Preferences. Interests and preferences as they relate to post-secondary areas and student invitation to the meeting.

Critical Element 2: Transition Assessments. Assessment information listing specific data and the source of the data for each post-secondary area of living, learning and working is sufficient to determine that the post-secondary area was assessed.

Critical Element 3: Post-secondary Expectations. A statement for each post-secondary area of living, learning, and working is observable, based on assessment information and projects beyond high school.

Critical Element 4: Course of Study. The course of study must project to the student's anticipated end of high school, be based on needs and include: 1) a targeted graduation date; 2) the student's graduation criteria; and 3) any courses or activities the student needs to pursue his/her post-secondary expectations.

Critical Element 5: Annual Goals. All goals must support pursuit of the student's post-secondary expectations, be well-written and all areas of post-secondary expectations must have a goal or service / activity or the assessment information must clearly indicate there is no need for services in that post-secondary area.

Critical Element 6: Services, supports, and activities. Statements must specifically describe the services, supports and activities necessary to meet the needs identified through the transition assessment. Evidence that adult agencies and community organizations were involved as appropriate must also be present.

Data were collected through lowa's System to Achieve Results (ISTAR), certified by AEA staff and validated through the ISTAR system. Selection bias was avoided to the largest possible extent by drawing a representative sample of IEPs at a high level of confidence and conducting the analysis only after weighting the data properly.

Sample data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) were assessed for similarity or difference of the sample to the population of students with disabilities ages 14-21. Tables B13.1, B13.2 and B13.3 present the representativeness of the sample of IEPs reviewed with respect to age, race/ethnicity and gender, respectively.

Table B13.1 Representativeness of IEPs Sampled by Age

	Representativeness of the 3 campies by Age									
	Age									
Population	Population Percent									
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21			
22.09	21.56	21.29	19.82	10.68	3.14	1.28	0.14			
Response P	Response Percent									
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21			
30.40	20.85	20.34	17.25	9.27	1.34	0.51	0.05			
Percent Difference										
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21			
8.30	-0.71	-0.95	-2.57	-1.41	-1.80	-0.77	-0.09			

Source. Iowa Information Management System and ISTAR System, FFY 2008 (2008-2009).

Across ages, the percentage of IEPs sampled ranged from undersampling of 2.57 percent (age 17) to oversampling of 8.30 percent (age 14). The SEA interpreted the data in Table B13.1 as supportive of sufficient representation by age.

Table B13.2 Representativeness of IEPs Sampled by Race/Ethnicity

	Representativeness of IEPs Sampled by Race/Ethnicity								
	Race/Ethnicity								
Populat	tion Percent								
Asian	Amer. Ind. or	Hispanic/Latino	African	Nat. Hawaiian or	White	Multiple			
	Alaska Nat.		American	Other Pac. Isl.					
0.80	0.85	7.45	9.83	0.12	78.80	2.16			
	Response Percent								
Asian	Amer. Ind. or	Hispanic/Latino	African	Nat. Hawaiian or	White	Multiple			
	Alaska Nat.		American	Other Pac. Isl.					
0.37	0.60	7.52	4.11	0.00	85.52	1.89			
	Percent Difference								
Asian	Amer. Ind. or	Hispanic/Latino	African	Nat. Hawaiian or	White	Multiple			
	Alaska Nat.		American	Other Pac. Isl.					
-0.43	-0.25	0.07	-5.73	-0.12	6.71	-0.27			

Source. lowa Information Management System and ISTAR System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Across subgroups of race, the percentage of IEPs sampled ranged from undersampling of 5.73 percent (African-American) to oversampling of 6.71 percent (Caucasian). The SEA interpreted the data in Table B13.2 as supportive of sufficient stratification and representation by race/ethnicity.

Table B13.3 Representativeness of IEPs Sampled by Gender

Gender							
Population Percent							
Female	Male						
36.19	63.81						
Response Percent							
Female	Male						
34.73	65.27						
Percent Difference							
Female Male							
-1.46 1.46							

Source. Iowa Information Management System and ISTAR System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Across subgroups of gender, the percentage of IEPs sampled ranged from oversampling of 1.46 percent (male) to undersampling of 1.46 percent (female). The SEA interpreted the data in Table B13.3 as supportive of sufficient stratification and representation by gender.

Taken as a whole, Tables B13.1, B13.2, and B13.3 suggest that the sample resulted in representative data from which general inferences can be drawn.

Table B13.4 contains the raw numbers of IEPs reviewed in order to generate the actual target data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). In conducting the data analysis for Indicator 13, the data were weighted according to AEA population, as described in the State Performance Plan.

Table B13.4 Numbers of IEPs Reviewed by AEA, FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

AEA	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
N	185	306	114	179	380	366	273	238	127	2168
Percent of total reviewed	8.53	14.11	5.26	8.26	17.53	16.88	12.59	10.98	5.86	100

Source. Iowa Information Management System FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	100% of youth with IEPS aged 16 and above will have an IEP that includes appropriate measurable postsecondary goals that are annually updated and based upon an age appropriate transition assessment, transition services, including courses of study, that will reasonably enable the student to meet those postsecondary goals, and annual IEP goals related to the student's transition services need. There must also be evidence that the student was invited to the IEP Team meeting where transition services are to be discussed and evidence that, if appropriate, a representative of any participating agency was invited to the IEP Team meeting with the prior consent of the parent or student who has reached the age of majority.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Baseline data for Indicator B13 for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) are summarized in Figure B13.1.

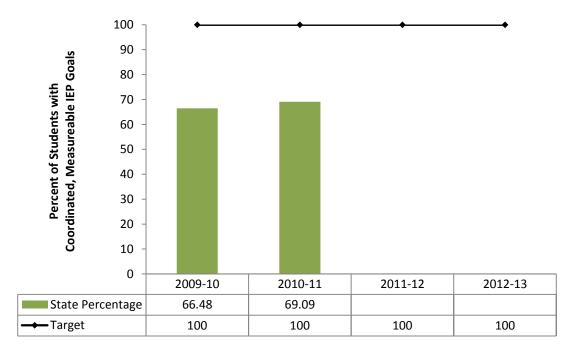


Figure B13.1. Percent of IEPs Meeting Indicator B13 Requirements, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Source. lowa's ISTAR System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa did not meet the measurable and rigorous target for Indicator 13 for FFY 2010 (2010-2011), with 69.09 percent of IEPs including coordinated, measurable, annual IEP goals and transition services that will reasonably enable students to meet post-secondary goals. Figure B13.2 shows percentages of IEP meeting B13 criteria by AEA.

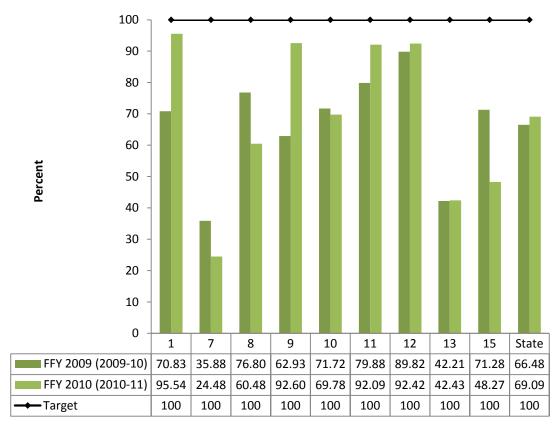


Figure B13.2. Percent of IEPs Meeting Indicator B13 Requirements by AEA, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Source. lowa's ISTAR System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

No AEAs met the target of 100%, but one AEA demonstrated substantial compliance at 95.54%. Five AEAs failed to meet minimum compliance of 75%.

Actual numbers and weighted numbers used in the calculations are provided in Table B13.5.

Table B13.5

Number of IEPs Meeting Indicator B13 Requirements, Weighted and Unweighted, FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Number of ILI 5 Me	• tigt.		qu	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			gc., .		(=0:0 =0	,
AEA	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
Number of IEPS with Coordinated, Measurable Goals, Unweighted	176	98	70	154	252	336	252	100	62	1500
Number of IEPs Reviewed, Unweighted	185	306	114	179	380	366	273	238	127	2168
Percent, Unweighted	95.14	32.03	61.40	86.03	66.32	91.80	92.31	42.02	48.82	69.19
Number of IEPS with Coordinated, Measurable Goals, Weighted	247.45	140.04	76.81	426.58	1176.50	442.95	302.21	123.22	73.37	3009.13
Number of IEPs Reviewed, Weighted	259.00	572.00	127.00	460.67	1686.00	481.00	327.00	290.40	152.00	4355.07
Percent, Weighted	95.54	24.48	60.48	92.60	69.78	92.09	92.42	42.43	48.27	69.09

Source. Iowa's ISTAR System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa's standard for Indicator 13 requires that an IEP meet all six critical elements. (See survey instrumentation at the conclusion of this section.) If one or more of the critical elements are missing, the IEP is scored as not meeting the Indicator 13 criteria. Figure B13.3 depicts data on the critical elements of: (a) Preferences and Interests, (b) Transition Assessments, (c) Post-secondary Expectations, (d) Course of Study, (e) Goals that Support Post-Secondary Education, and (f) Services and Supports.

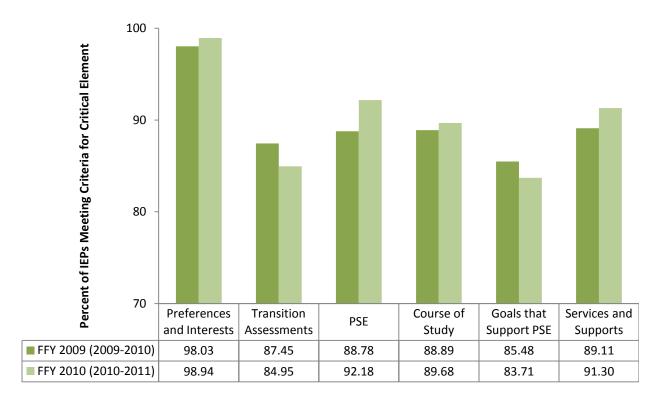


Figure B13.3. Ratings of Six Critical Elements FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Source. Iowa ISTAR System, FFY 2008 (2008-2009)

Figure B13.3 reflects the quality of IEPs for all six critical elements. Figures B13.4, B13.5, B13.6, and B13.7 depict specific criteria in critical elements in FFY 2010 (2010-2011).



Figure B13.4. Specific Areas in Transition Assessment, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Source. Iowa ISTAR System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Figure B13.4 addresses quality of Transition Assessments. Iowa's criteria for the Transition Assessment critical element require that all three sub-elements (working, learning, and living) are present. If any of these sub-elements are not present, the IEP will be scored as not meeting the Transition Assessment critical element.

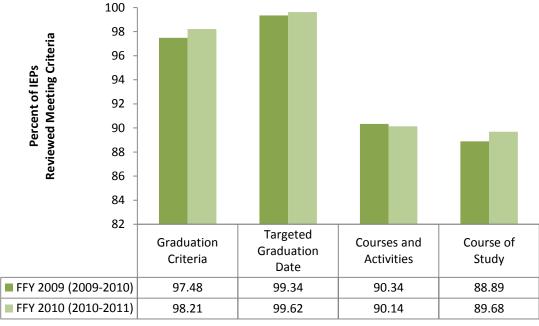


Figure B13.5. Specific Areas in Course of Study, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Source. lowa ISTAR System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa's criteria for the Course of Study critical element require that all three sub-elements (graduation criteria, graduation date, and courses and activities) are present. If any of these sub-elements are not present, the IEP will be scored as not meeting the Course of Study critical element.

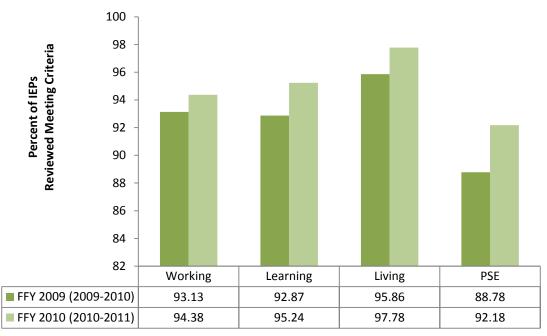


Figure B13.6. Specific Areas in Post-Secondary Expectations, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Source. Iowa ISTAR System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa's criteria for the Postsecondary Expectations critical element require that all three subelements (working, learning, and living) are present. If any of these sub-elements are not present, the IEP will be scored as not meeting the Postsecondary Expectations critical element.

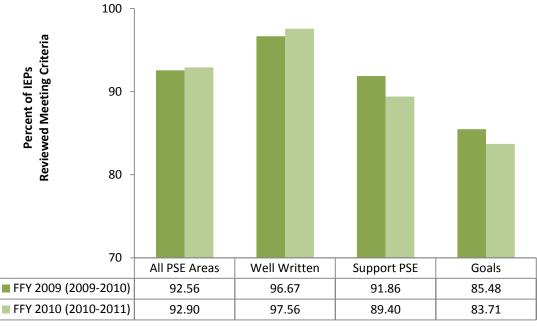


Figure B13.7. Specific Areas in Well Written Goals, FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Source. lowa ISTAR System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa's criteria for the Goals critical element require that all three sub-elements (PSE areas, well-written goals, and goals that support PSE) are present. If any of these sub-elements are not present, the IEP will be scored as not meeting the Goals critical element.

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for lowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B13.6.

Table B13.6
Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps
Improve data collection. Update training materials to reflect improved practice. Develop state reliability procedures. Develop "recalibration" procedures.	Actual materials and procedures, increased consistency across and within AEAs, Increased B13 percentage.	Completed.
Program development. Gather and analyze needs assessment data for issues of practice in transition assessments (skills and service delivery issues).	Alignment of initiatives aimed at improving secondary services.	Completed.
Provide Technical assistance. Develop tools to assist in the integration of transition components for development of course of study and annual goals and supports.	Improved cohesiveness of IEPs, improved relevance and rigor of services and supports resulting in increased graduation and postsecondary attendance and employment.	Completed.
Provide Technical assistance. Provide Technical Assistance to Area Education Agencies to understand the integration of transition components for development of course of study and annual goals and supports.	Increased amount, consistency and quality of professional development on course of study and annual goals/supports.	Completed.

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The analyses of FFY 2009 (2009-2010) data form the basis of discussion that follows.

Stakeholder groups with representatives of individuals with disabilities, parents, educators, administrators, private adult providers, Iowa Vocational Rehabilitation Services, Department of Human Services, and higher education met to review the data, set priorities, and suggest improvement activities. The information provided is a summary of their input.

The data indicated a slight increasing trend line to 69.09% up from 66.48% in 2009-10. The percent of IEPs addressing each of the individual Critical Elements, however, ranged from 83.78% to 98.94% (see Table B13.3). The two Critical Elements most present in IEPS were Interests and Preferences (98.94%) and services and supports (91.30%). Course of Study and Postsecondary Expectations were present in 89.68% and 83.71% of the IEPs, respectively. Transition assessments met criteria in 84.95% of the IEPs and 83.71% of the IEPS had goals that met criteria for Indicator 13. Further examination of the aggregated critical elements (see Tables B13.4 – B13.7), shows that over 89% of all IEPs met the sub-elements criteria for B13.

Although the overall data has shown an increasing trend line since it was first collected in FFY 2005, this year's data showed a decrease in the slope of the trend line established since 2005. (Using very similar definitions, Iowa's Indicator B13 was 5% in FFY 05). One data point is not enough to establish a trend line, however, there need to be significant changes in the data in order to meet the target of 100% in FFY11 (or even to reestablish previous growth rates)

The stakeholder group reaffirmed last year's observation that the discrepancy between high subcomponent percentages and the low overall B13 percentages discrepancy reflected IEP teams increased understanding of the necessary transition components and also their difficulty in aligning the components throughout the IEP. In addition, the group reviewed low and high scoring districts and AEAs. Their review identified that 60% of the districts were above the state average. Those districts that were above the state average had an average growth of 77.2%. The average growth of those districts below the state average was 4.8%. This suggested to the stakeholder group that a portion of the changed trend line can be attributed to districts that did not maintain improvement over time due to change in personnel or "reluctant participation".

Correction of FFY 2009 Findings of Noncompliance:

Level of compliance (actual target data) State reported for FFY 2009 for this indicator: _66.48__%

31. Number of findings of noncompliance the State made during FFY 2009 (the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010)	3745
32. Number of FFY 2009 findings the State verified as timely corrected (corrected within one year from the date of notification to the LEA of the finding)	3745
33. Number of FFY 2009 findings <u>not</u> verified as corrected within one year [(1) minus (2)]	0

Correction of FFY 2009 Findings of Noncompliance Not Timely Corrected (corrected more than one year from identification of the noncompliance):

34. Number of FFY 2009 findings not timely corrected (same as the number from (3) above)	0
35. Number of FFY 2009 findings the State has verified as corrected beyond the one-year timeline ("subsequent correction")	0
36. Number of FFY 2009 findings not yet verified as corrected [(4) minus (5)]	0

Actions Taken Regarding Noncompliance:

The SEA uses data from the states monitoring database to track information on compliance with secondary transition requirements. These data are used to determine the extent to which transition requirements are being met statewide, and which AEAs are or are not correctly implementing the requirements. In FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the SEA determined that previous noncompliance was occurring primarily because of practices across one of the largest AEAs. As a result, the SEA worked directly with that AEA to review its data, increase administrative proficiency in determining B13, AEA administrative communication with district administrators regarding B13, and to provide training to district special educators. In addition, the SEA contacted two other AEAs with reduced B13 percentages to discuss possible reasons for those changes and potential activities,

AEAs below 95% compliance are required to write a corrective action plan (CAP) to correct systemic compliance issues. Iowa would like to clarify that the threshold of 95% is used only to determine which AEAs are required to write corrective action plans, not to determine noncompliance. Any noncompliance issue falling below 100% is cited, corrected, and verified.

Based on FFY 2010 (2010-2011) data, eight AEAs will be required to write a corrective action plan. The SEA ensures that steps in the corrective action plan are completed by monitoring implementation of the CAP through lowa's ISTAR system, assigning SEA personnel to monitor implementation of the CAP, and by verifying implementation through data.

While lowa was able to verify correction of all noncompliance for FFY 2009 (2009-2010), the state has procedures in place should timely correction not take place in the future. Iowa's Administrative Rules of Special Education provide the SEA with the latitude to take enforcement actions in cases of noncompliance with the IDEA including, but not limited to, requiring a corrective action plan, withholding payments under Part B, and referring the matter for enforcement to the Department of Justice or state auditor. [IAC 281–41.604]

Verification of Correction (either timely or subsequent):

lowa verified the correction of noncompliance identified in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) APR by (a) verifying that every instance of child-specific noncompliance was subsequently corrected on the IEP, and (b) verifying that each LEA that was performing below 100% compliance in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) is correctly implementing 34 CFR §§300.320(b) and 300.321(b). Verification of correction of individual noncompliance (Prong 1) occurs in the ISTAR monitoring system. First, the district verifies that for each child for whom the transition requirements were not met, all required corrections have been made on the IEP. Then the AEA verifies the same information on the IEP. Child-specific noncompliance is considered "verified" when both steps have been completed. Verification of correct implementation of the regulatory requirement (Prong 2) is done by analyzing updated data in a sample of IEPs subsequent to the time during which the noncompliance was found, but within the one-year correction period. To be determined to be correctly implementing the regulatory requirement, an district or AEA is required to meet 100% compliance in a sample of three new transition file reviews. The time period examined begins six months from notification of findings of noncompliance and ends three months later.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

Proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012) are discussed in Table B13.7. Activities listed as ongoing in Table B13.6 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012) and are not listed in Table B13.7.

Table B13.7 Improvement Activities Proposed for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)

Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Improve data collection. Incorporate updated materials in online course. Implement state reliability procedures for high and low performing districts and AEAs.	DE transition consultant, Independent contractor	FFY11 and ongoing as needed to June 30, 2013	Increased consistency of B13 scoring. Credibility of data for improvement planning.
Program development. Gather needs assessment data on teacher preparation for secondary special education. Develop study of secondary special education levels	DE transition consultant, Independent contractor	FFY11 and ongoing as needed to June 30, 2013	Actual data to determine needs for further program development, improvement and professional development.

Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
of instruction.			
Provide technical assistance. Expand online course to include examples of students with significant intellectual disabilities. Develop tool box for trainers.	DE transition consultant, Independent contractor	FFY11 and ongoing as needed to June 30, 2013	Increased application of materials to all teachers. Increased flexibility of format for presenting. Increased consistency of material shared statewide.
Provide technical assistance. Provide technical assistance to Area Education Agencies to provide professional development on the integration of the transition components.	DE transition consultant,	FFY11 and ongoing as needed to June 30, 2013	Increased unity within the IEP. Increased relevance of services, supports and activities provided.
Program development. Work with the PTI and PEC to develop statewide system of support for parents with youth in transition from high school to living, learning and working.	DE Parent Coordinator, ASK Resource Center	FFY11 and ongoing as needed to June 30, 2013	Increased training supports for parents with youth transitioning to living, learning and working, Increase consistency and accuracy of information shared with parents.

Indicator 13 Measurement

	Review				
Item No		Vas	No	NΔ	Criteria for response
Item No. T20. §300.43(a)(2) Also §300.321(b)(2) Indicator B13 Age Group C only T21a. §300.320(b)(1) Indicator B13	Questions Does the IEP include the student's preferences or interests? Does the IEP document that the postsecondary area of living has been	Yes	No	NA	Criteria for response Yes = Preferences or interests of the student are listed. (Interests = things that evoke curiosity. Preferences = things chosen over others). No = No interests or preferences are listed OR items listed are not the student's. Yes = Specific data related to the student's living skills and the method of collection or source of the data are listed. Data are sufficient to determine that an assessment of the postsecondary area of living as it
Age Group C only	sufficiently assessed and information used as basis of transition planning?				relates to student's postsecondary expectations for living was done. No = No specific data are listed OR the source or method of data collection is missing OR data are insufficient to determine that the post-secondary area of living has been assessed.
T21b. §300.320(b)(1) Indicator B13 Age Group C only	Does the IEP document that the postsecondary area of learning has been sufficiently assessed and information used as basis of transition planning?				Yes = Specific data related to the student's learning skills and the method of collection or source of the data are listed. Data are sufficient to determine that an assessment of the postsecondary area of learning as it relates to student's postsecondary expectations for learning was done. No = No specific data are listed OR the source or method of data collection is missing OR data are insufficient to determine that the postsecondary area of learning has been assessed.
T21c. §300.320(b)(1) Indicator B13 Age Group C only	Does the IEP document that the postsecondary area of working has been sufficiently assessed and information used as basis of transition				Yes = Specific data related to the student's working skills and the method of collection or source of the data are listed. Data are sufficient to determine that an assessment of the postsecondary area of working as it relates to student's postsecondary expectations for working was done. No = No specific data are listed OR the source or method of data collection is missing OR data are insufficient to

	planning?	determine that the post-secondary area of working has been assessed.
T22a. §300.320(b)(1) Also §300.43(a)(1) Indicator B13	Is there a postsecondary expectation of living that projects beyond high school, is consistent with	Yes = Postsecondary expectations statement incorporates observable post school outcomes in the area of living that are consistent with available transition assessment data. No = Area is not stated as an observable behavior OR is not
only	available assessment information and is observable?	addressed or addressed vaguely OR is inconsistent with available transition assessment data.

	Review				
Item No.	Questions	Yes	No	NA	Criteria for response
T22b. §300.321(b)(1) Also §300.43(a)(1) Indicator B13 Age Group C only	Is there a post- secondary expectation of learning that projects beyond high school, is consistent with available assessment information and is observable?				Yes = Postsecondary expectations statement incorporates observable post school outcomes in the area of learning that are consistent with available transition assessment data. No = Area is not stated as an observable behavior OR is not addressed or addressed vaguely OR is inconsistent with available transition assessment data.
T22c. §300.321(b)(1) Also §300.43(a)(1) Indicator B13 Age Group C only	Is there a postsecondary expectation of working that projects beyond high school, is consistent with available assessment information and is observable?				Yes = Postsecondary expectations/vision statement incorporates observable post school outcomes in the area of working that are consistent with available transition assessment data. No = Area is not stated as an observable behavior OR is not addressed or addressed vaguely OR is inconsistent with available transition assessment data.
T23a. §300.320(b)(2) Indicator B13 Age Group C only	Does the course of study identify graduation criteria?				Yes = Graduation requirements are clearly documented and the means are defined. No = Graduation requirements and means are not documented, unclear or vague.
T23b. §300.320(b)(2)	Does the course of study				Yes = Graduation date is documented. No = Graduation date is not

Indicator B13	identify a		documented.
Age Group C only	targeted graduation date?		
T23c. §300.320(b)(2) Indicator B13 Age Group C only	Does the course of study project courses and activities necessary to pursue the postsecondary expectations?		Yes = Courses and activities, if needed, are listed and project to the targeted graduation date. No = Needed courses and activities are not listed or are vague.
T24a. §300.320(b)(2) Also §300.43(a)(2) Indicator B13 Age Group C only	Do all the annual goals support pursuit of postsecondary expectations?		Yes = Each goal listed addresses a need listed in the PLAAFP and is necessary for the student to pursue targeted post-secondary expectations. No = One or more goals listed do not reflect a need listed in the PLAFFP or will not be necessary for the student to pursue targeted post-secondary expectations.
T24b. §300.320(b)(2) Also §300.43(a)(2) Indicator B13 Age Group C only	Are all the annual goals well written?		Yes = Evidence reviewed shows that all goals state the condition(s), skill or behavior, and criterion, including timeline. No = Evidence reviewed shows one or more goals are missing the condition, behavior, or criterion, including timeline.

	Review				
Item No.	Questions	Yes	No	NA	Criteria for response
T24C. §300.320(b)(2) Also §300.43(a)(2) Indicator B13 Age Group C only	Are there goals, services or activities for every postsecondary area (Living, Learning, and Working)?				Yes = Each postsecondary area of living, learning, and working is addressed through goals, services or activities. (If Yes, skip to T25) No = One or more postsecondary area does not have a goal, service, or activity.
T24d. §300.320(b)(2) Also §300.43(a)(2) Indicator B13 Age Group C only	If not, is there justification in the PLAAFP?				Yes = Rationale for not needing services, supports or activities is listed in the PLAAFP and based on assessment information for each post-secondary area missing in question T24c. No = No rationale is listed for each postsecondary area not addressed through services,

	1	 1	
			supports and activities OR
			rationale is not based on
			assessment data.
T25.	Are there		Yes = Each service, activity and
§300.320(b)(2)	specific		support marked "yes" has a
Also §300.43(a)(2) Indicator B13	statements		narrative description on Page F
maicator B15	describing the		that clearly indicates the amount
	services and		of resources to be committed, a
Age Group C only	supports		description of time allocated, a
Age Group C only	necessary to		description of services to be
	accomplish the		provided (not a list), AND there is
	annual goals		clarity of services.
	and activities		No = Not all services, activities
	and to meet all		•
			and supports have a description
	needs identified		on Page F OR descriptions are
2054	in the PLAAFP?		vague.
SS51.	Were the		Yes = All participants required to
§300.321(a)	following		attend the meeting were listed on
Indicators B5,	required		the Meeting Notice form (or
B6	participants		included in the other appropriate
	invited to the		documentation of meeting
	meeting:		notification) or excusal form.
	• The		No = All participants required to
	parents of		attend the meeting were not
	the		listed on the Meeting Notice form
	eligible		(or included in the other
	individual,		appropriate documentation of
	At least		meeting notification) or excusal
			form.
	one		
	general		
	education		
	teacher,		
	 At least 		
	one		
	special		
	education		
	teacher,		
	• A		
	represent		
	ative of		
	the district		
1	who is		
Age Group A,	qualified		
B, C	to provide		
	•		
	or		
	supervise		
	the		
	provision		
	of		
	specially		

	designed instruction , AND • An individual who can interpret the instruction al implications of evaluation results?				
\$300.321(b)(3) Indicator B13 Age Group C only	For this secondary transition-aged student, was a representative of a participating agency invited to the meeting with prior consent of the parent or student who has reached the age of majority, if applicable?				Yes = Meeting Notice form (or other appropriate documentation of meeting notification) indicates that, if applicable, representatives of participating agencies were invited to the meeting with prior consent of the parent or age-of-majority student. No = Meeting Notice form (or other appropriate documentation of meeting notification) indicates that, if applicable, representatives of participating agencies were NOT invited to the meeting with prior consent of the parent or age-of-majority student OR invited without prior consent OR no documentation of meeting notification exists.
Item No.	Review Questions	Yes	No	NA	Criteria for Response
\$\$52. §300.321(a)(7) Indicator B13 Age Group C only	Was the student invited to attend the IEP meeting? (age 14 and above)				Yes = Student's name is listed on the completed Meeting Notice or the student's meeting notification is otherwise appropriately documented. No = Student's name is NOT listed on the completed Meeting Notice or documentation of student's meeting notification is absent.

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The SEA staff developed the Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities, and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the state Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), the Area Education Agencies (AEA) administration, the Iowa Department of Education staff, AEA High School Reform Consultants, and the Learning Supports Advisory Team.

Consistent with comments in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Table from OSEP, for Indicator 14, the SEA will report on progress or slippage on the required measurement, on actual target data for FFY2010, on improvement activities described in the State Performance Plan that were implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the outcomes of improvement activities implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and changes to improvement activities to be reported on for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbook-application&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: Effective General Supervision Part B / Effective Transition

Indicator 14: Percent of youth who are no longer in secondary school, had IEPs in effect at the time they left school, and were:

- A. Enrolled in higher education within one year of leaving high school.
- B. Enrolled in higher education or competitively employed within one year of leaving high school.
- C. Enrolled in higher education or in some other postsecondary education or training program; or competitively employed or in some other employment within one year of leaving high school.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a) (3)(B))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report. In addition, the following data source is required in the current Part B Measurement Table (OMB NO: 1820-0624 / Expiration Date: 2/29/2012).

Measurement:

- A. Percent enrolled in higher education = [(# of youth who are no longer in secondary school, had IEPs in effect at the time they left school and were enrolled in higher education within one year of leaving high school) divided by the (# of respondent youth who are no longer in secondary school and had IEPs in effect at the time they left school)] times 100.
- B. Percent enrolled in higher education or competitively employed within one year of leaving high school = [(# of youth who are no longer in secondary school, had IEPs in effect at the time they left school and were enrolled in higher education or competitively employed within one year of leaving high school) divided by the (# of respondent youth who are no longer in secondary school and had IEPs in effect at the time they left school)] times 100.
- C. Percent enrolled in higher education, or in some other postsecondary education or training program; or competitively employed or in some other employment = [(# of youth who are no longer in secondary school, had IEPs in effect at the time they left school and were enrolled in higher education, or in some other postsecondary education or training program; or competitively employed or in some other employment) divided by the (# of respondent youth who are no longer in secondary school and had IEPs in effect at the time they left school)] times 100.

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	B14A: 32.20 percent of leavers will be enrolled in higher education
	B14B: 53.65 percent of leavers will be enrolled in higher education or competitively employed
	B14C: 86.14 percent of leavers will be enrolled in higher education or in some other postsecondary education or training program, or competitively employed or in some other employment

States are allowed to select a sample of IEPs to be reviewed in order to obtain data for this indicator. As described on page two of the General Instructions, States must provide a description of the sampling methodology outlining how the design will yield valid and reliable estimates. The description must include the: (a) sampling procedures followed (e.g., random/stratified, forms validation); and (b) similarity or differences of the sample to the population of students with disabilities (e.g., how all aspects of the population such as disability category, race, age, gender, etc. will be represented). The description must also include how the State Education Agency addresses any problems with: (1) response rates; (2) missing data; and (3) selection bias. There are no districts in lowa with a student population greater than 50,000, so there are no districts that are required to be included in the sample every year. The sampling method used is described in detail in lowa's SPP for Indicator 14 submitted for FFY 2007 (2007-2008) and outlined here.

District sampling procedures. The sample was drawn from districts in the self-assessment year within lowa's school improvement cycle in FFY 2010 (2010-2011). These schools are scheduled for a future site visit during FFY 2012 (2012-2013). All districts participate at least one time in every 5-year period, thus all districts are included in the Indicator 14 measurement during the SPP cycle.

To ensure a balanced representation of the State across each year of the 5-Year cycle, the Department of Education hired Dr. Michael Larsen of the Iowa State University Department of Statistics as an advisor. Dr. Larsen's analysis of district assignments to the school improvement schedule indicated that the

overall State representation is balanced across the years. Dr. Larsen also determined that a slight imbalance in representation *within* Area Education Agencies (AEAs) could be remedied by making minor adjustments in districts' assigned years or by weighting the data during analysis to correct for the imbalance. Weighting the results will also allow for a representative sample across lowa including race / ethnicity and gender. The Department of Education decided to maintain the district assigned schedule and account for imbalances within AEAs by using weighted analysis procedures. State results will also be adjusted using weighting during analysis because there is not a probability mechanism employed in selecting districts for participation using the established school improvement cycle.

Student sampling procedures. Data were collected from two groups of former students: those who had IEPs at the time they exited high school and those who did not have IEPs at the time they exited high school. Sample selection procedures were established so that district data are representative of the districts and can be used for district improvement. Sample size was determined based on a 95% confidence level with a ten percent margin of error. The sample was drawn at the building level to ensure that data are representative of the building in districts with more than one high school. All leavers were included in the sample.

Data were collected via lowa's System to Achieve Results (ISTAR), the state's web-based monitoring database, and submitted to the SEA, where they were validated. Missing data and outliers were flagged and verified.

Selection bias was avoided to the largest possible extent by drawing a representative sample of participants at a high level of confidence and conducting the analysis only after weighting the data properly.

Sample data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) were assessed for similarity or difference of the sample to the population of students with disabilities exiting school. Tables B14.1, B14.2 and B14.3 present the representativeness of the sample of IEPs reviewed with respect to age, race/ethnicity and gender, respectively.

Table B14.1
Representativeness of Participants Sampled by Age

Representativeness of Farticipants campied by Age									
	Age								
Populatio	on								
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Total
0.02	0.13	0.54	2.47	19.01	51.12	17.86	6.29	2.55	100
Response Percent									
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Total
0.00	0.00	0.99	2.97	4.95	14.85	60.40	10.89	4.95	100
Percent D	Percent Difference								
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
-0.02	-0.13	0.45	0.50	-14.06	-36.27	42.53	4.60	2.40	

Source. Iowa Information Management System and ISTAR System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Across ages, the percentage of participants ranged from under-sampling of 36.27 percent (age 18) to oversampling of 42.53 percent (age 19). The SEA interpreted the data in Table B14.2 to indicate insufficient stratification and representation by age for students ages 17-19. The SEA determined that this was likely due to the low response rate.

Table B14.2
Representativeness of Participants Sampled by Race/Ethnicity

	Representativeness of Participants Sampled by Race/Ethinicity							
	Race/Ethnicity							
Popula	Population Percent							
	American		Black or	Native Hawaiian or				
	Indian or		African	Other Pacific				
Asian	Alaska Native	Hispanic/Latino	American	Islander	White	Multiple	Total	
0.87	1.12	6.25	9.17	0.09	80.73	1.77	100	
Respor	Response Percent							
	American		Black or	Native Hawaiian or				
	Indian or		African	Other Pacific				
Asian	Alaska Native	Hispanic/Latino	American	Islander	White	Multiple	Total	
0.99	0.00	4.95	0.99	0.00	91.09	1.98	100	
Percen	t Difference							
	American		Black or	Native Hawaiian or				
	Indian or		African	Other Pacific				
Asian	Alaska Native	Hispanic/Latino	American	Islander	White	Multiple		
0.13	-1.12	-1.30	-8.18	-0.09	10.36	0.21		

Source. Iowa Information Management System and ISTAR System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Across subgroups of race, the percentage of participants sampled ranged from undersampling of 8.18 percent (Black or African American) to oversampling of 10.36 percent (White). The SEA interpreted the data in Table B14.2 as supportive of sufficient stratification and representation by race/ethnicity.

Table B14.3
Representativeness of IEPs Sampled by Gender

Коргоз	entativeness of IEFs Sampled by Gender						
	Gender						
Population Percent							
Female	Male	Total					
37.09	62.91	100					
Response Percent							
Female	Male	Total					
47.52	52.48	100					
Percent Difference							
Female	Male						
10.44	-10.44						

Source. Iowa Information Management System and ISTAR System, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Across subgroups of gender, the percentage of IEPs sampled ranged from undersampling of 10.44 percent (male) to oversampling of 10.44 percent (female). The SEA interpreted the data in Table B14.3 to indicate sufficient stratification and representation by gender.

Taken as a whole, Tables B14.1, B14.2, and B14.3 suggest that the sample resulted in data that partially represent the population of interest.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Table B14.4 contains the raw numbers of participants surveyed in order to generate the actual target data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). In conducting the data analysis for Indicator 14, these numbers were weighted according to AEA population, as described in the State Performance Plan submitted in FFY 2007 (2007-2008).

Table B14.4 Response rate by AEA, FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,										
	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
N Responses	5	33	6	2	16	16	14	4	5	101
N Targeted	33	77	52	65	61	110	56	68	78	599
Response Rate (%)	15.15	42.86	11.54	3.08	26.23	14.55	25.00	5.88	6.41	16.86

Source. Iowa's Project EASIER FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and B14 Indicator Survey Responses FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Actual target data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for Indicator 14A, the percent enrolled in higher education within one year of leaving high school, are depicted in Figure B14.1.

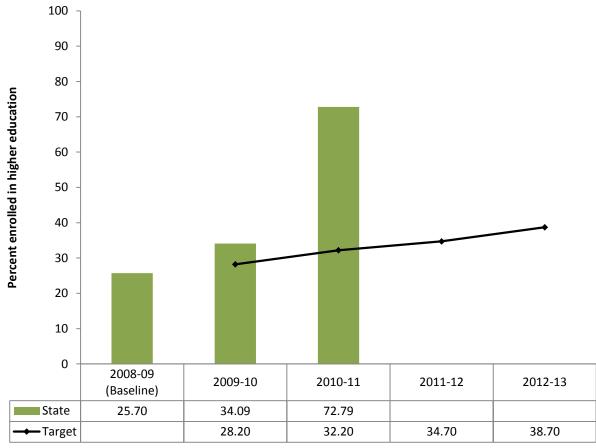


Figure B14.1. Percentage of Youth with IEPs Enrolled in Higher Education Within One Year of Leaving High School. Source. Iowa's Project EASIER, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and B14 Indicator Survey Responses FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Figure B14.2 provides actual target data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) based on the measurement for Indicator 14B, the percent enrolled in higher education or competitively employed within one year of leaving high school.

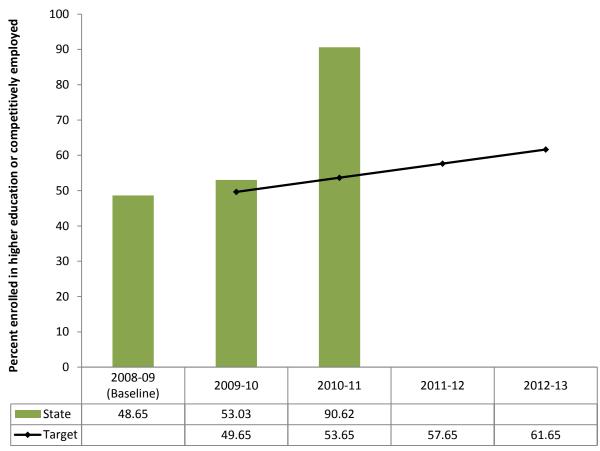


Figure B14.2. Percentage of Youth with IEPs Enrolled in Higher Education or Competitively Employed Within One Year of Leaving High School. Source. lowa's Project EASIER, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and B14 Indicator Survey Responses FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Figure B14.3 provides actual target data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) based on the measurement for Indicator 14C, the percent enrolled in higher education or some other postsecondary education or training program, or competitively employed or in some other employment within one year of leaving high school.

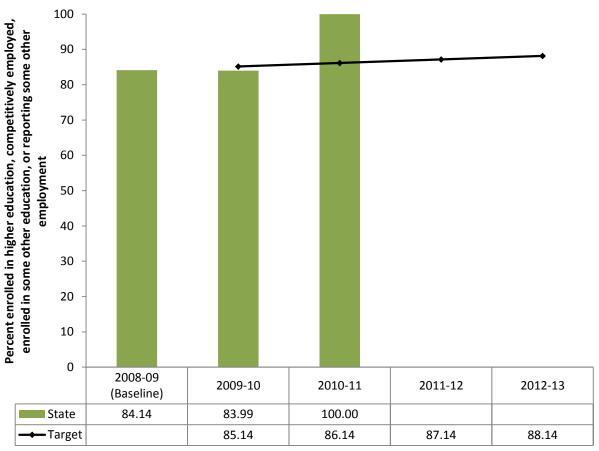


Figure B14.3. Percentage of Youth with IEPs Enrolled in Higher Education or Some Other Postsecondary Education or Training, or Competitively Employed or in Some Other Employment Within One Year of Leaving High School. Source. Iowa's Project EASIER, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and B14 Indicator Survey Responses FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Figure B14.4 presents state and AEA data for FFY 2010 on the percent of students who did and did not have IEPs who were enrolled in higher education within one year of leaving high school. The difference between the percentages for students with and without IEPs is also presented.

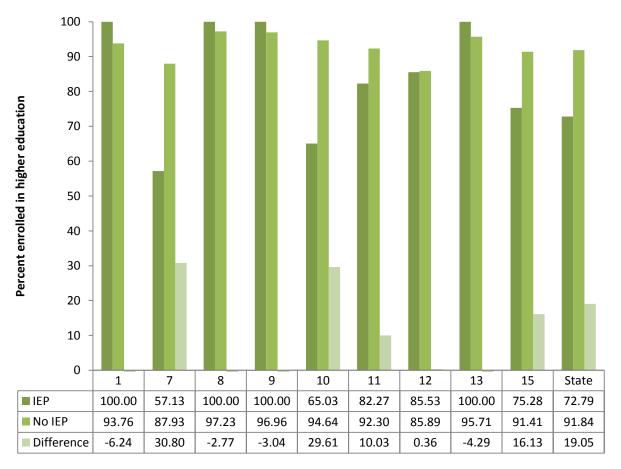


Figure B14.4. Percentage of Youth with and without IEPs Enrolled in Higher Education, State and AEA. Source. lowa's Project EASIER, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and B14 Indicator Survey Responses FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Figure B14.5 presents state and AEA data for FFY 2010 on the percent of students who did and did not have IEPs who were enrolled in higher education or competitively employed within one year of leaving high school. The difference between the percentages for students with and without IEPs is also presented.

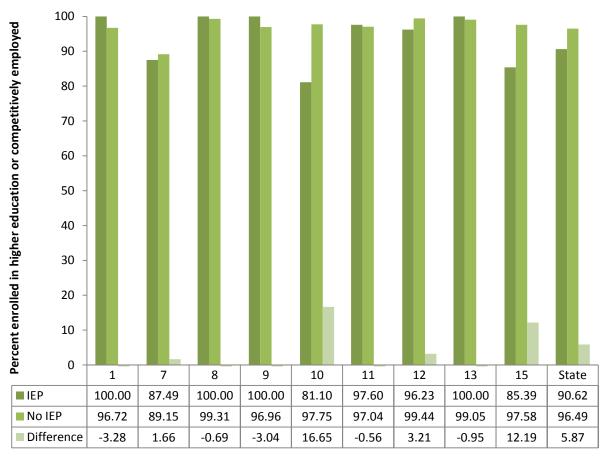


Figure B14.5. Percentage of Youth with and without IEPs Enrolled in Higher Education or Competitively Employed, State and AEA. Source. lowa's Project EASIER, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and B14 Indicator Survey Responses FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Figure B14.6 presents state and AEA data for FFY 2010 on the percent of students who did and did not have IEPs who were enrolled in higher education or in some other postsecondary education or training program, or competitively employed or in some other employment within one year of leaving high school. The difference between the percentages for students with and without IEPs is also presented.

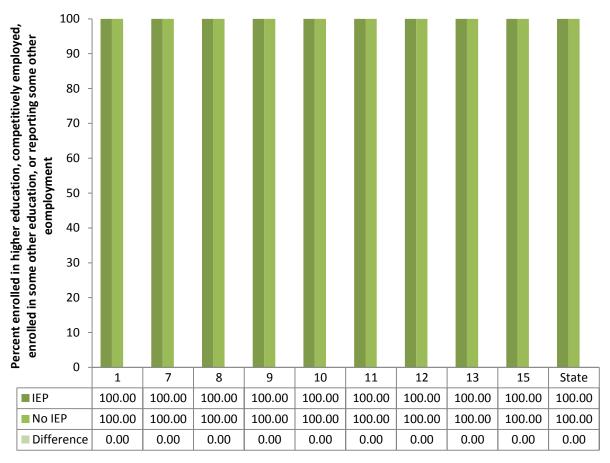


Figure B14.6. Percentage of Youth with and without IEPs Enrolled in Higher Education or Some Other Postsecondary Education or Training, or Competitively Employed or in Some Other Employment, State and AEA. Source. lowa's Project EASIER, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and B14 Indicator Survey Responses FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Tables B14.5 and B14.6 present the raw numbers (weighted and unweighted) used in calculating the percentages for students with IEPs presented in Figures B14.1 through B14.6. Tables B14.7 and B14.8 present the raw numbers (weighted and unweighted) used in calculating the percentages for students without IEPs presented in Figures B14.4 through B14.6.

Table B14.5
Weighted Numbers Used in Calculation for Indicator 14 for Students with IEPs, State and AEA

	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
Higher education (1.)	31.00	122.83	15.00	5.00	36.42	82.27	45.33	21.00	67.00	425.85
Competitively employed (2.)	0.00	65.28	0.00	0.00	9.00	15.33	5.67	0.00	9.00	104.28
Other education (3.)	0.00	10.89	0.00	0.00	10.58	2.40	2.00	0.00	13.00	38.87
Other employment (4.)	0.00	16.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.00
Not engaged	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total leavers	31.00	215.00	15.00	5.00	56.00	100.00	53.00	21.00	89.00	585.00

Source. Iowa's Project EASIER, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and B14 Indicator Survey Responses FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B14.6
Unweighted Numbers Used in Calculation for Indicator 14 for Students with IEPs, State and AEA

	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
Higher education (1.)	31	123	15	5	36	82	45	21	67	426
Competitively employed (2.)	0	65	0	0	9	15	6	0	9	104
Other education (3.)	0	11	0	0	11	2	2	0	13	39
Other employment (4.)	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16
Not engaged	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total leavers	31	215	15	5	56	100	53	21	89	585

Source. Iowa's Project EASIER, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and B14 Indicator Survey Responses FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B14.7
Weighted Numbers Used in Calculation for Indicator 14 for Students without IEPs, State and AEA

	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
Higher education (1.)	248.45	1085.91	254.75	1718.10	411.70	1153.70	1314.94	362.73	585.00	7135.28
Competitively employed (2.)	7.86	15.11	5.45	0.00	13.50	59.29	207.52	12.67	39.49	360.89
Other education (3.)	8.69	96.87	1.80	53.90	9.80	28.55	8.55	3.60	4.10	215.86
Other employment (4.)	0.00	37.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.47	0.00	0.00	11.40	56.99
Not engaged	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total leavers	265.00	1235.01	262.00	1772.00	435.00	1250.01	1531.01	379.00	639.99	7769.02

Source. lowa's Project EASIER, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and B14 Indicator Survey Responses FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B14.8
Unweighted Numbers Used in Calculation for Indicator 14 for Students without IEPs, State and AEA

	1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	15	State
Higher education (1.)	60	200	104	67	88	224	128	68	110	1049
Competitively employed (2.)	1	4	2	0	1	13	12	4	5	42
Other education (3.)	2	6	1	1	2	5	1	2	1	21
Other employment (4.)	0	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	9
Not engaged	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total leavers	63	214	107	68	92	244	141	74	118	1121

Source. Iowa's Project EASIER, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) and B14 Indicator Survey Responses FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa uses weighted numbers to calculate percentages for Indicator 14. The calculations for Indicators 14A, 14B, and 14C are shown below:

14A = (425.85/585.00)*100 = 72.79

14B = ((425.85+104.28)/585.00)*100 = 90.62

14C = ((425.85+104.28+38.87+16.00)/585.00)*100 = 100.00

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B14.9.

Table B14.9 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Activity	Measureable Outcomes	Status / Next Steps
Improve data collection and reporting. The SEA conducted analyses of survey data to ensure representativeness of all leavers.	Samples were drawn to ensure representativeness of all leavers. Representativeness of responders is described in text of Indicator B14.	Ongoing through FFY 2012(2012- 2013)
Improve data collection and reporting. The SEA identified and implemented strategies to increase response rate.	Provided districts with mechanism to monitor their response rates during data collection. For the past two years the districts had a mechanism to monitor their response rates but did not receive incentive pay for each completed survey nor incentive funds for reaching 80% response rate. Response rate this year was 16.86%.	Ongoing through FFY 2012(2012- 2013)
Improve data collection and reporting. The SEA identified and implemented strategies to increase participation of students who exit from grades 9 – 11 within the general data collection process.	Inclusion in FY10 was sufficient. No other activities necessary for FY11.	Ongoing through FFY 2012(2012- 2013)
Improve data collection and reporting. The SEA gathered, reported, and analyzed Indicator B13 and B14 data with collaborative partners.	Presentations with IVRS, Governor's DD Council, SEAP, Postsecondary Providers, Parents and other stakeholders were completed. Iowa Vocational Rehabilitation Services is in the third year of using the system across the state.	Ongoing through FFY 2012(2012- 2013)
Improve data collection and reporting. The SEA hired a contractor to review the senior exit and one year follow-up surveys to account for student participation in community college and other college level courses while in high school.	This information is being used by stakeholder groups to shape improvement activities.	Ongoing through FFY 2012(2012- 2013)
Improve systems administration and monitoring. The SEA further analyzed data of students who are not competitively employed or attending postsecondary to identify what they are doing, who they are, and needed supports.	This information is being used by stakeholder groups to shape improvement activities.	Ongoing through FFY 2012(2012- 2013)
Improve systems administration and monitoring. The SEA further analyzed postsecondary data to identify characteristics of attenders and nonattenders,	This information is being used by stakeholder groups to shape improvement activities.	Ongoing through FFY 2012(2012-

Activity	Measureable Outcomes	Status / Next Steps
postsecondary success and needed supports.		2013)
Improve systems administration and monitoring. The SEA further analyzed employment data to determine quality of employment and needed supports.	This information is being used by stakeholder groups to shape improvement activities.	Ongoing through FFY 2012(2012- 2013)
Provide technical assistance. The SEA developed tools to increase AEA and LEA access to and use of data.	Deep analysis of data completed with five AEAs.	Ongoing through FFY 2012(2012- 2013)
Provide technical assistance. The SEA developed tools and provided technical assistance to AEAs, LEAs, families, students, and Disability Support Services Providers to increase access to accommodations at the postsecondary level.	The percentage of students completing at least one term at a postsecondary institution increased from 34.09% to 72.79%	Ongoing through FFY 2012(2012- 2013)
Clarify/examine/develop policies and procedures. Partner with other agencies and organizations to identify competitive employment definition similarities, differences and statewide needs.	Definitions identified and shared goals developed.	Ongoing through FFY 2012(2012- 2013)
Clarify/examine/develop policies and procedures. Send a team of stakeholder to the National Conference on Employment of Individuals with Autism.	State needs and next steps identified.	Completed

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The analyses of FFY 2010 (2010-2011) data form the basis of discussion that follows.

The percentage of youth enrolled in some type of postsecondary school(Measure A) increased from 34.09% to 72.79%. This exceeds the target of 32.20%. The percentage of youth with IEPs enrolled in higher education or competitively employed within one year of leaving high school (Measure B) also increased from 53.03% to 90.62%. This exceeds the target of 53.65%. The percentage of youth enrolled in higher education or some other postsecondary education or training, or competitively employed in some other employment within one year of leaving high school (Measure C) also increased from 83.99% to 100.00%. This was higher than the target of 86.14. The low response rate inhibited the stakeholder group's discussion of these data.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

No revisions to improvement activities are proposed for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

One-Year Follow-Up Survey Instrument

1-Year Follow-Up Survey FFY 2009 (2010-2011)

Q #	Text	Q Type	Response Criteria
Welcome:	Thank you for taking this survey. If you took the Senior Exit Survey last year before leaving school, you may remember that the Iowa State Department of Education is seeking information to improve students' transition to life after high school. All responses have been and will be kept completely confidential. No names will ever be used in our results.	Read Only	
1	We are interested in how well you think your high school prepared you for your life after graduation.	Text/HTML	
1a	How well do you think your high school experience has prepared you to decide what you want to do after high school?	4 Point Scale w/NA	
1b	How well do you think your high school experience has informed you about possible careers and job opportunities?	4 Point Scale w/NA	
1c	How well do you think your high school experience has prepared you to find and keep a job?	4 Point Scale w/NA	
1d	How well do you think your high school experience has prepared you for further education?	4 Point Scale w/NA	
1e	How well do you think your high school experience has prepared you for living on your own?	4 Point Scale w/NA	
1f	How well do you think your high school experience has prepared you to manage your personal finances?	4 Point Scale w/NA	
1g	How well do you think your high school experience has provided you with specific job or occupational skills?	4 Point Scale w/NA	
2	Did you graduate from high school with a diploma or have you completed a GED?	Multiple Choice/Single Selection	High school diploma GED Did not receive high school diploma or GED Do not know

3a	Did you need any community or government assistance for further education, jobs, or living arrangements after you left high school?	Yes/No	
3b	What type of services did you need?	Check Box List	Finding a job
	(Check all that apply.)		Getting job training
			Financial aide for further
			education
			Other support for further education
			Making living arrangements
			Special assistance for independent living
			Other
3c	Did you get the help or services that	Multiple	Yes, for all areas of need
	you needed?	Choice/Single	Yes, for some areas of need
		Selection	No
3d	Which reason best describes why	Multiple	Services were not helpful
	you did not get the help?	Choice/Single	Did not apply for services
		Selection	Did not qualify for services
			Do not know
			Other
3e	Who helped you find those services?	Multiple	I found it on my own
		Choice/Single	Family member
		Selection	Friend
			High school teacher or other high school staff (such as guidance counselor, school social worker)
			Agency staff Other
40	Do you gurrently need community or	Yes/No	Other
4a	Do you currently need community or government assistance for further education, jobs, or living arrangements?	Yes/No	
4b	What type of services do you need?	Check Box List	Finding a job
	(Check all that apply)		Getting job training
			Financial aide for further education
			Other support for further education
			Making living arrangements
			Special assistance for independent living
5	We are interested in your work history next. Since leaving high school, have you been employed in any paid job?	Yes/No	

5a	Why have you not worked since	Multiple	Unable to find work
	leaving high school?	Choice/Single	Disabled
		Selection	In a mental health program
			Incarcerated (jail)
			Full-time homemaker/parent
			Student
			In job training
			Difficulties with transportation
			Other
5b	Since leaving high school, have you been employed for at least a 3-month period in the past 12 months?	Yes/No w/Comment	
5c	I'm going to ask you questions about	Multiple	Less than minimum wage
	the job that you were employed in for at least 3 months in the past 12	Choice/Single Selection	Minimum wage
	months. During that time did you make minimum wage, more than minimum wage, or less than minimum wage?	Selection	More than minimum wage
5d	On average, how many hours per	Multiple	1 - 9 hours
	week did you work at that job?	Choice/Single Selection	Over 9 but less than 20 hours
		Selection	At least 20 but less than 35 hours
			35 or more hours
6	At that job, how many of the other	Multiple	None of them
	workers had or have disabilities?	Choice/Single Selection	One or two of them
		Ocicolon	Most of them
			Don't know
6a	As part of that job did or do you get paid vacation and/or sick leave?	Yes/No	
6b	As part of that job did or do you get health insurance?	Yes/No	
6c	As part of that job did or do you get retirement benefits?	Yes/No	
6d	Which one of the following	Multiple	Assembly or production
	categories best describes the type of work you did or do at that job?	Choice/Single Selection	Agriculture, Natural Resources
	work you and or do at that you.		Clerical or office work
			Construction
			Family and personal services,
			such as day care Health care
			Maintenance
			Military
			Recreation Fitness, Summer
			Recreation, Camps, Health Club
			Restaurant or food service

			Retail sales
			Other
7	Are you currently working outside the home for pay?	Yes/No	
7a	Did we just talk about that job? (NOTE: If the survey has not yet asked questions about a specific job, say "no" to this question.)	Yes/No	
8	At your current job, do you make	Multiple	Less than minimum wage
	minimum wage, more than minimum, or less than minimum wage?	Choice/Single Selection	Minimum wage
	or loss than minimum wage.	Colcollori	More than minimum wage
8a	On average how many hours per	Multiple	1 - 9 hours
	week do you work at your current job?	Choice/Single Selection	Over 9 but less than 20 hours
	JOD :	Selection	At least 20 but less than 35 hours
			35 or more hours
8b	At your current job, how many of the	Multiple	None of them
	other workers had or have disabilities?	Choice/Single Selection	One or two of them
	disabilities !	Selection	Most of them
			Don't know
8c	As part of your current job do you get paid vacation and/or sick leave?	Yes/No	
8d	As part of your current job do you get health insurance?	Yes/No	
8e	As part of your current job do you get retirement benefits?	Yes/No	
8f	Which one of the following	Multiple	Assembly or production
	categories best describes the type of work you do at your current job?	Choice/Single Selection	Agriculture, Natural Resources
	work you do at your current job?	Selection	Clerical or office work
			Construction
			Family and personal services, such as day care
			Health care
			Maintenance
			Military
			Recreation Fitness, Summer Recreation, Camps, Health Club
			Restaurant or food service
			Retail sales
			Other
10	Why are you not currently working?	Multiple	Unable to find work
		Choice/Single Selection	Disabled
			In a mental health program
			Incarcerated (jail)
			Full-time homemaker/parent

			Student
			In job training
			Difficulties with transportation
			Other
11a	Tell me about the last job that you	Multiple	Less than minimum wage
	had. Were you making less than	Choice/Single	Minimum wage
	minimum wage, minimum wage, or more than minimum wage?	Selection	More than minimum wage
11b	On average, how many hours per	Multiple	1 - 9 hours
	week did you work at that job?	Choice/Single Selection	Over 9 but less than 20 hours
		Selection	At least 20 but less than 35 hours
			35 or more hours
11c	At your past job, how many of the	Multiple	None of them
	other workers had disabilities?	Choice/Single Selection	One or two of them
		Selection	Don't know
12	How well do you get along with your	Multiple	Always have problems
	boss(es)?	Choice/Single Selection	Often have problems
		Selection	Sometimes have problems
			Usually get along
			Always get along
13	How well do you get along with your	Multiple	Always have problems
	co-workers?	Choice/Single Selection	Often have problems
			Sometimes have problems
			Usually get along
			Always get along
14	Would you consider any of the work you've had since leaving high school to meet your long-term work goal?	Yes/No w/Comment	
15	What are you planning to do to	Multiple	Look for another job
	pursue your long-term employment	Choice/Single Selection	Pursue education or training
	goal?	Selection	Work your way up to a higher
			Position No long term employment goal
			Don't know
16a	Do you plan to attend school	Yes/No	DOTT KNOW
	sometime in the future?		
16b	What is the highest level of education that you would like to	Multiple Choice/Single	High school diploma, GED
	obtain?	Selection	License, certificate, or diploma from a technical, business or trade school
			Associate's degree/Bachelor's degree
			Associate's degree/Bachelor's degree
			Graduate degree (Master's, PhD, MD, etc.)

			No preference, Don't know
16c	Have you taken classes of any kind since you left high school?	Yes/No	
17	What type of school did you attend	Multiple	Public 4-year college or university
	this past year?	Choice/Single Selection	Private 4-year college or university
			Public 2-year or community college
			Private 2-year college (e.g. private business or trade school)
			Other type of adult or community education
18a	Did you attend this school part-time or full-time?	Multiple Choice/Single	Part-time
	or run-urne?	Selection	Full-time
18b	Did you complete at least one term at this school since leaving high school?	Yes/No w/Comment	
18c	Which one reason below best describes your objective in going to school?	Multiple Choice/Single Selection	Degree or taking courses that can be used towards a degree (e.g., AA, BS, MS, Ed.D)
		Gelection	Training Program Certificate (e.g., firefighters, teacher assistant)
			Military course work
			Work apprenticeship program
			Adult literacy program
			GED
			Coursework - not degree oriented - in an area of interest or hobby (e.g., language, photography,
19	Which one of the following areas	Multiple	landscaping) Agriculture, Natural Resources
.0	best describes your primary area of	Choice/Single	Arts and Communications
	study or training?	Selection	Business, Computers, Marketing
			Education
			Engineering, Architecture, Industrial Technology
			Family and Personal Services
			Health Occupations
			Law, Government, Public Service
			Hospitality or Tourism
			Other
			Undecided / Don't Know
20	Item intentionally missing		
21	During the last few weeks, how have	Check Box List	Visiting with family members
	you spent most of your time when you weren't working or going to		Visiting with friends
	school? (Check all that apply.)		Talking with friends on the

		1	telephone
			Watching television or videos
			Listening to music
			Exercise, participate in sports or other athletic activity
			Other
22	During the past year, have you done any volunteer or community service activities? This could include community service that is part of a church or other group.	Yes/No	
23	Do you have a driver's license?	Yes/No	
24	Do you usually have money that you can decide how to spend?	Yes/No	
25	Do you have your own checking account?	Yes/No	
26	Do you have a savings account?	Yes/No	
27	Do you have a credit card or charge account in your own name?	Yes/No	
28	Do you earn enough to support yourself without financial help from your family or government benefit programs?	Yes/No	
29	Do you have medical insurance?	Yes/No	
30	During most of the past year, where	Multiple	In your own apartment/home
	did you live?	Choice/Single Selection	With your family
		Colcollori	In student housing (such as a dormitory or residence hall)
			In an apartment or group residence that provides special assistance
			In military housing/barracks
21	During most of the post year did you	Yes/No	In another arrangement
31	During most of the past year, did you live in lowa?	T ES/INO	
32a	How happy are you with your life as	Multiple	Generally Unhappy
	a young adult? Would you say you are generally unhappy or generally happy?	Choice/Single Selection	Generally happy
32b	Item intentionally missing		
32c	Why aren't you happy? Would you	Check Box List	Problems with work
	say it's due to		Problems with family
			Problems with friends
			Loneliness
			Problems with money
			Problems with health
			Boredom, not enough to do
			Other

Dropout Survey Instrument

Dropout Survey FFY 2009 (2010-2011)

Q #	Text	Q Type	Response Criteria
Welcome:	Thank you for taking this survey. The results are designed to help the State Department of Education improve students' transition to life after high school. Your responses will be kept completely confidential.	Read Only	
1	Have you participated in any of the following types of school activities during the past 2 years?	Text/HTML	
1a	School clubs, such as debate, student government, or environmental clubs?	Yes/No/NA	
1b	Athletic activities, such as varsity sports, intramurals, or cheerleading?	Yes/No/NA	
1c	Performing groups, such as band, choir, dance, or drill team?	Yes/No/NA	
1d	School drama activities, including acting, working on sets, lighting, costumes or publicity?	Yes/No/NA	
1e	Have you participated in any other school-sponsored extra-curricular activities during the past 2 years?	Yes/No/NA	
2	During high school have you ever participated in any career-oriented events such as interest inventories, career or job fairs, or college recruitment events?	Yes/No/NA	
3	During the past year, have you talked with a guidance counselor or another adult at your school about your plans for the future?	Yes/No/NA	
4	During the past year, have you done any volunteer or community service activities? This could include community service that is part of a school class or other group.	Yes/No/NA	

5	The next set of questions ask about how well you think your high school has prepared you for your life after high school. Please indicate one response for each item.	Text/HTML
5a	How well do you think your high school experience has prepared you to decide what you want to do after high school?	4 Point Scale w/NA
5b	How well do you think your high school experience has informed you about possible careers and job opportunities?	4 Point Scale w/NA
5c	How well do you think your high school experience has prepared you to find and keep a job?	4 Point Scale w/NA
5d	How well do you think your high school experience has prepared you for further education?	4 Point Scale w/NA
5e	How well do you think your high school experience has prepared you for living on your own?	4 Point Scale w/NA
5f	How well do you think your high school experience has prepared you to manage your personal finances?	4 Point Scale w/NA
5g	How well do you think your high school experience has provided you with specific job or occupational skills?	4 Point Scale w/NA
6	By the time you graduate will you have taken at least:	Text/HTML
6a	1 year of Algebra, or equivalent	Yes/No/NA
6b	4 years of English?	Yes/No/NA
6c	3 years of science?	Yes/No/NA
6d	3 years of social studies?	Yes/No/NA
6e	3 years of math? (may or may not include 1 year of Algebra)	Yes/No/NA
7a	During high school, did you take courses to help prepare you for employment after high school?	Yes/No/NA
7b	In what areas were the classes you took? (Check all that apply.)	Check Box List

8a	Do you think you will need any community or government assistance for further education, jobs, or living arrangements?	Yes/No/NA	
8b	What type of services? (Check all that apply.)	Check Box List	Finding a job Getting job training Financial aid for further education Other support for further education Making living arrangements Special assistance to live independently Other
9a	In the past 2 years, have you taken part in any school-sponsored work activities, like a work experience job, an internship, or a school-based business?	Yes/No/NA	Other
9b	Did you get school credit for any of that work?	Yes/No	
9c	Did you get paid for that work?	Yes/No	
10a	Do you currently have a job? (A paying job, not including work around the house.)	Yes/No/NA	
10b	Have you had a paying job in the past 2 years?	Yes/No/NA	
11	How long have you been working at this job?	Multiple Choice / Single Selection	Less than 6 months (since December 2010)
			6 months to one year (since May 2010)
			More than 1 year (before May 2010)
11a	How much do you currently make relative to the minimum wage of \$7.25/hr?	Multiple Choice/ Single Selection	Less than minimum wage
			Minimum wage More than minimum wage
12	Did you find this job on your own or	Multiple Choice / Single	Found job on my own.
	did you have some help, either from someone you know, your school, or a job-related program?	Selection	Help from someone I know
	,,,		Help from school or job- related program

13	Which one of the following categories best describes the type of work you do at this job?	Drop Down	Assembly or production, such as mechanic
			Agriculture, Natural Resources
			Clerical or office work
			Construction
			Family and personal services, such as cosmetology, day care or housekeeping
			Health care
			Maintenance, recycling
			Recreation Fitness, Summer Recreation, Camps, Health Club
			Restaurant or food service
			Retail sales, such as grocery or clothing
			Other
14	Do you have a driver's license?	Yes/No/NA	
15	Do you usually have money that you can decide how to spend?	Yes/No/NA	
16	Do you have your own checking account?	Yes/No/NA	
17	Do you have a savings account?	Yes/No/NA	
18	Do you have a credit card or charge account in your name?	Yes/No/NA	
19	What is the highest level of education that you would like to obtain?	Multiple Choice/Single Selection	High school diploma
			License, certificate or diploma from a technical, business or trade school
			Associate's degree
			Bachelor's degree
			Graduate degree (MA, MS, PhD, MD, EdD)
			Don't know
20a	What are your educational plans for this fall?	Multiple Choice/Single Selection	

20b	Which one of the following will be your <i>primary</i> area of study or training?	Multiple Choice/Single Selection	Agriculture, Natural Resources
	3		Arts and
			Communications
			Business, Computers, Marketing
			Education
			Engineering, Architecture, Industrial Technology, Auto Mechanics Family and Personal Services (hair design, athletic trainer)
			Health Occupations
			Law, Government, Public Service
			Hospitality or Tourism
			Other
			Undecided (Don't know)
21	What are your work plans for this fall?	Multiple Choice/Single	Work part-time
		Selection	Work full time
			In the Military
			No work plans this fall
			Full time homemaker
22	What state do you plan to live in this	Multiple Choice/Single	In Iowa
	fall?	Selection	Not in Iowa
23	What will be your living arrangement this fall?	Multiple Choice/Single Selection	Live in student housing (dormitory, residence hall) Live in/rent apartment, house
			Live with family
			Live in an apartment or group residence that provides assistance
			Live in some other arrangement
			Military Housing
23b	Describe your living arrangements for next fall:		Text Box Large
24	Will you receive your high school diploma in the spring or summer of 2011?		Yes/No/Don't Know

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) was developed by State Education Agency (SEA) staff reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these components and comments were compiled. AEA and District noncompliance data were analyzed with the following key stakeholders: Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), Statewide Area Education Agency (AEA) Monitoring Workgroup, and the Iowa Department of Education staff.

In the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Letter from OSEP, for Indicator 15, the OSEP Analysis/Next Steps were summarized as:

The state must demonstrate in the FFY 2010 APR, due February 1, 2012, that the remaining 47 findings of noncompliance identified in FFY 2008 that were not reported as corrected in the FFY 2009 APR were corrected.

OSEP appreciates the state's efforts and looks forward to reviewing in the FFY 2010 APR the state's data demonstrating that the State timely corrected noncompliance identified in FFY 2009 in accordance with 20 U.S.C. 1232d(b)(3)(E), 34 CFR §§300.149 and 300.600(e), and OSEP Memo 09-02.

Hence, in this APR, the SEA will (a) report that it verified that each LEA with noncompliance identified in FFY 2009 is correctly implementing the specific regulatory requirements (i.e., has achieved 100% compliance), (b) report that all individual noncompliance identified in FFY 2009 has been corrected, (c) describe the specific actions taken to verify the correction of noncompliance, (d) use the Indicator 15 Worksheet, (e) report on the correction of noncompliance for Indicators 4A, 4B, 9, 11 and 12 and 13 described in this table in those indicator sections, and (f) demonstrate that all remaining noncompliance from FFY 2008 has been corrected.

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website

(http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to lowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbook-application&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: Effective General Supervision Part B / General Supervision

Indicator 15: General supervision system (including monitoring, complaints, hearings, etc.) identifies and corrects noncompliance as soon as possible but in no case later than one year from identification.

(20 U.S.C. 1416 (a) (3) (B))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report.

Measurement:

Percent of noncompliance corrected within one year of identification:

- a. # of findings of noncompliance.
- b. # of corrections completed as soon as possible but in no case later than one year from identification.

Percent = [(b) divided by (a)] times 100.

States are required to use the "Indicator 15 Worksheet" to report data for this indicator.

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

The provision of effective general supervision and the identification and correction of noncompliance as soon as possible but in no case later than one year from identification is a compliance indicator and OSEP designated the measurable and rigorous target at 100%. Each annual target of the six-year State Performance Plan is set at 100%.

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	General supervision system (including monitoring, complaints, hearings etc.) identifies and corrects noncompliance as soon as possible but in no case later than one year from identification 100% of the time.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Data reported below are generated from Iowa's Information Management System for Special Education (IMS), Iowa's Monitoring Database, on-site visits, and Iowa's due process database. Data have been verified and determined valid and reliable for noncompliance identified in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) and corrected in FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Identification and correction of district noncompliance was monitored by AEAs and the SEA. During FFY 2009 (2009-2010), each district identified for a site visit in the subsequent school year used a statewide self-assessment tool to conduct IEP file reviews on a random sample using a 95% confidence level with a 10% margin of error. Districts engaging in a site visit during FFY 2011 (2011-2012) were also reviewed for noncompliance. Iowa also generates a report of noncompliance from compliance data collected in Iowa's Information Management System (IMS) annually. Table B15.1 reports the total number of findings of noncompliance identified during FFY 2009 (2009-2010) through site visits, self-assessment, desk audits, data reports, and due process proceedings and corrected within one year of identification.

Timely Correction of FFY 2009 Findings of Noncompliance (corrected within one year from identification of the noncompliance):

37. Number of findings of noncompliance the State made during FFY 2009 (the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010) (Sum of Column a on the Indicator B15 Worksheet)	11384
38. Number of findings the State verified as timely corrected (corrected within one year from the date of notification to the LEA of the finding) (Sum of Column b on the Indicator B15 Worksheet)	11179
39. Number of findings <u>not</u> verified as corrected within one year [(1) minus (2)]	205

FFY 2009 Findings of Noncompliance Not Timely Corrected (corrected more than one year from identification of the noncompliance and/or Not Corrected):

40. Number of FFY 2009 findings not timely corrected (same as the number from (3) above)	205
41. Number of FFY 2009 findings the State has verified as corrected beyond the one-year timeline ("subsequent correction")	0
42. Number of FFY 2009 findings not yet verified as corrected [(4) minus (5)]	205

Table B15.1 State Total Findings of Noncompliance in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) and Percent Corrected Within One Year

Indicator/Indicator Clusters	General Supervision System Components	# of LEAs Issued Findings in FFY 2009 (7/1/09 to 6/30/10)	(a) # of Findings of noncompliance identified in FFY 2009 (7/1/09 to 6/30/10)	(b) # of Findings of noncompliance from (a) for which correction was verified no later than one year from identification
Percent of youth with IEPs graduating from high school with a regular diploma. Percent of youth with IEPs dropping out of high school.	Monitoring Activities: Self- Assessment/ Local APR, Data Review, Desk Audit, On- Site Visits, or Other	0	0	
14. Percent of youth who had IEPs, are no longer in secondary school and who have been competitively employed, enrolled in some type of postsecondary school or training program, or both, within one year of leaving high school.	Dispute Resolution: Complaints, Hearings	0	0	
3. Participation and performance of children with disabilities on statewide assessments. 7. Percent of preschool children with IEPs who demonstrated improved outcomes.	Monitoring Activities: Self- Assessment/ Local APR, Data Review, Desk Audit, On- Site Visits, or Other	130	5098	4932
	Dispute Resolution: Complaints, Hearings	4	4	4

4A. Percent of districts identified as having a significant discrepancy in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities for greater than 10 days in a school year.	Monitoring Activities: Self- Assessment/ Local APR, Data Review, Desk Audit, On- Site Visits, or Other	3	5	5
4B. Percent of districts that have: (a) a significant discrepancy, by race or ethnicity, in the rate of suspensions and expulsions of greater than 10 days in a school year for children with IEPs; and (b) policies, procedures or practices that contribute to the significant discrepancy and do not comply with requirements relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports, and procedural safeguards.	Dispute Resolution: Complaints, Hearings	1	1	1
 5. Percent of children with IEPs aged 6 through 21 - educational placements. 6. Percent of preschool children aged 3 through 5 - early childhood placement. 	Monitoring Activities: Self- Assessment/ Local APR, Data Review, Desk Audit, On- Site Visits, or Other	125	2025	2021
	Dispute Resolution: Complaints, Hearings	0	0	
8. Percent of parents with a child receiving special education services who report that schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities.	Monitoring Activities: Self- Assessment/ Local APR, Data Review, Desk Audit, On- Site Visits, or Other	79	234	201

	Dispute Resolution: Complaints, Hearings	2	2	2
9. Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in special education that is the result of inappropriate identification.	Monitoring Activities: Self- Assessment/ Local APR, Data Review, Desk Audit, On- Site Visits, or Other	1	3	1
10. Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in specific disability categories that is the result of inappropriate identification.	Dispute Resolution: Complaints, Hearings	0	0	
11. Percent of children who were evaluated within 60 days of receiving parental consent for initial evaluation or, if the State establishes a timeframe within which the evaluation must be conducted, within that	Monitoring Activities: Self- Assessment/ Local APR, Data Review, Desk Audit, On- Site Visits, or Other	10	259	259
timeframe.	Dispute Resolution: Complaints, Hearings	2	2	2
12. Percent of children referred by Part C prior to age 3, who are found eligible for Part B, and who have an IEP developed and implemented by their third birthdays.	Monitoring Activities: Self- Assessment/ Local APR, Data Review, Desk Audit, On- Site Visits, or Other	10	5	5

	Dispute Resolution: Complaints, Hearings	0	0	
13. Percent of youth aged 16 and above with IEP that includes appropriate measurable postsecondary goals that are annually updated and based upon an age appropriate transition assessment, transition	Monitoring Activities: Self- Assessment/ Local APR, Data Review, Desk Audit, On- Site Visits, or Other	121	3745	3745
services, including courses of study, that will reasonably enable the student to meet those postsecondary goals, and annual IEP goals related to the student's transition service needs.	Dispute Resolution: Complaints, Hearings	0	0	
Other areas of noncompliance: Medicaid; 34 CFR §300.154(d)	Monitoring Activities: Self- Assessment/ Local APR, Data Review, Desk Audit, On- Site Visits, or Other	0	0	
	Dispute Resolution: Complaints, Hearings	1	1	1
Sum the numbers down Colu	Sum the numbers down Column a and Column b		11384	11179
Percent of noncompliance corrected within one year of identification = (column (b) sum divided by column (a) sum) times 100.		(b) / (a) X 100 =	98.20%	

Source. FFY 2009 (2009-2010): SEA Monitoring Database, Site Visit Reports, Desk Audits, Due Process Database.

As summarized in Table B15.1, there were 11384 findings of noncompliance identified statewide through onsite visits, self-assessments, desk audits, data reports, and due process procedures. Of the 11384 total findings, 11179 or 98.20 percent were corrected no later than one year from identification. Correction of these findings was verified by the SEA.

For FFY 2006 (2006-2007) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the percentage of findings identified and corrected no later than one year from identification is summarized in Figure B15.1.

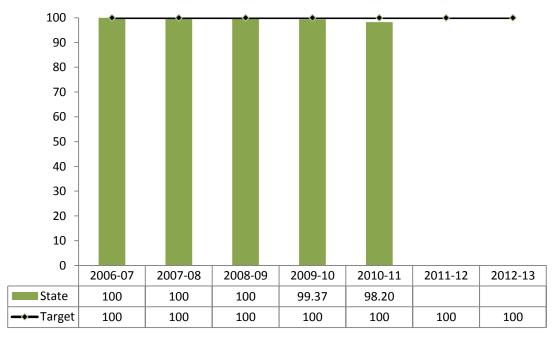


Figure B15.1. State Percent of Identified Noncompliance Corrected No Later than One Year from Identification. Source: SEA Monitoring Database, FFY 2007 (2007-2008) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

lowa did not meet the measureable and rigorous target of 100% for Indicator 15 for FFY 2010 (2010-2011), with 98.20% of findings corrected and correction verified no later than one year from identification. Iowa did meet substantial compliance of greater than 95%.

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. While activities have not changed, the headings used to describe each activity were changed to match the Improvement Activity headings in the APR Checklists.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B15.2.

Table B15.2 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps
Improve data collection and reporting. Compliance items within I-STAR will be updated as needed based on any new OSEP requirements.	SEA adapted web-based file review tool to collect data as needed to fulfill OSEP requirements for two-prong verification of noncompliance correction.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Provide technical assistance. The SEA and AEA stakeholder group will provide training to LEAs on I-STAR updates related to OSEP requirements.	LEAs were provided training to understand I-STAR changes to ensure accurate data collection.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Improve data collection and reporting. The requirement for verification of correction of Prong 2, i.e. that the LEA is correctly implementing the specific regulatory requirement, will be programmed into Iowa's I-STAR system.	Data on the second prong of verification of correction will be valid and reliable.	Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The analyses of data form the basis of discussion that follows.

lowa did not meet the measurable and rigorous state target for percent of noncompliance corrected within one year of identification, with actual target data reported for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) being 98.20%. SEA personnel attribute slight slippage on Indicator 15 to the implementation of the second prong of verification of correction of noncompliance, consistent with OSEP Memo 09-02. The state's efforts to verify that LEAs were correctly implementing the specific regulatory requirements (i.e. had achieved 100% compliance in subsequent sampling) resulted in 65 districts failing to meet this requirement. While all individual noncompliance continued to be corrected to 100%, 205 findings remained open after subsequent sampling revealed that compliance was not yet at 100% in these districts.

Verification of Correction for findings of noncompliance reported in the FFY 2010 APR (either timely or subsequent):

lowa analyzed data from all components of the general supervision system, including on-site visits, self-assessments, desk audits, data reports, and dispute resolution. Data are collected from AEAs and Districts through on site visits and self-assessments on a five-year monitoring cycle. Each year 40% of Districts, 40% of AEAs, and 20% of separate facilities participate in some form of monitoring activity, and over a five year cycle 100% of programs in the state are monitored through an on-site visit and self-assessment. In FFY 2009 (2009-2010), a total of 135 programs were monitored through the state monitoring cycle, and all programs were monitored through the state data system. Compliance data related to indicators 9, 11, and 12 are collected in the states Information Management System (IMS) and used to issue findings of noncompliance annually. Data on complaints and hearings are collected in the state's Dispute Resolution database.

The SEA determined that noncompliance cited in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) was occurring because (a) many AEA and district personnel are not yet aware of the requirement to meet 100% compliance in subsequent sampling and still rely on the ability to correct noncompliance when

cited rather than achieving higher levels of compliance initially, and (b) levels of compliance with IEP requirements for transition age students remain low in some areas. To remedy this, the SEA has undertaken initiatives to (a) increase understanding of general supervision and monitoring requirements by AEAs and (b) provide additional, targeted support for secondary transition personnel in AEAs and districts. Also, the SEA is working with AEAs on identifying promising practices for professional development for LEAs and staff to ensure change of practice to maintain compliance.

lowa verified the correction of noncompliance identified in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) by (a) verifying that all individual, child-specific noncompliance was corrected to 100% via the state's ISTAR and Web IEP systems, and (b) verifying that each LEA that was performing below 100% compliance in FFY 2009 (2009-2010) is correctly implementing the specific regulatory requirements by reviewing a sample of IEPs from a subsequent time period. Verification of correction of individual noncompliance (Prong 1) occurs in the ISTAR system and state data system in two ways. First, the AEA verifies that for child-specific noncompliance has been corrected at the district and/or AEA level. Then the SEA verifies the same information on the IEP and in the statewide data system. Child-specific noncompliance is considered "verified" when both steps have been completed. Verification of correct implementation of the regulatory requirement (Prong 2) is done by analyzing updated data or reviewing more IEPs in a sample from the subsequent to the period during which the noncompliance was found but within the one year correction period. To be determined to be correctly implementing the regulatory requirement an LEA is required to meet 100% compliance in a sample of three consecutive new IEPs. The time period examined begins six months from notification of findings of noncompliance and ends three months later.

Actions Taken if Noncompliance Not Corrected

If noncompliance was not corrected to 100% in subsequent sampling, the state takes the following actions: (a) notifies the district and/or AEA of continued noncompliance, (b) requires a corrective action plan, if necessary, (c) continues subsequent monitoring to determine if and when the regulatory requirements are being correctly implemented.

lowa's Administrative Rules of Special Education provide the SEA with the latitude to take enforcement actions in cases of noncompliance with the IDEA, including, but not limited to, requiring a corrective action plan, withholding payments under Part B, and referring the matter for enforcement to the department of justice or state auditor. [IAC 281–41.604]

Correction of Remaining FFY 2008 Findings of Noncompliance:

OSEP noted in the FFY 2009 response table that 47 findings of noncompliance remained outstanding at the time of the submission of the FFY 2009 APR. Iowa is pleased to report that all 47 of those findings have been corrected. The 47 findings were all issues with prong two of correction. The SEA continued to monitor the districts and AEAs that had received the findings and was able to close out all 47 findings when the entities reached 100% compliance in subsequent monitoring.

1	Number of remaining FFY 2008 findings noted in OSEP's June 2011 FFY 2009 APR response table for this indicator	47
2	Number of remaining FFY 2008 findings the State has verified as corrected	47
3	Number of remaining FFY 2008 findings the State has NOT verified as corrected [(1) minus (2)]	0

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

Proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012) are summarized in Table B15.3. These activities are consistent with what was proposed in the FFY 2005 (2005-2012) State Performance Plan and describe activities to be implemented in FFY 2011 (2011-2012) that will allow lowa to meet measureable and rigorous targets for both FFY 2011 (2011-2012) and the targets continuing in the SPP through FFY 2013 (2013-2014).

(Note: Activities listed as ongoing in Table B15.2 will continue in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and are not listed in Table B15.3).

Table B15.3 Proposed Activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)

Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Improve data collection and reporting. Compliance items within I-STAR will be updated as needed based on any new OSEP requirements.	1 SEA consultant	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)	SEA adapted web-based file review tool to collect data as needed to fulfill OSEP requirements for two-prong verification of noncompliance correction.
Improve data collection and reporting. The requirement for verification of correction of Prong 2, i.e. that the LEA is correctly implementing the specific regulatory requirement, will be refined within lowa's I-STAR system.	1 SEA consultant and contractors	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)	Data on the second prong of verification of correction will be valid and reliable.
Provide technical assistance. The SEA and AEA stakeholder group will provide training to LEAs on compliance updates related to OSEP requirements.	2 SEA consultants and stakeholder group	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)	LEAs were provided training to understand I-STAR changes to ensure accurate data collection.

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) was developed by State Education Agency (SEA) staff reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the State Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), Area Education Agency (AEA) administration, the Iowa Department of Education staff, special education administrative law judges, and state-contracted special education mediators.

Consistent with comments in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Letter from OSEP, for Indicator 16, the SEA will report on progress or slippage on the required measurement, on improvement activities described in the State Performance Plan that were implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the outcomes of improvement activities implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and changes to improvement activities to be reported on for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

While Indicators B16, B17, B18, and B19 deal with proceedings around Effective General Supervision, the Improvement Activities, many of which cross indicators, will be summarized with the Indicator to which activities best aligned.

In addition, Indicators B16, B17, B18, and B19 address formal dispute resolution required in IDEA. Historically, Iowa has been committed to having preventative activities in place so that parents, educators, and other individuals involved with the educational community have practices, procedures, and capacity in place to resolve differences without resorting to formal dispute resolution. All state mediators and administrative law judges have been trained in conflict resolution and assist with collaborative problem solving so that formal disputes may be prevented. Iowa has also accessed technical assistance centers such as the Center for Appropriate Dispute Resolution in Special Education (CADRE), for support with comparative data and on improvement activities. Because of the targeted nature of the SPP and APR in reporting specifically on measurement, some of the preventative work may go unnoticed. Hence, this preventative paradigm is reflected in the overview of APR development in that Iowa works diligently to prevent disputes from escalating to the level of formal dispute resolution, and the impact of the preventative efforts is reflected in Iowa's Actual Target Data for Indicators B16, B17, B18, and B19.

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbook-application&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: Effective General Supervision Part B / General Supervision

Indicator 16: Percent of signed written complaints with reports³ issued that were resolved within 60-day timeline or a timeline extended for exceptional circumstances⁴ with respect to a particular complaint, or because the parent (or individual or organization) and the public agency agree to extend the time to engage in mediation or other alternative means of dispute resolution, if available in the State.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a) (3) (B))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report. The measurement is derived specifically from data included in 618 Table 7.

Measurement:

Percent = [(1.1(b) + 1.1(c))] divided by (1.1) times 100.

Percent = Number of complaints with reports issued within timelines + number of complaints with reports issued within extended timelines divided by number of complaints with reports issued times 100.

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

Indicator 16 (percent of signed written complaints with reports issued that were resolved within 60-day timeline or a timeline extended for exceptional circumstances with respect to a particular complaint) is a compliance indicator and OSEP designated the measurable and rigorous target at 100%. Each annual target of the six-year State Performance Plan is set at 100%.

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	100% of signed written complaints with reports issued were resolved within a 60-day timeline, or a timeline extended for exceptional circumstances with respect to a particular complaint.

Part B State Annual Performance Report for FFY 2010

³ OSEP used the language, "reports issued that were resolved" to mean that "A written decision was provided by the SEA to the complainant and public agency regarding alleged violations of a requirement of Part B of IDEA." (618 Table 7 Instructions)

⁴ OSEP requires each state to define "exceptional circumstances" in its procedures. Iowa included these examples:

⁽¹⁾ The unavailability of necessary parties or information may hinder the investigation;

⁽²⁾ Either the agency or the complainant submits additional data that changes the course of the investigation; or

⁽³⁾ The complainant submits large volumes of additional information on a later date making it impossible to review and stay within the timeline.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Figure B16.1 shows the State Education Agency's (SEA) baseline and annual performance through FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and the target for the percent of signed written complaints with reports within the required timeline for complaints received between July 1, 2010, and June 30, 2011.

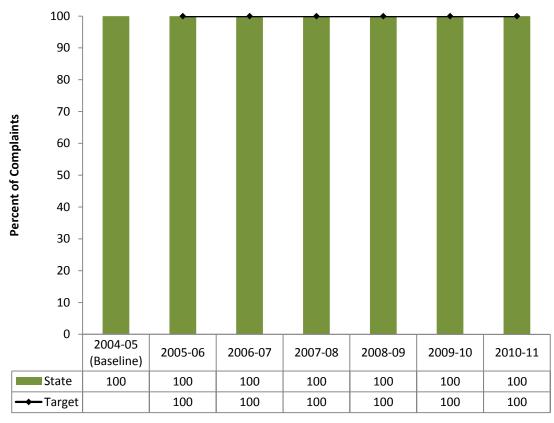


Figure B16.1. Percent of Iowa Complaints Meeting Timelines for FFY 2004 – FFY 2010. Source. Iowa Department of Education Complaint Data Reports, FFY 2004 (2004-2005) - FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

As shown in Figure B16.1, the State target was met for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Results of data indicated the SEA maintained the OSEP target of 100% from baseline through the sixth year's target.

Table B16.1 shows the number of complaint occurrences and timelines of SEA data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Data for Indicator 16 are reflected in Section A of 618 Table 7. The data in Table 7 match the data in this report, and the SEA is not required to explain any discrepancies in the data.

Table B16.1 Formal Complaints and Timelines for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Due Process Description	Total Number
(1) Complaints Filed	15
(1.1) Complaints Investigated With Reports Issued	13
(a) Reports With Findings of Noncompliance (5)	
(b) Reports Within Timeline (3)	
(c) Reports Within Extended Timelines (10)	
(1.2) Complaints Pending	0
(a) Complaint Pending a Due Process Hearing (0)	
(1.3) Complaints Withdrawn or Dismissed	2
Measurement = ((1.1b + 1.1c)/1.1)*100 = [(3+10)/13]*100	100%

Source. Iowa Department of Education, Bureau of Student and Family Support Services, Bureau Data: Complaints FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

The SEA has met the requirements of Indicator B16 for FFY 2010 (2010-2011), with 100% of signed written complaints with reports issued being resolved within a 60-day timeline, or a timeline extended for exceptional circumstances with respect to a particular complaint.

Description of Corrective Actions Taken by the SEA:

Because the performance reflected in the Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) is at 100%, the SEA did not implement corrective actions for Indicator 16. Improvement activities are summarized in the section that follows.

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa. Resources have been committed to each indicator, and across indicators, in order to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Improvement Activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B16.2.

Table B16.2 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps
Improve data collection and reporting. The SEA maintains a data system and has procedures to document and track complaints filed including monitoring of timelines and results.	Data for analysis and reporting are reliable and valid.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012-2013)
Improve Systems Administration and Monitoring. The SEA is considering adding more complaint investigators.	No additional complaint investigators have been currently added.	July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2011

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The analyses of data form the basis of discussion that follows.

The actual target data obtained for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) reflected that lowa met the state target of 100% for percent of signed written complaints with reports issued that were resolved within 60-day timeline or a timeline extended for exceptional circumstances with respect to a particular complaint.

In addition to the effect of the improvement activities listed in Table B16.2, the SEA attributes maintenance in part to: (a) lowa's commitment to resolving conflicts as early as possible before a situation escalates into a formal dispute, (b) technical assistance received from CADRE regarding dispute prevention and effective resolution strategies, and (c) strong collaboration with lowa's Parent-Educator Connection (PEC) which provide families of children and youth with disabilities with information and resources that enable effective conflict resolution with schools and AEAs.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

Proposed activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012) are discussed in Table B16.3. These activities are consistent with what was proposed in the FFY 2004 (2004-2012) State Performance Plan and describe activities to be implemented in FFY 2011 (2011-2012). These activities will allow lowa to meet measureable and rigorous targets for both FFY 2011 (2011-2012) and the targets continuing in the SPP through FFY 2012 (2012-2013). (Note: Activities listed as ongoing in Table B16.2 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012), and are not listed in Table B16.3).

Table B16.3 Proposed Activities for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)

Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Improve Systems Administration and Monitoring. The SEA will consider adding more complaint investigators.	3 SEA Staff	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)	More complaint investigators will be added if necessary.

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) was developed by State Education Agency (SEA) staff reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the State Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), Area Education Agency (AEA) administration, the Iowa Department of Education staff, special education administrative law judges, and state-contracted special education mediators.

Consistent with comments in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Letter from OSEP, for Indicator 17, the SEA will report on progress or slippage on the required measurement, on improvement activities described in the State Performance Plan that were implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the outcomes of improvement activities implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and changes to improvement activities to be reported on for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

While Indicators B16, B17, B18, and B19 deal with proceedings around Effective General Supervision, the Improvement Activities, many of which cross indicators, will be summarized with the Indicator to which activities best aligned.

In addition, Indicators B16, B17, B18, and B19 address formal dispute resolution required in IDEA. Historically, Iowa has been committed to having preventative activities in place so that parents, educators, and other individuals involved with the educational community have practices, procedures, and capacity in place to resolve differences without resorting to formal dispute resolution. All state mediators and administrative law judges have been trained in conflict resolution and assist with collaborative problem solving so that formal disputes may be prevented. Iowa has also accessed technical assistance centers such as the Center for Appropriate Dispute Resolution in Special Education (CADRE), for support with comparative data and on improvement activities. Because of the targeted nature of the SPP and APR in reporting specifically on measurement, some of the preventative work may go unnoticed. Hence, this preventative paradigm is reflected in the overview of APR development in that Iowa works diligently to prevent disputes from escalating to the level of formal dispute resolution, and the impact of the preventative efforts is reflected in Iowa's Actual Target Data for Indicators B16, B17, B18, and B19.

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbookapplication&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: Effective General Supervision Part B / General Supervision

Indicator 17: Percent of adjudicated due process hearing requests that were adjudicated within the 45-day timeline or a timeline that is properly extended by the hearing officer⁵ at the request of either party or in the case of an expedited hearing, within the required timelines.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a) (3) (B))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report. The measurement is derived specifically from Section C of 618 Table 7.

Measurement:

Percent = [(3.2(a) + 3.2(b))] divided by (3.2) times 100.

Percent = Number of hearing decisions within timeline + decisions within extended timeline divided by hearings held times 100.

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

For Indicator 17 (percent of adjudicated due process hearing requests that were adjudicated within the 45-day timeline or a timeline that is properly extended by the hearing officer¹ at the request of either party), the provision of due process hearings is a compliance indicator and OSEP designated the measurable and rigorous target at 100%. Each annual target of the six-year State Performance Plan is set at 100%.

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	100% of adjudicated due process hearing requests were adjudicated within the 45-day timeline or a timeline that is properly extended by the hearing officer at the request of either party or in the case of an expedited hearing, within the required timelines.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Figure B17.1 shows the State Education Agency's (SEA) baseline and actual target data for each FFY through FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and the measurable and rigorous target for each FFY as reported in the SPP.

⁵ In lowa, an administrative law judge (ALJ), instead of a "hearing officer," is the person responsible for conducting a due process hearing.

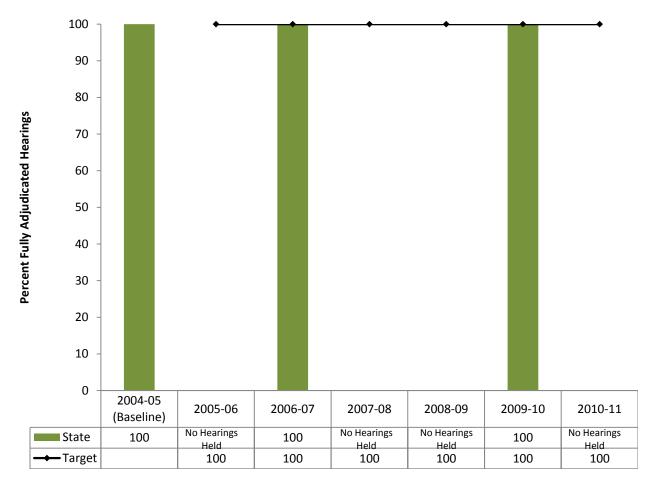


Figure B17.1. Percent of lowa Fully Adjudicated Due Process Hearings That Met Timelines for Baseline and First and Second Years' Target from FFY 2005 (2005-2006) through FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Source. Iowa Department of Education Hearing Request Data Reports, FFY 2005 (2005-2006) - FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

As depicted in Figure B17.1, actual target data for Indicator 17 for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) reflect that Iowa had no hearings held.

Table B17.1 reports the number of due process hearing requests and timelines for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Data for Indicator 17 are reflected in Section C of 618 Table 7. The data in Table 7 match the data in this report, and the SEA is not required to explain any discrepancies in the data.

Table B17.1
Fully Adjudicated Hearings and Decisions Within Timelines, FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Due Process Description	Number Reported (2010-2011)
(3.2) Hearings Fully Adjudicated	0
(a) Decisions within timeline	0
(b) Decisions within extended timeline	0
Measurement= (3.2(a) + 3.2(b)) divided by (3.2) times 100.	((0+0)/0)*100 No Hearings Held

Source. Iowa Department of Education Hearing Request Data Reports, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Description of Corrective Actions Taken by the SEA:

Because the performance reflected in the Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) show that no hearings were held, the SEA did not implement corrective actions for Indicator 17. Improvement activities are summarized in the section that follows.

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa. Resources have been committed to each indicator, and across indicators, in order to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Improvement Activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B17.2.

Table B17.2 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activity	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps
Improve data collection and reporting. The SEA maintained a data system and had procedures to document and track due process hearings filed including monitoring of timelines and results.	Data for analysis and reporting are reliable and valid.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Provide Technical assistance. The SEA provided quarterly inservices to all mediators and administrative law judges on State policies and procedures. Additionally, the SEA encouraged and supported the mediators and administrative law judges to attend two regional law conferences.	Administrative law judges and mediators were trained in how to implement State policy and procedures.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Clarify/examine/develop policies and procedures. Due process complaint (hearing) guidelines were revised. SEA staff updated the website to include updated guidelines and past postings of full decisions. The School Leader Update was also used to communicate hearing decisions.	Information disseminated to the field reflected current guidelines and hearing decisions.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The analyses of data form the basis of discussion that follows. Iowa's data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) show that no hearings

were held, so we are unable to assess progress or slippage with respect to adjudicated due process hearing requests fully adjudicated within the 45-day timeline or a timeline that is properly extended by the hearing officer at the request of either party.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

No revisions are proposed for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) was developed by State Education Agency (SEA) staff reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the state Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), Area Education Agency (AEA) administration, the Iowa Department of Education staff, special education administrative law judges, and state-contracted special education mediators.

In the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Letter from OSEP, for Indicator 18, OSEP stated:

States are not required to establish baseline or targets if the number of resolution sessions is less than 10.

Since fewer than ten resolution sessions have been held each year since the development of the State Performance Plan and fewer than ten resolution sessions were held in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the SEA will not provide targets or improvement activities for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) for Indicator 18.

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbookapplication&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: Effective General Supervision Part B / General Supervision

Indicator 18: Percent of hearing requests that went to resolution sessions that were resolved through resolution session settlement agreements.

The measurement is derived specifically from rows included in 618 Table 7.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3(B))

Measurement:

Percent = 3.1(a) divided by (3.1) times 100.

Percent = Number of resolution session settlement agreements reached divided by number of resolution sessions held times 100.

Baseline Data:

Because Iowa has yet to have a FFY for any SPP to-date with 10 or more resolution meetings, Iowa is not required to report baseline data.

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	Not Applicable.*

^{*}Note. Part B State Performance Plan Indicator Measurement Table provided by OSEP indicated: "States are not required to establish baseline or targets if the number of resolution sessions is less than 10."

Actual Target Data:

No resolution sessions were held in FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Data for Indicator 18 are reflected in Section C of 618 Table 7. The data in Table 7 match the data in this report, and the SEA is not required to explain any discrepancies in the data. The SEA is not required to establish baseline or targets, since lowa had fewer than 10 resolution meetings for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) was developed by State Education Agency (SEA) staff reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the state Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), Area Education Agency (AEA) administration, the Iowa Department of Education staff, special education administrative law judges, and state-contracted special education mediators.

Consistent with comments in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Letter from OSEP, for Indicator 19, the SEA will report on progress or slippage on the required measurement, on improvement activities described in the State Performance Plan that were implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the outcomes of improvement activities implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and changes to improvement activities to be reported on for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

While Indicators B16, B17, B18, and B19 deal with proceedings around Effective General Supervision, the Improvement Activities, many of which cross indicators, will be summarized with the Indicator to which activities best aligned.

In addition, Indicators B16, B17, B18, and B19 address formal dispute resolution required in IDEA. Historically, Iowa has been committed to having preventative activities in place so that parents, educators, and other individuals involved with the educational community have practices, procedures, and capacity in place to resolve differences without resorting to formal dispute resolution. All state mediators and administrative law judges have been trained in conflict resolution and assist with collaborative problem solving so that formal disputes may be prevented. Iowa has also accessed technical assistance centers such as the Center for Appropriate Dispute Resolution in Special Education (CADRE), for support with comparative data and on improvement activities. Because of the targeted nature of the SPP and APR in reporting specifically on measurement, some of the preventative work may go unnoticed. Hence, this preventative paradigm is reflected in the overview of APR development in that Iowa works diligently to prevent disputes from escalating to the level of formal dispute resolution, and the impact of the preventative efforts is reflected in Iowa's Actual Target Data for Indicators B16, B17, B18, and B19.

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbookapplication&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: Effective General Supervision Part B / General Supervision

Indicator 19: Percent of mediations held that resulted in mediation agreements.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a) (3) (B))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report. The measurement is derived specifically from Section B of 618 Table 7.

Measurement:

Percent = [(2.1(a) (i) + 2.1(b)(i)) divided by (2.1)] times 100.

Percent = Number of mediation agreements related to due process complaints + number of mediation agreements not related to due process divided by number of mediations held times 100.

Measurable and Rigorous Target:

The percent of mediations held that resulted in mediation agreements is a performance indicator. Therefore, each state was allowed by OSEP to set its own target from baseline data. The SEA, with input from stakeholder groups, revised the target in FFY 2008 (2008-2009) to reflect a range, and OSEP accepted the target.

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	75% - 85% of mediations held will reach an agreement.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Figure B19.1 shows the State Education Agency's (SEA) baseline, actual target data, and measurable and rigorous target for each FFY through FFY 2010 (2010-2011), on the percent of mediations held that reached an agreement.

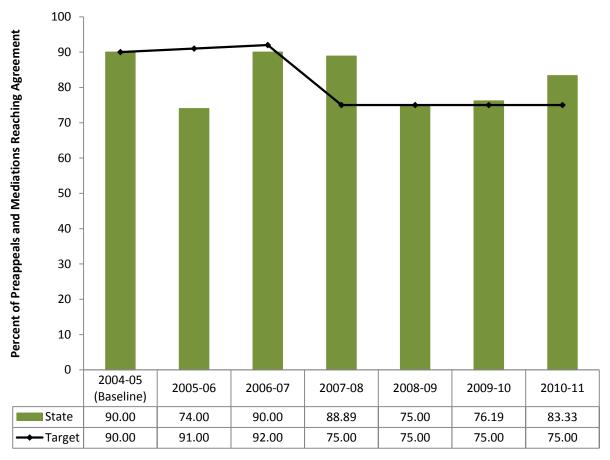


Figure B19.1. Trend for Percent of Iowa Mediations Held that Resulted in Agreement. Source. Iowa Department of Education Mediation Data Reports, FFY 2004 (2004-2005) - FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Note: the targets were changed in the FFY 2008 (2008-2009) APR submitted to OSEP. The actual target range is 75%-85%; however, for graphing purposes the lower threshold was selected for display.

As illustrated in Figure B19.1, the state measurable and rigorous target of 75.00% - 85.00% was met for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B.19.1 summarizes the total number of mediation requests made, the number held, and the number of agreements reached between July 1, 2010, and June 30, 2011. Data for Indicator 19 are reflected in Section B of 618 Table 7. The data in Table 7 match the data in this report, and the SEA is not required to explain any discrepancies in the data.

Table B19.1 Mediations and Agreements Reached, FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Due Process Description	Number Reported (2010-2011)
(2) Mediation Requests Received	31
(2.1) Mediations Held	18
(2.1a) Mediations Held Related to Due Process Complaints (i) Mediation Agreements Related to Due Process Complaints (2)	2
(2.1b) Mediations Held Not Related to Due Process Complaints (i) Mediation Agreements Not Related to Due Process Complaints (13)	16
(2.2) Mediations Pending	3
(2.3) Mediations withdrawn or not held	10
Measurement = Percent = $[(2.1(a) (i) + 2.1(b)(i)) \text{ divided by } (2.1)] \text{ times } 100.$ ((2+13)/18)*100	83.33%

Source. Iowa Department of Education Preappeal and Mediation Reports, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed and Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B19.2.

Table B19.2 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

	Measurable Outcomes	Status/Next
Improvement Activity		Steps
Evaluation . The SEA analyzed data collected through a survey of mediation participants to determine the effectiveness of the process.	The SEA and mediators identified concerns within the mediation process which led to improvements in the effectiveness and ease of the process.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Evaluation . The SEA analyzed data collected through a three month follow-up survey of mediations with parents, AEAs and LEAs to determine whether the written agreements were being implemented.	The SEA identified this process as a major factor to ensuring that written agreements were being adhered to by the AEAs and districts. The data revealed that this process was beneficial in identifying lingering issues.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)
Provide training/professional development. The SEA provided quarterly in-services to all mediators and administrative law judges on State policies and procedures. Additionally, the SEA encouraged and supported the mediators and administrative law judges to attend two regional law conferences.	Quarterly in-services were held and regional law conferences were attended by the state mediators and administrative law judges.	Ongoing through FFY 2012 (2012- 2013)

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The analyses of data form the basis of discussion that follows. Iowa met the State target of 75% - 85% for percent of mediations held that resulted in mediation agreements in FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Results of data indicated the SEA showed progress from FFY 2009 (2009-2010) [76.19%].

The SEA attributes the progress that occurred from FFY 2009 (2009-2010) to FFY 2010 (2010-2011) in large part to the small number of cases. Small cell sizes make the percentages highly variable for this indicator. While lowa SEA staff pay close attention to any drop in the number or percent of mediations resulting in agreement, it is difficult to attribute a difference of one or two cases to a systemic change. All monitoring and improvement activities in which lowa staff have engaged during the past fiscal year indicate that the slippage reported here is the result of variation in an indicator on which we report a very small cell size and is not a systemic issue.

lowa attributes continued performance on this indicator to the training mediators have received and the collaborative nature that exists within our educational system. As stated in earlier indicators, lowa attributes maintenance in part to: (a) lowa's commitment to resolving conflicts as early as possible before a situation escalates into a formal dispute, (b) technical assistance received from CADRE regarding dispute prevention and effective resolution strategies, and (c) strong collaboration with lowa's Parent-Educator Connection (PEC) which provide families of children and youth with disabilities with information and resources that enable effective conflict resolution with schools and AEAs.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

Proposed activities for FFY2011 (2011-2012) are discussed in Table B19.3. Activities listed as ongoing in Table B19.2 will continue in FFY 2011 (2011-2012) and are not listed in Table B19.3.

Table B19.3 Improvement Activities Proposed for FFY 2011 (2011-2012)

Proposed Activity	Proposed Personnel Resources	Proposed Timelines	Anticipated Outcomes
Provide training/professional development. The SEA will provide introduction to mediation and other resolution options training for the new mediators. Slots will be extended to AEAs, LEAs, Parent Educator staff, and other parent training centers.	DE staff, PTIC staff	Nov. 2011 – May 2012	Participants will learn how to resolve differences and increase dispute resolution skills.

Part B State Annual Performance Report (APR) for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Overview of the Annual Performance Report Development:

The SEA staff developed the Part B Annual Performance Report (APR) reviewing baseline data, targets and improvement activities, and drafting a report for each indicator. Once draft indicator reports were written, stakeholder groups provided input regarding these three components and comments were compiled. Stakeholder groups included the state Special Education Advisory Panel (SEAP), the Area Education Agencies (AEA) administration, the Iowa Department of Education staff, AEA High School Reform Consultants, and the Learning Supports Advisory Team.

Consistent with comments in the FFY 2009 (2009-2010) Response Table from OSEP, for Indicator 20, the SEA will report on progress or slippage on the required measurement, on improvement activities described in the State Performance Plan that were implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the outcomes of improvement activities implemented in FFY 2010 (2010-2011), and changes to improvement activities to be reported on for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).

The SEA will report to the public progress and/or slippage in meeting the "measurable and rigorous targets" found in the SPP/APR by posting on the State of Iowa Department of Education website (http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=611&Itemid=4441) sometime after Feb 1, 2012 but no later than April 1, 2012, the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) APR submitted to OSEP. Any changes to the SPP accepted by OSEP will be posted within 30 days of receipt of the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) response letter to Iowa expected for receipt prior to July 1, 2012.

Performance of AEAs and LEAs on appropriate indicators will be posted by June 1, 2012. AEA profiles are posted at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=599&Itemid=3071. District profiles are posted at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=600&Itemid=3072. lowa's Accountability Workbook is available at:

http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=655:accountabilityworkbookapplication&catid=497:no-child-left-behind&Itemid=2927.

Monitoring Priority: Effective General Supervision Part B Timely and Accurate

Indicator 20: State-reported data (618 and State Performance Plan and Annual Performance Report) are timely and accurate.

(20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(B))

The following measurement for this indicator was a requirement of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) for both the six-year State Performance Plan and each Annual Performance Report. In addition, the following data source is required in the current Part B Measurement Table (OMB NO: 1820-0624 / Expiration Date: 2/29/2012).

Measurement:

State reported data, including 618 data, State Performance Plan, and Annual Performance Reports, are:

- a. Submitted on or before due dates (February 1 for child count, including race and ethnicity; placement; November 1 for exiting, discipline, personnel and dispute resolution; and February 1 for Annual Performance Reports and assessment); and
- b. Accurate, including covering the correct year and following the correct measurement.

The provision of timely and accurate data (618 and State Performance Plan and Annual Performance Report) is a compliance indicator and OSEP designated the measurable and rigorous target at 100%. Each annual target of the six year State Performance Plan is set at 100%.

FFY	Measurable and Rigorous Target
2010 (2010-2011)	State reported data (618 and State Performance Plan and Annual Performance Report) are timely and accurate 100% of the time.

Actual Target Data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

In FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the SEA monitored the timeliness and accuracy of data collected and analyzed for 618 Data Tables, FFY 2010 (2010-2011) State Performance Plan and the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) Annual Performance Report through ongoing verification and validation reports as provided by Iowa's Information Management System (IMS). The SEA and AEA personnel conducted desk audits and selected on-site reviews of needed data. Table B20.1 summarizes timely and accurate data for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Table B20.1
SEA Type and Number of Reports Submitted to OSEP for Timely and Accurate Data,
FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

SPP/APR Data - Indicator 20				
APR Indicator	Valid and Reliable	Correct Calculation	Total <u> </u>	
1	1		1	
2	1		1	
3A	1	1	2	
3B	1	1	2	
3C	1	1	2	
4A	1	1	2	
4B	1	1	2	
5	1	1	2	
7	1	1	2	
8	1	1	2	
9	1	1	2	
10	N/A	N/A	0	
11	1	1	2	
12	1	1	2	
13	1	1	2	
14	1	1	2	
15	1	1	2	
16	1	1	2	
17	1	1	2	
18	1	1	2	
19	1	1	2	
		Subtotal	38	
APR Score Calculation	Timely Submission Points - If the FFY 2010 APR was submitted on-time, place the number 5 in the cell on the right.		5	
	Grand Total - (Sum of subtotal and Timely Submission Points) =			

618 Data - Indicator 20					
Table	Timely	Complete Data	Passed Edit Check	Responded to Data Note Requests	Total
Table 1 - Child Count Due Date: 2/2/11	1	1	1	1	4
Table 2 - Personnel Due Date: 11/2/11	1	1	1	N/A	3
Table 3 - Ed. Environments Due Date: 2/2/11	1	1	1	1	4
Table 4 - Exiting Due Date: 11/2/11	1	1	1	N/A	3
Table 5 - Discipline Due Date: 11/2/11	1	1	1	N/A	3
Table 6 - State Assessment Due Date: 12/15/11	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	1
Table 7 - Dispute Resolution Due Date: 11/2/11	1	1	1	N/A	3
Table 8 - MOE/CEIS Due Date: 5/1/11	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	1
				Subtotal	22
618 Score Calculation Grand Total (Subtotal X 2.045) =				45.00	

Indicator #20 Calculation				
A. APR Grand Total	43.00			
B. 618 Grand Total	45.00			
C. APR Grand Total (A) + 618 Grand Total (B) =	88.00			
Total N/A in APR	2			
Total N/A in 618	0			
Base	88.00			
D. Subtotal (C divided by Base*) =	1.000			
E. Indicator Score (Subtotal D x 100) =	100.00			

Source. 618 Data Tables, State Performance Plan and Part B Grant Application for FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

Figure B20.1 shows the target was met for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Results of state data indicated the target was met with 100% provision of timely and accurate data for 618 Tables, the State Performance Plan, and the Annual Performance Report.

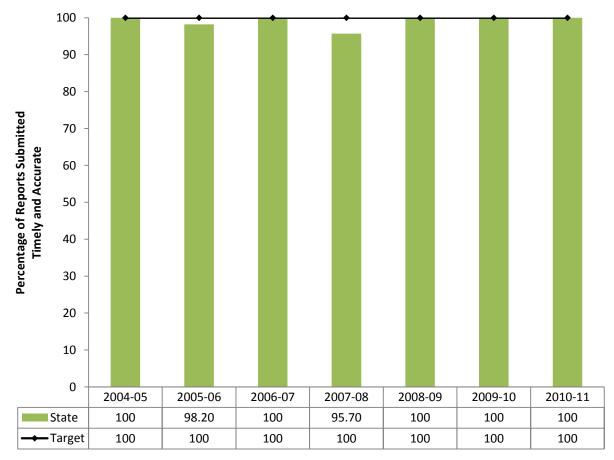


Figure B20.1. SEA Percent for Submitting Timely and Accurate Data for Required OSEP Reports. Source. 618 Data Tables, State Performance Plan and Annual Performance Reports, FFY 2010 (2010-2011).

As depicted in Table B20.1 and in Figure B20.1, for FFY 2010 (2010-2011), lowa met the measureable and rigorous target for Indicator 20, with 100% of required reports filed with OSEP in a timely manner and with accurate data.

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed <u>and</u> Explanation of Progress or Slippage that occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

Discussion of Improvement Activities Completed in FFY 2010 (2010-2011). Meeting targets for each indicator in the SPP is a priority for Iowa, and resources have been committed to each indicator and across indicators, to impact actual target data for each FFY on which performance is reported.

Consistent with activities documented in the SPP, several improvement activities were implemented to impact meeting the targets for this indicator. Improvement activities, Measureable Outcomes, and Status/Next Steps are summarized in Table B20.2.

Table B20.2 Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011)

Improvement Activities Completed for FFY 2010 (2010-2011) Status/Next					
Improvement Activity	Measureable Outcomes	Steps			
Improve data collection. The SEA implements a 4-step data verification process for data entry. Step 1. AEA IMS data entry personnel are trained to review IEPs for completeness and consistency. If needed, IEP team members are contacted for specific data or the IEP is returned for corrections. Step 2. The data entry system has built in checks for duplicate data or for correcting required fields being left blank	IMS data are accurate.	Ongoing through FFY 2013 (2013-			
Step 3. AEAs received verification reports on data. The Verification Report is monitored by the SEA to ensure that AEAs regularly access and review potential errors during the two critical seasons for data entry (count/setting and exit). Step 4. SEA data personnel periodically review IMS, personnel, and discipline data and contact IMS and AEA staff with specific accuracy issues above and beyond the Verification Report to rectify any data abnormalities.		2014)			
Improve data collection. Indicator leads and data analysts met 1-3 times over the course of the FFY to ensure data were accurate.	Accurate data for analysis for all Indicators.	Ongoing through FFY 2013 (2013- 2014)			
Improve data collection. Data were sent to AEAs for verification and correction for Indicators B4, B7, B11 and B12.	Accurate data for analysis for all Indicators	Ongoing through FFY 2013 (2013- 2014)			
Improve data collection. OSEP analysis/next steps, measurement table, and APR checklist were used to write APR reports.	Required data elements included for each Indicator.	Ongoing through FFY 2013 (2013- 2014)			
Improve data collection. OSEP tables were checked against APR and State Report Card data, where applicable, for accuracy.	No Indicator using 618, State Report Card or other required data table (Indicators 16-19) had a measurement variance requiring explanation.	Ongoing through FFY 2013 (2013- 2014)			
Clarify/examine/develop policies and procedures. The SEA reviewed data collection policies, procedures, and practices for Indicators 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 20.	Data definitions are consistent with OSEP's definitions. Data in IMS, EASIER and ISTAR are collected and entered consistent with Indicator definitions.	Ongoing through FFY 2013 (2013- 2014)			
Provide technical Assistance. The IMS works with AEA data entry staff to ensure consistent and accurate data entry.	Data generated from IMS are accurate	Ongoing through FFY 2013 (2013- 2014)			

Improvement Activity	Measureable Outcomes	Status/Next Steps
Improve data collection. The SEA will develop a plan for implementing an audit of special education data systems.	The SEA data consultant has worked with a national group on data quality for IDEA. An audit plan is an anticipated outcome of the work for lowa.	Ongoing for FFY 2011 (2011- 2012)
Provide technical Assistance. The SEA will develop specific verification and validation reports for Indicator 12 data.	Data for Indicator 12 have increased above 99%.	Ongoing for FFY 2011 (2011- 2012)
Clarify/examine/develop policies and procedures. The SEA will clarify procedures around Indicator B7.	The SEA continues to clarify procedures to make ECO data more valid and reliable.	Ongoing for FFY 2011 (2011- 2012)

Explanation of Progress or Slippage That Occurred for FFY 2010 (2010-2011). The analyses of data form the basis of discussion that follows. Iowa met the FFY 2010 (2010-2011) measurable and rigorous target for timely and accurate data, with 100% of reports submitted being timely and accurate. This represents no change from FFY 2009 (2009-2010).

The SEA attributes continued compliance to (a) continued efforts by SEA personnel to submit accurate 618 and SPP/APR data on time and accurately, (b) efforts by SEA personnel to coordinate 618 data submissions with lowa's EdFacts coordinator, (c) continued efforts by SEA, AEA, and LEA personnel to verify and validate data.

Per OSEP requirements set forth in the December 13, 2009 SPP/APR TA conference call, states must answer the following questions relating to the timely correction of noncompliance identified in FFY 2010 (2010-2011):

- 1. What analysis was conducted to determine where noncompliance was occurring?
- 2. Why was noncompliance occurring?
- 3. What changes in policies, procedures and practices were determined necessary?
- 4. How does the state know that timely correction occurred?
- 5. If timely correction did not occur, what enforcement actions were taken by the state?
- 1. The SEA determines if noncompliance is occurring with respect to Indicator 20 by examining each data submission from LEAs and AEAs for accuracy and timeliness.
- 2. No noncompliance was determined to be occurring for FFY 2010 (2010 2011).
- 3. The SEA knows that timely correction of noncompliance has occurred when data is received back from AEAs or LEAs and the data files are corrected for missing data or outliers, and when the percent of data submitted timely and accurate reaches 100%. The SEA also verifies that in each program for which noncompliance is identified, the specific regulatory requirements are being correctly implemented by ensuring that AEA and LEAs adopt and are trained in statewide procedures for the development and implementation of IEPs that are aligned with lowa's Special Education Rules, Iowa Code, and Federal Code.
- 4. While not required to be exercised for FFY 2010 (2010-2011), the SEA determines any LEA or AEA not submitting 100% of data on time and accurately to be in need of assistance in implementing the IDEA, and also requires the LEA or AEA to write a corrective action plan if the problem persists for more than one year.

Revisions, with Justification, to Proposed Targets / Improvement Activities / Timelines / Resources for FFY 2011 (2011-2012):

No revisions are proposed for FFY 2011 (2011-2012).